

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared By:

Department of Finance & Budget

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE Department of Finance & Budget Telephone (434) 296-5855 Fax (434) 872-4598

November 23, 2021

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and the County of Albemarle Community:

We are pleased to present the County of Albemarle's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the data presented and the fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that it is designed and presented in a manner to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All the necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs. This report also may be found online at https://www.albemarle.org/government/finance.

The financial statements of Albemarle County are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting and reporting principles as determined by the <u>Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)</u>, using the financial reporting model as prescribed by the GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements*, and *Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34).

In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The County of Albemarle's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

Albemarle County is located in central Virginia, 110 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. and 70 miles west of the state capital in Richmond. At the center of the County is the ten-square mile City of Charlottesville. Albemarle County's urban areas include the development area around Charlottesville, the Town of Scottsville, and Crozet. Albemarle County is located within the Charlottesville Metropolitan Statistical Area, which includes Albemarle County, Fluvanna County, Greene County, and the City of Charlottesville.

The County of Albemarle was formed from the County of Goochland in 1744 by an act of the Virginia General Assembly. The County is named for William Anne Keppel, the Second Earl of Albemarle, who was at that time the Governor-General of Virginia. Scottsville was the original County seat until 1761 when the County Government was moved to Charlottesville. The original land area included today's counties of Amherst, Buckingham, Fluvanna, Nelson, and portions of Appomattox and Campbell Counties. The present boundaries of the County were established in 1777. The development of the County and its 726 square miles is such that although it contains a large urban area, it also has a considerable amount of agricultural, commercial and industrial land.

The County adopted the County Executive form of government and organization in 1933. Under this form of government, the County is governed by a popularly elected six-member Board of Supervisors representing each of the County's magisterial districts. A County Executive, appointed by the Board of Supervisors, serves as the County's chief executive officer. The County Executive is responsible for implementing policies set by the Board of Supervisors, and for directing, coordinating, and supervising the daily activities of County government. A seven-member School Board elected by County voters oversees school issues. A Superintendent of Schools is appointed by the School Board and is responsible for providing leadership and oversight of Albemarle's Public Schools. The County contains the independent Town of Scottsville, which is governed by an elected six-member town council.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES (Continued)

The County provides a full range of governmental services. Major programs include administration, judicial, public safety, public works, human development, parks and recreation, education, and community development. The County also serves as fiscal agent for several City/County jointly governed entities that include the Charlottesville/UVA/Albemarle County Emergency Communications Center, the Charlottesville Albemarle Convention and Visitors Bureau, Albemarle-Charlottesville Regional Jail Authority and the Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission. During FY 2021 Albemarle-Charlottesville Regional Jail Authority dissociated with the County.

Public Schools

Albemarle County Public Schools (ACPS) operates 15 elementary schools, five middle schools, three comprehensive high schools, and one community charter school serving grades 6-12, plus four high school career academies, one high school center specializing in project-based learning, one education center specializing in short-term intervention, one virtual school for grades K-12, and one special education center designed to support the transition from school to adult life. Additionally, ACPS jointly operates three regional centers, including a technical education center, a center serving special education students, and a center serving students with emotional disabilities.

Over the past ten years, the number of enrolled students in Albemarle County's public schools has risen 5.72 percent from 12,800 in 2010-2011 to 13,532 in 2020-2021. In the past five years, the school system has experienced a 1.71 percent decrease in the number of students. In the 2020-2021 school year, annual accreditation is waived for all Virginia public school due to the continuing impact of COVID-19 pandemic.

Higher Education

The County is also home to three institutions of higher learning, the University of Virginia (UVA); Piedmont Virginia Community College (PVCC); and American National University (ANU).

Founded in 1819 by Thomas Jefferson, the University of Virginia is situated on 188 acres and has a current student enrollment of over 25,000. In 2020 (for the 2021 edition), the U.S. News and World Report ranked the University as the nation's 4th best public university and 26th best among all national universities. The University is comprised of the Schools of Architecture, Business, Commerce, Continuing and Professional Studies, Engineering and Applied Science, Law, Leadership and Public Policy, Medicine, Nursing, Education and the College of Arts and Sciences.

Piedmont Virginia Community College (PVCC) is a nonresidential two-year institution of higher education. PVCC offers Associates Degrees as well as transfer opportunities to a four-year college or university to complete a Bachelor's Degree. Piedmont Virginia Community College has guaranteed admission agreements with most colleges and universities in Virginia. PVCC is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges. Since establishment in 1972, an estimated 233,000 students have attended credit and noncredit classes. Currently there have been over 14,300 associate degrees and certificates awarded. PVCC also offers extensive workforce training programs for local employees.

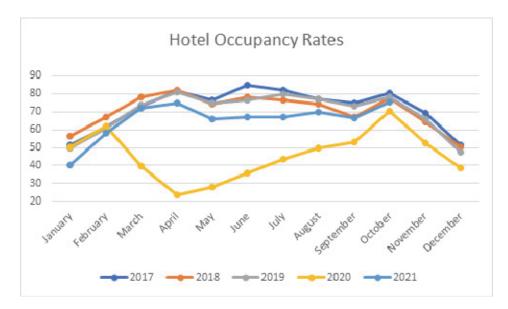
American National University opened its Charlottesville campus in 1979 and continues to build on its reputation among Central Virginia employers for its skilled graduates. ANU offers many Diploma Programs, as well as Associates, Bachelor's and Master's Degrees in medical, business, and technology fields including Medical Health Services Management and Cybersecurity. American National University is accredited by the Accrediting Council for Independent Colleges and Schools (ACICS).

Travel and Tourism

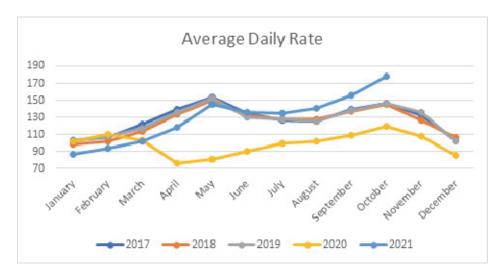
Tourism was a significant contributor to the local economy in 2021, even as the industry is recovering from the economic and workforce challenges COVID wrought. The most recently published economic impact numbers for Tourism are from 2019 and show Tourism revenue for Albemarle County reached \$406,052,608, a 3.9 percent increase over 2018. Tourism-supported jobs in Albemarle County totaled 3,415, while local tourism-related taxes were \$13,776,327.

The coronavirus pandemic put the Virginia travel and tourism industry in a predicament, and imposed a strain on Virginia's hotels, restaurants, attractions and communities. The pandemic triggered decreased revenue, challenging supply chain issues and a reduced workforce. However, the industry is beginning to recover.

You'll see from the chart below that Albemarle County area hotel occupancy rates are still below typical levels for the region. The major reason for these low rates is a lack of workforce. While substantial pay and benefit increases have lifted hospitality and tourism industry jobs as a result of COVID, hotels, restaurants and other related businesses are experiencing significant difficulty in finding employees.



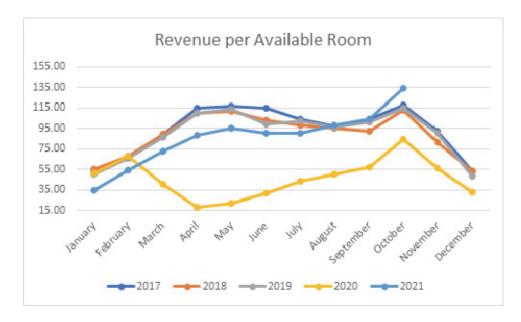
On the other side, hotel rates have never been higher. These rates reflect an increase in demand for our area and a limited supply of rooms. They also reflect higher salaries for the workforce and an increased cost for goods and services. These rates are likely unsustainable in the long-term and will wane during the off-season for tourism (winter).



THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: (CONTINUED)

Travel and Tourism (Continued)

The result of Occupancy being low and Average Daily Rate being high is the Revenue per Available Room is approximately where it usual would be as of this Fall. However, without an increased workforce, these revenues will be short-term.



Charlottesville Albemarle Convention and Visitors Bureau (CACVB) is the County's dedicated destination marketing and management organization, which has continual promoted the County (along with Charlottesville City) as a desirable place to visit, even throughout the pandemic. The mission of the CACVB is to drive overnight stays and additional spending in hotels, restaurants and shops, thereby generating additional tax revenue paid by visitors rather than residents.

The CACVB promotes the diversity of visitor experiences in Albemarle County. Albemarle boasts historic resources of national significance, including prehistoric archaeological sites, Thomas Jefferson's Monticello, James Monroe's Highland, and the University of Virginia. Four sites are registered as National Historic Landmarks, and Monticello and the University of Virginia's "Academical Village" are on the UNESCO World Heritage list. Other County historic sites include Dr. Thomas Walker's 1765 Plantation, Castle Hill; the birth site of George Rogers Clark; Patrick Henry's family tavern, and Michie Tavern.

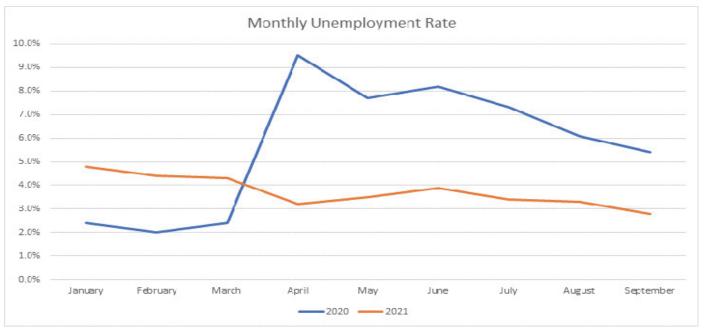
Albemarle County's natural landscape allows for hiking, paddling, bicycling, horseback riding or sipping wine at vineyards with a view. With more than 40 wineries, distilleries and breweries, and a reputation as a "foodie" destination, a visitor can return often and still enjoy new experiences. Other area attractions include Skyline Drive, Blue Ridge Parkway, and Shenandoah National Park, all located in the western part of the County, for which Albemarle County and Charlottesville are the natural gateway for exploration.

The County is serviced by the Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport (CHO), a non-hub, commercial service airport offering daily non-stop flights to and from Charlotte, Philadelphia, New York/LaGuardia, Washington/Dulles, Atlanta, and Chicago. CHO includes a 60,000 sq. ft. terminal facility with amenities including on-site rental cars, ground transportation, and food service. General aviation facilities include an executive terminal.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

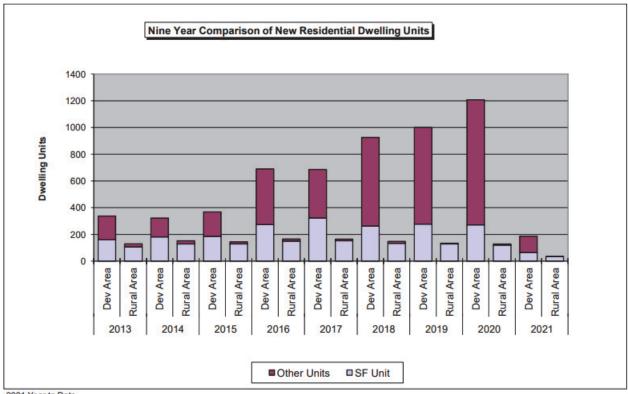
Albemarle County's rich historical heritage, nascent wineries and targeted actions by Albemarle County to help existing businesses grow plays a part in the area's economic growth. Its location, rural character, urban conveniences, strong educational system, and superior quality of life combine to make Albemarle an attractive, vital community. The predominant economic sectors, by number of jobs, are educational services, healthcare and social assistance, retail trade, accommodation and food services, and professional, scientific, and technical services. The largest employers are the University of Virginia, County of Albemarle, Sentara Healthcare, U.S. Department of Defense, and State Farm Mutual Insurance. Noteworthy, there are 64 small life sciences companies that employ over 2400 workers that help diversify the economy.

According to the Virginia Employment Commission, as of September 2021, the non-seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for Albemarle County was 2.8 percent. The chart below illustrates a January to September comparison for years 2020 and 2021. The 2.8% unemployment rate for September 2021 and the accompanying chart reflects the diminishing impact of the coronavirus pandemic on Albemarle's economy. To highlight, the unemployment rate reached a high of 9.4% in April of 2020 and has trended down since. The County's unemployment rate is expected to decline ever so slightly, then level for remainder of calendar year 2021. The County continues to have one of the lower unemployment rates in Virginia and was ranked in the top quartile of the lowest unemployment rates in the Commonwealth. For September 2021 Virginia's overall unemployment rate was 3.8%, while the national unemployment rate was 4.8%.



ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK (CONTINUED)

During second quarter 2021, 137 building permits were issued for 156 dwelling units. The estimated cost of construction for new residential through second quarter 2021 is \$55,865,565.



2021 Year to Date

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County's Financial Management Policies provide a solid framework from which sound financial decisions can be made for the long-term betterment and stability of the County. The County has a long-standing history of adherence to its fiscal policies, which effectively insulate the County from fiscal crises and enhances the County's credit worthiness. The County has achieved the highest credit and bond rating possible from Moody's, S&P, and Fitch credit rating agencies: Aaa/AAA/AAA, respectively. Albemarle is one of the smallest jurisdictions in the United States to achieve triple-AAA ratings; our excellent credit rating benefits our citizens because highly rated jurisdictions enjoy the most competitive interest rates on longterm borrowing, thus saving interest costs.

The local government annually conducts long-range financial planning that informs its Capital Improvement Plan and provides the Board of Supervisors with reasonable longer-term financial projections and outlook. The information provides the Board with sufficient data and information to provide staff with direction for fulfilling the Board's long-range goals and priorities. Long-range financial planning is based on the best information available at the time and sets direction that will influence budget decisions in the years to come.

The County also adheres to the operating budget policies consistent with guidelines established by the Government Finance Officers Association. The County approves an annual capital budget in consideration of associated operating impacts and accordance with the Capital Improvement Program.

FINANCIAL POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The management of Albemarle County is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. Estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that (1) County assets are safeguarded against unauthorized use or disposition and, (2) financial transactions are conducted properly and in accordance with County policy.

Budgetary controls are established to ensure compliance with the annual appropriation ordinance adopted by the Board of Supervisors. General, School, Debt Service, and School Self-Sustaining Funds are included in this ordinance. Separate appropriations, approved by the Board of Supervisors, are adopted for Education and General Government Capital Improvement Programs. For local government, budgetary controls are appropriated and maintained at the department level.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current Initiatives

The County's Fiscal Year 2020-2022 Strategic Plan focuses on the following priority areas.

- Climate Action Plan
- Expand and Promote Outdoor Parks & Amenities
- Revitalization of Aging Urban Neighborhoods
- Develop Economic Development Program Project ENABLE
- School Space Needs
- Infrastructure Planning
- Expansion and Upgrades to the General District Court and the Circuit Court
- Redevelop RIP/Route 29 Intersection Area
- Expansion of Broadband

The foundation of the County's strategic plan is "quality government operations." The County understands that its ability to advance the plan's priorities includes investing in the organization's well-being, which includes investments in business processes, financial management, workforce stabilization, Human Resources Department redesign, and modernization of the County's core enterprise systems.

While COVID-19 delayed the County's progress in some areas as staff resources shifted attention to support the emergency response and local economic impacts, progress continues across many initiatives.

Capital and Broadband initiative highlights are as follows:

Broadband Expansion and Access

• One of the County's major strategic initiatives is Broadband accessibility and affordability. In 2021, County staff completed several broadband projects to activate service for more than 500 homes. Albemarle was also notified of the receipt of a \$2.3 million Virginia Telecommunication Initiative (VATI) grant from the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development. The purpose of the VATI grant is to help connect an additional 1,675 homes in 2021. Albemarle Broadband Authority also signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Central Virginia Electric Cooperative and its subsidiary Firefly Fiber Broadband to connect the remainder of the County. In addition, County staff worked to make available the Emergency Broadband Benefit (EBB). The EBB is a federal program which provides a \$50 per month stipend for a variety of qualified low-income individuals and families. County staff will continue their work with community partners to address broadband needs for seniors.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current Initiatives (Continued)

Economic Development Focus on Public-Private Partnerships (P3s)

This program will seek site control of strategic properties, a critical component of negotiating public-private partnerships. Site control can be obtained through extended due diligence periods, lease to purchase, land options (an exclusive right to purchase land at a specific price in the future) or through the outright purchase of land. As a strategy for economic and community development, local governments acquire, develop, and convey real estate property as part of a Public-Private Partnership. Achieving site control through traditional acquisition, extended due diligence periods, or other site control options ameliorate the risk that key parcels (or buildings) remain vacant or minimally developed, resulting in missed economic development opportunities. County site control, in combination with a development agreement, can result in a built environment that includes preferred public elements.

Albemarle County Public Schools Projects

- Scottsville Elementary School Addition and Improvements The project added 17,500 square feet to the building and improvements to the existing building and site. The additions included four additional classrooms, two smaller resource classrooms, two offices, bathrooms, and a full-size gym. Improvements to the existing building included renovating 14 classrooms and repurposing the current gym into a teachers' work room and instructional spaces. and other modernizations and renovations throughout the building to improve space for both students and staff. Site improvements included outdoor learning areas. The project adhered to Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) principles and practices. Construction began in the summer of FY 19 and is now substantially complete.
- Red Hill Elementary School Gym Addition and Renovation The project added an approximate 8,200 square feet addition to the building to include a new gymnasium and support spaces such as a new full-size gym, physical education offices, performance stage and restroom facilities. Renovations to the existing building included repurposing the current gym into a new media center, new cafeteria equipment and classroom space and restroom upgrades. Sitework included additional parking and outdoor learning areas. Construction began in the summer of 2020 and the project is now substantially complete.
- Broadus Wood Elementary School HVAC Upgrades The project included the removal of the existing
 chiller, unit ventilators, and water-source heat pumps throughout the entire school. And the replacement
 of rooftop units with a new Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) system in each classroom which improved
 indoor air quality throughout the building. The project was complete in the summer of 2021.
- Crozet Elementary Addition and Improvements Crozet Elementary School is currently over capacity and additional students are anticipated. This project includes an estimated 28,000 square foot addition to the building, as well as making improvements to the existing building and site. The additions will include 16 classrooms, 3 smaller resource classrooms, 2 offices, a faculty workroom, and various support spaces. Improvements to the existing building will include improvements to existing classrooms, improvements to the kitchen, stage and cafeteria, and improvements to existing administration, support spaces, and restrooms. Site improvements will include outdoor learning areas, new and expanded bus drop-off, additional parking, additional playground equipment, and the replacement of a paved play area. Construction is underway.
- Southern Convenience Center In coordination with the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority, the County will
 construct a solid-waste convenience center to service Southern Albemarle County. The project will
 include on-site amenities, including containers and compactors.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

Current Initiatives (Continued)

- Biscuit Run Park Phase 1a Biscuit Run Park is a nearly 1,200-acre property located in Albemarle County. The Commonwealth of Virginia acquired the property in 2009 and announced a partnership with Albemarle County to open Biscuit Run park to the public. The park partnership is the first of its kind in Albemarle's development area and will provide high-quality recreational opportunities for Albemarle County and the surrounding communities. A minimum of 80% of the park will remain forested, all sensitive natural heritage resources will be protected, and management concerns like invasive species will be addressed
- Numerous bike/Pedestrian improvement and sidewalk projects including:
 - Mountainview Elementary School Pedestrian Crosswalk Initiated through the Neighborhood Improvements Funding Initiative (NIFI) program in 2017 this project proposes to construct a pedestrian crosswalk and sidewalk connections across Avon Street Extended to Mountainview ES. The project received Transportation Alternatives Funding in FY19. Construction was completed in 2021.
 - Rio Road, Avon Street & Rt. 250 West-Crozet Sidewalk Projects Construction is underway on these three sidewalk projects (which include crosswalks) around Albemarle County. Construction is expected to be completed in June 2022.
 - Commonwealth/Dominion Drive Includes segments of sidewalk on Commonwealth Drive from Hydraulic Road to Dominion Drive; and along Dominion Drive from Commonwealth Drive to US Route 29. This project received ~\$3.183M in funding through a Revenue Sharing Grant in FY19 and is currently in design. Staff is evaluating the potential to break this project into phases and therefore there is no construction completion estimate at this time.
 - Ivy Road Pedestrian and Bicycle Improvements Provide pedestrian, bicycle, and drainage improvements along Ivy Road from the existing sidewalk at the Charlottesville City limits to the Route 29/250 Bypass interchange. Also includes crosswalks and pedestrian signal modifications at the Old Ivy Road and Ivy Road intersection. This project is currently under construction with an expected completion date of September 2022.
 - Berkmar Drive Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements This project will construct a 1.1-mile-long shared-use path from Hydraulic Road to Hilton Heights Road to connect to the new shared-use path on Berkmar Drive Extended. This project received ~\$2.737M in funding through a Revenue Sharing Grant in FY19 and is currently in design with an expected construction completion date of August 2025.

Future Initiatives

Broadband Expansion and Access

• County staff is anticipating a positive outcome of the latest Broadband application for state funding through a partnership with the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission and Firefly Fiber Broad. This regional application benefits from a Board of Supervisors appropriated of \$4.5million in American Rescue Act Plan funding to the Albemarle Broadband Authority (ABBA). ABBA pledged \$4.3 million of these funds toward an approved project. In the course of three years, this project is expected to connect every section of the County with fiber. If the application for state funding is not successful, staff will work on other options to fund this penultimate project. Additionally, County staff continues to work on various Broadband affordability options including a monthly stipend for low-income Albemarle community members and will continue community outreach.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

Current Initiatives (Continued)

Economic Development Authority's Support for Public-Private Partnerships (P3s)

• This initiative will further leverage the EDA's capacity to support Economic Development's focus on public-private partnerships.

RESPONDING TO AND LEADING THROUGH A PANDEMIC

Albemarle County was not unique in having to pivot normal governmental operations in order to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic that began in March 2020. Throughout this timeframe, the County continued progress in several operational areas. The County received a total of \$19 million in CARES CRF Funding that was used to provide several critical pandemic response initiatives. Albemarle County CARES CRF Dollars Spent in FY 2021:

| Category | Gran | d Total |
|--|------|------------|
| Administrative Expenses | \$ | 298,450 |
| Budgeted Personnel and Services Diverted to a Substantially Different Use | \$ | 212,095 |
| COVID-19 Testing and Contact Tracing | \$ | 15,873 |
| Economic Support (Other than Small Business, Housing, and Food Assistance) | \$ | 5,003,384 |
| Facilitating Distance Learning | \$ | 1,073,394 |
| Housing Support | \$ | 1,235,445 |
| Improve Telework Capabilities of Public Employees | \$ | 287,294 |
| Payroll for Public Health and Safety Employees | \$ | 7,478,856 |
| Personal Protective Equipment | \$ | 13,920 |
| Public Health Expenses | \$ | 181,096 |
| Small Business Assistance | \$ | 1,856,971 |
| Total | \$ | 17,656,777 |

The County reported \$1,420,465 of CARES CRF in FY 2020.

AUDIT INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that the financial statements of the County be audited by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates has performed an audit for the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The auditors' opinion is included in this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement

Due to COVID-19 and departmental turnover, an extension was filed with The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the FY 2020 comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This extension is pending review.

We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for an award.

Acknowledgements

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is the result of work performed by a competent and dedicated Finance and Budget Department, to whom I am grateful for their commitment to excellence. I also thank the elected Board members of Albemarle County, as well as the County Executive's Office and School Superintendent's Office for their ongoing support of our professional and progressive financial operations.

Respectfully,

Nelsie L. Birch

Chief Financial Officer

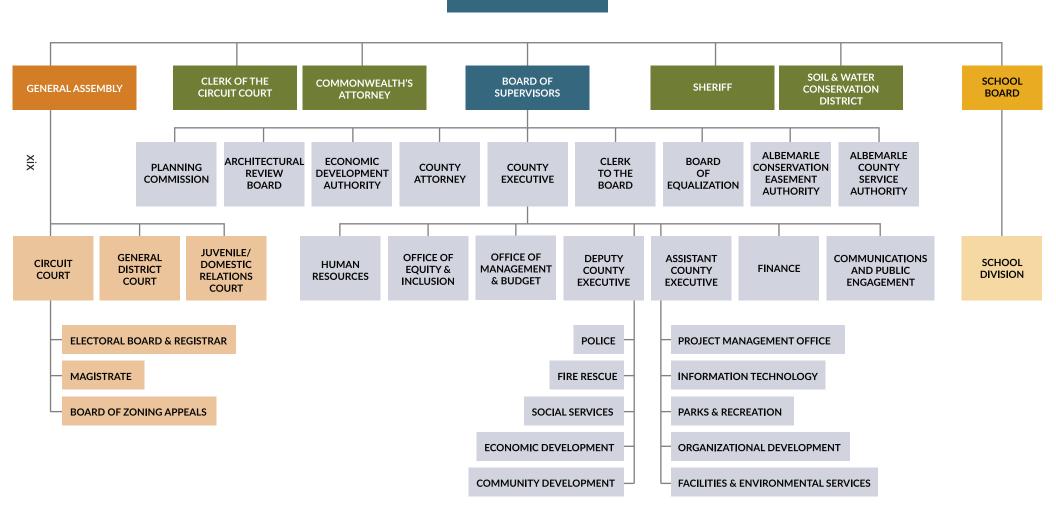




County of Albemarle ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

VOTERS OF ALBEMARLE COUNTY

In addition to this chart, the County of Albemarle jointly funds and/or operates many regional agencies and authorities in several functions including Public Safety (Emergency Communications Center, Regional Jail, Juvenile Detention Center, Charlottesville Albemarle SPCA); Public Works (Rivanna Solid Waste Authority. Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority); Health and Welfare (JAUNT, Jefferson Area Board for Aging, Health Department, Region Ten Community Services Board); Parks, Recreation and Culture (Convention and Visitors Bureau, Regional Library); and Community Development (Albemarle Housing Improvement Program, Piedmont Housing Alliance, Charlottesville Area Transit, Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission, Virginia Cooperative Extension. Albemarle Broadband Authority. Economic Development Authority)



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Ned L. Gallaway, Chairperson Donna P. Price, Vice-Chair

Bea LaPisto-Kirtley Ann H. Mallek Diantha McKeel Liz A. Palmer

Claudette K. Borgersen, Clerk

SCHOOL BOARD

Graham Page, Chairperson Katrina Callsen, Vice-Chair

Kate Acuff Jonno Alcaro Judy Le

David Oberg Ellen Osborne

Jennifer W. Johnston, Clerk

OTHER OFFICIALS

County Executive Jeffrey B. Richardson **Deputy County Executive** Douglas C. Walker School Superintendent Dr. Matthew S. Haas **Assistant County Executive** Trevor Henry Clerk of the Circuit Court Jon Zug Judge of the Circuit Court Cheryl V. Higgins Commonwealth Attorney James M. Hingeley County Attorney **Greg Kamptner** Director of Information Services Michael C. Culp Director of Community Development Jodie Filardo **Extension Agent** Carrie Swanson Chief Financial Officer Nelsie L. Birch Clerk of the General District Court Leola Morse Judge of the General District Court Honorable Claiborne H. Stokes, Jr. Director of Zoning Bart Svoboda Director of Emergency Communications Center Sonny Saxton Director of Parks and Recreation Robert P. Crickenberger Director of Human Resources Lorna Gerome Chief of Police Ron L. Lantz Registrar Richard J. Washburne Sheriff Chan Bryant Director of Social Services Phyllis C. Savides Director of Facilities & Environmental Services Lance Stewart Director of Inspections/Building Official Michael Dellinger Chief of Fire Rescue J. Dan Eggleston

Roger Johnson

Kristy Shifflett

Emily Kilroy

Siri Russell

Director of Economic Development

Director, Office of Equity and Inclusion

Director, Project Management Office

Director of Communications



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Albemarle, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 5-17, 120-123 and 124-140 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Albemarle, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Matters: (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information: (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2021, on our consideration of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hobinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

December 7, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The County of Albemarle presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the financial activities of the County for fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE YEAR

Government-wide Statements (Full Accrual Accounting)

- The County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources, excluding its component unit, totaled \$379,422,178. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$315,570,173. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$63,852,005, of which \$51,662,626 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position decreased \$15,641,872 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily a result of transferring bond proceeds to the School Board for school capital projects.

Fund Financial Statements (Modified Accrual Accounting)

- As of June 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$112,230,301, an increase of \$24,638,919 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 63.99% of the combined fund balances, \$71,819,760, is unassigned and available to meet the County's current and future needs.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$81,519,760, an increase of \$21,803,143 from June 30, 2020. Federal/State Grant Funds reported a fund balance of \$5,074,713; the General Capital Improvements Fund reported a fund balance of \$17,383,469; and Other Governmental Funds reported \$8,252,359 in total fund balance.

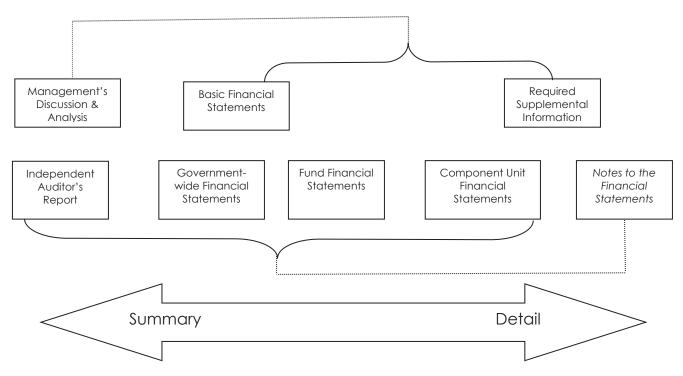
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance.

- The *introductory section* includes the transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart, a list of principal officers and a copy of the 2020 Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers' Association.
- The *financial section* has five component parts the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (which include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements), required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.
- The *statistical section* includes selected financial and demographic data related to the County, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- The compliance section is required under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S.
 Office of Management and Budget guidance in Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 of the
 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and
 includes the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Components of the Financial Section



Local government financial reports consist of two kinds of statements, each with a different view of the County's finances. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the County's government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The basic financial statements also contain notes to explain, in greater detail, the information found in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

The first government-wide statement - the Statement of Net Position - presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities, net position, can be used as one way to measure the County's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position can be one indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County facilities.

The second statement - the Statement of Activities - also uses the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements: (Continued)

The government-wide statements are divided into the following three categories:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u> Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and community development. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants. Governmental funds and internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.

Business-type Activities: Albemarle County does not have any business-type activities.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit:</u> The County includes the Albemarle County Public Schools in its annual financial report. Although a legally separate entity, this component unit is included in the County's financial report because the School System is fiscally dependent on the County.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statements more familiar. These statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements and are used to keep track of specific sources of revenues and expenses for particular purposes. The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds. Governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available to meet current financial needs. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Additional exhibits provide a reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide statements because they do not include information on long-term assets and liabilities. The General Fund is the main operating account of the County and therefore, the largest of the governmental funds. All other governmental funds, which include special revenue funds, capital project funds and debt service funds, are collectively referred to as non-major governmental funds. The Federal and State Grants Fund and General Capital Improvements Fund (capital projects) are considered to be a major funds.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Proprietary funds, which consist of enterprise funds and internal service funds, operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both long and short-term financial information. The County does not have an enterprise fund, but does have six internal service funds: health insurance fund, dental plan pool fund, duplicating fund, facilities development fund, computer replacement fund and vehicle replacement fund. These funds are funded by charging County departments and the School Board on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the funds are not available to support the County's programs. The County's fiduciary funds consist of private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The funds are used to account for monies received, held, and disbursed on behalf of certain developers, housing programs, recipients of scholarship funds, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and certain other agencies and governments.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

| Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2021 and 2020 (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Governmental Component Total Activities Unit Reporting Entity 2024 2020 2020 2020 2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | | | |
| Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets (net) | \$_ | 163,260 \$ 194,502 | 137,379 \$ 180,322 | 88,602 \$ 64,195 | 35,614 \$ 70,998 | 251,862 \$ 258,697 | 172,993 251,320 | | | |
| Total assets | \$_ | 357,762 \$ | 317,701 \$ | 152,797 \$ | 106,612 \$ | 510,559 \$ | 424,313 | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 21,660 \$ | 13,406 \$ | 50,986 \$ | 39,412 \$ | 72,646 \$ | 52,818 | | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$_ | 379,422 \$ | 331,107 \$ | 203,783 \$ | 146,024 \$ | 583,205 \$ | 477,131 | | | |
| Liabilities: Other liabilities Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 18,635 \$ 291,162 | 17,617 \$ 226,961 | 25,393 \$ 235,113 | 23,691 \$ 214,509 | 44,028 \$ 526,275 | 41,308 441,470 | | | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 309,797 \$ | 244,578 \$ | 260,506 \$ | 238,200 \$ | 570,303 \$ | 482,778 | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | \$ | 5,773 \$ | 7,035 \$ | 12,998 \$ | 18,349 \$ | 18,771 \$ | 25,384 | | | |
| Net Position: Net investment in capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| assets Restricted Unrestricted | \$ | 7,115 \$ 5,075 51,662 | 37,770 \$ 5,064 36,660 | 64,195 \$ - (133,916) | 70,998 \$ - (181,523) | 71,310 \$ 5,075 (82,254) | 108,768 5,064 (144,863) | | | |
| Total net position | \$ | 63,852 \$ | - | | (110,525) \$ | (5,869) \$ | (31,031) | | | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and | Υ_ | | | (57,12.) | <u>(::0,525)</u> | (3,337) | (3.,53.) | | | |
| net position | \$_ | 379,422 \$ | 331,107 \$ | 203,783 \$ | 146,024 \$ | 583,205 \$ | 477,131 | | | |

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their fiscally dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public school facilities, for their component units. For the purpose of this financial statement, the debt and correlating asset (or portion therefore) is recorded as an asset and long-term liability of the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, requires that the primary government and its component units, which make up the total reporting entity, be accounted for separately on the face of the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities:

The following table presents revenues and expenses of governmental activities:

| Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | _ | Governme | ntal | - | Total % Change 2021-2020 | | | |
| Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General Revenues: General property taxes, real and personal Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted | \$ | 6,539 53,198 460 216,284 57,045 19,403 | \$ | 2020 6,941 35,939 764 206,275 54,683 20,497 | -5.79% 48.02% -39.79% 4.85% 4.32% -5.34% | | | |
| Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenue Total Revenues | \$ <u>_</u> | 1,666 1,488 356,083 | \$_ | 2,691 3,104 330,894 | -38.09% -52.06% 7.61% | | | |
| Expenses: General government Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community Development Interest on long-term debt | \$ | 22,664 7,007 56,437 11,532 37,347 185,074 10,618 35,292 5,754 | \$ | 20,152 6,915 52,253 10,057 30,827 160,480 10,426 30,569 5,897 | 12.47% 1.33% 8.01% 14.67% 21.15% 15.33% 1.84% 15.45% -2.42% | | | |
| Total Expenses Increase (decrease) in net position Beginning net position Ending net position | \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ | 371,725 (15,642) 79,494 63,852 | \$ _ \$ - \$ = | 327,576 3,318 76,176 79,494 | 13.48% -571.43% 4.36% -19.68% | | | |

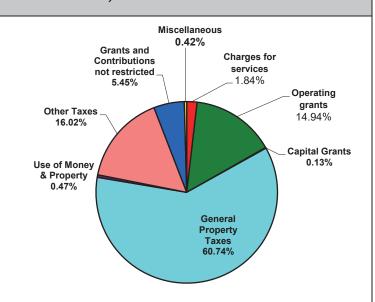
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

Revenue from operating grants and contributions increased 48.02% due to CARES Act funds.

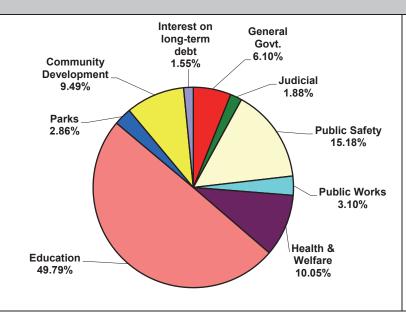
Education experienced an increase due to the transfer of bond funds to School Capital Projects in the current year.

Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental activities total net position decreased \$15,641,872 with an ending net position of \$63,852,005. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$356,082,836 for FY 2021 compared to FY 2020 revenues from governmental activities of \$330,892,768. Taxes comprise the largest source of these revenues, totaling \$273,328,675 or 80.12% of all governmental activities revenue. Of this amount, general property taxes comprise 79.13% of the taxes collected totaling \$216,284,089.



Governmental Activities - Expenses by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



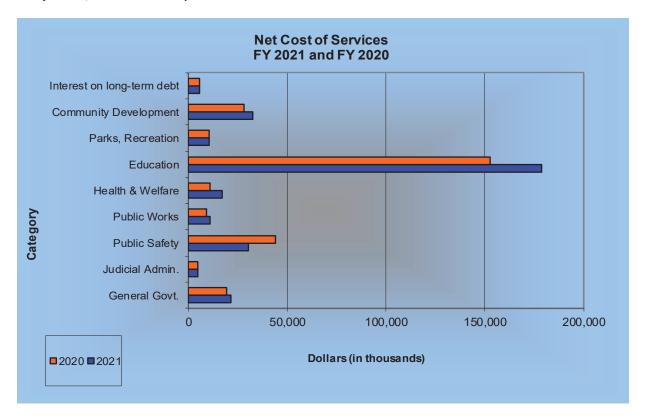
The total cost of all governmental for this activities fiscal year \$371,724,708. As the chart to the left illustrates, Education continues to be the County's largest program with expenses totaling \$185,074,053. Public Safety which \$56,437,283 expenses, total represents the second largest expense, followed by Health and Welfare at \$37,346,963, Community Development at \$35,292,202, and General Government Administration at \$22,663,518.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

For the County's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less associated fees and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table.

| Total Cost and Net Cost of Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | | Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services | | | | | | |
| | - | | | Percentage | | | Percentage | |
| | _ | 2021 | 2020 | Change | 2021 | 2020 | Change | |
| General government | \$ | 22,663,518\$ | 20,152,213 | 12.46%\$ | 21,569,733\$ | 19,044,266 | 13.26% | |
| Judicial administration | | 7,006,895 | 6,914,556 | 1.34% | 4,634,302 | 4,497,888 | 3.03% | |
| Public safety | | 56,437,283 | 52,253,314 | 8.01% | 30,465,985 | 43,819,992 | -30.47% | |
| Public works | | 11,531,644 | 10,056,684 | 14.67% | 11,022,772 | 9,232,889 | 19.39% | |
| Health & welfare | | 37,346,963 | 30,827,079 | 21.15% | 16,978,431 | 10,877,834 | 56.08% | |
| Education | | 185,074,053 | 160,479,578 | 15.33% | 178,576,074 | 152,689,112 | 16.95% | |
| Parks, recreation & cultural | | 10,618,313 | 10,425,952 | 1.85% | 10,543,853 | 10,270,902 | 2.66% | |
| Community development | | 35,292,202 | 30,569,280 | 15.45% | 32,309,558 | 27,937,394 | 15.65% | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 5,753,837 | 5,896,836 | -2.43% | 5,426,942 | 5,561,253 | -2.42% | |
| Total | \$ | 371,724,708 \$ | 327,575,492 | 13.48% \$ | 311,527,650\$ | 283,931,530 | 9.72% | |
| | = | | | | | | | |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, governmental activities generated \$6,539,074 in program revenues from users of services provided by the activity, as compared to \$6,914,556 for FY 2020. The largest percent of charges were generated from Public Safety with 46.10%, while Community Development generated 37.72% of charges for services program revenue. Operating grant and contribution revenues increased to \$53,197,772 when compared to \$30,743,216 in FY 2020. Capital grant and contribution revenues totaled \$460,212 which decreased by \$303,739 when compared with 2020.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of June 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$112,230,301, an increase of \$24,638,919 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 63.85% (\$71,692,134) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The remainder of fund balance is non-spendable (\$118,095); restricted (\$14,311,737); or committed (\$26,141,684). For further details on Fund Balance, please refer to Exhibit 3 located in the Fund Financial statements section.

The General Fund contributed \$146.4 million in operating funds to support the Schools operations.

The State and Federal Grants fund reported a fund balance of \$5,074,713 at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$10,278 from FY 2020. Total revenues for FY 2021 were \$15,401,812 compared to \$18,031,500 in total expenditures for FY 2021.

The County's CARES ACT fund reported \$18,278,883 revenues for COVID-19 related expenditures in FY 2021.

In the General Capital Improvement Fund, the County expended \$68 million in FY 2021. Approximately 78.82% of those expenditures, \$53.3 million, was contributed to the School Board for School Capital Projects.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget and actual revenues and expenditures in the general fund:

| Budgetary | | • | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Original | Amended | | | | | | | |
| | _ | Budget | Budget | Actual | | | | | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 253,848,231 \$ | 259,148,231 | 272,432,365 | | | | | | |
| Other | | 9,250,425 | 9,506,905 | 9,441,604 | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | | 32,100,821 | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 295,199,477 \$ | 300,843,533 | 321,147,541 | | | | | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures | | 275,195,250 | 292,171,039 | 271,436,930 | | | | | | |
| Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures | \$ | 20,004,227 \$ | 8,672,494 | 49,710,611 | | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 6,223,374 \$ | 20,477,712 | 2,844,672 | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | (26,227,601) | (29,150,206) | (30,752,140) | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | (20,004,227) \$ | (8,672,494) | (27,907,468) | | | | | | |
| Change in Fund Balance | \$ | - \$ | - 9 | 21,803,143 | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | - | - | 59,716,617 | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$_ | - \$ | - (| 81,519,760 | | | | | | |

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS: (Continued)

General Fund: (Continued)

Actual revenues were \$20,304,008, or 7.00% more than final budget amounts and actual expenditures were \$20,734,109 or 7.1% less than final budget amounts. Highlights of the comparison of final budget to actual figures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, include the following:

- Actual general property tax revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$13,101,621 primarily due to a
 better than expected real estate market and increased collection efforts of current as well as delinquent
 taxes including Business Personal Property.
- Actual revenues from the Commonwealth exceeded budgeted amounts by \$2,528,093.
- Actual revenues from the Federal Government were \$436,971 more than budgeted due to additional grant funding approval, particularly related to Social Services expenditures.
- General government administration expenditures were \$1,825,342 less than budgeted, Public Safety actual expenditures were \$1,834,536 less than budgeted, and Community Development were \$825,558 less than budgeted primarily as a result of attrition during FY 21 and uncompleted projects carried forward to FY 2022.
- Education actual expenditures were \$3,661,335 less than budgeted.

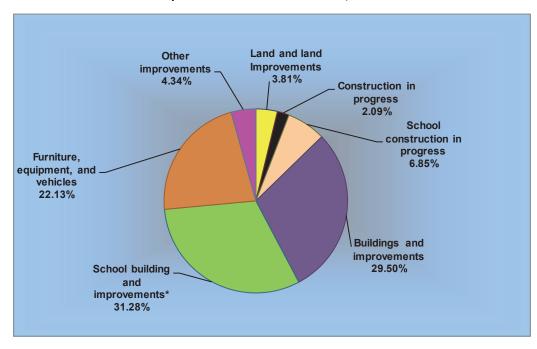
Final budgeted revenues were \$5,644,056 or 1.91% more than the original budget amounts and final budgeted expenditures were \$16,975,789 or 6.71% more than the original budget amounts. Highlights of the comparison of the original budget to final budgeted figures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, include the following:

- Final budgeted expenditures for General Government Administration increased from the original budget by \$2,613,828. \$322,860 of the increase was for Information Technology expenditures, \$1,051,869 of the increase was related to County Executive departmental expenditures, \$3,231 of the increase was related to Board of Supervisors expenditures, \$410,887 of the increase was for Human Resources departmental expenditures, \$61,978 of the increase was related to County Attorney expenditures, \$980,229 of the increased was for Finance departmental expenditures, \$198,165 of the increase was for Voter Registration expenditures, and \$130,000 of the increase is related to other General Government expenditures. The Management and Budget expenditures decreased \$545,391 from the original budget.
- The final budget for Public Works increased by \$1,650,497 over the original budget. Of this amount, \$1,646,489 increase was for Maintenance of Buildings and Grounds.
- The final budget for Education increased by \$9,051,450 over the original budget for various School Capital Projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, the County's investment in capital assets totaled \$194,501,900 as summarized below:



Capital Assets as of June 30, 2021

During Fiscal Year 2021, the County's net capital assets (including additions, decreases, and depreciation) increased \$14,179,504 as summarized below:

| Change in Capital Assets Governmental Funds | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Balance July 1, 2020 | Net Additions and Deletions | Balance June 30, 2021 | | | |
| Land and land Improvements \$ Construction in progress School land and construction in progress* Buildings and improvements School building and improvements* | 5,558,982 6,163,198 90,061,377 93,264,498 | 855,853 14,908,013 683,559 2,958,572 | 6,414,835 21,071,211 90,744,936 96,223,070 | | | |
| Furniture, equipment, and vehicles Other improvements Total Capital Assets \$ | 63,544,722 13,345,143 283,642,440 | 4,540,261 5,000 \$ 23,951,258 \$ | 68,084,983 13,350,143 307,593,698 | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net \$ | (103,320,044) | \$ (9,771,754) \$ 14,179,504 \$ | (113,091,798) | | | |

* School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the component unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets: (Continued)

This year's major capital asset events included the following:

- On-going construction and renovations to Scottsville Elementary School and Red Hill elementary school are being completed.
- Work for a substantial addition and gym renovation is underway at Crozet Elementary.
- In addition to regular maintenance projects, school security and technology upgrades are also underway.
- Continued funding for the replacement of school buses and public safety apparatuses.

More detailed information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt

The change in the County's long-term obligations are summarized in the following chart:

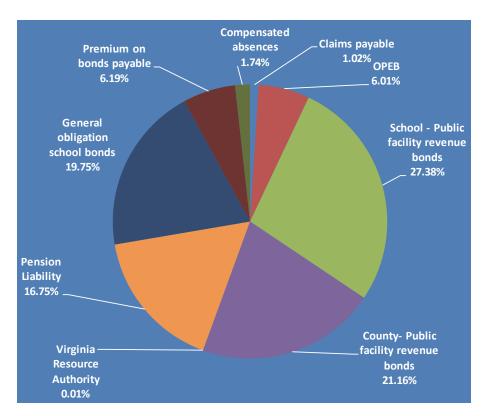
| Summary of Long-Term Obligation Changes | | | | | | |
|---|----|------------------------------------|----|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 | | | | | | |
| | | Amounts Payable July 1, 2020 | | Net Increase (Decrease) | Amounts Payable June 30, 2021 | |
| Primary Government | | | | | | |
| General obligation school bonds | \$ | 64,670,000 | \$ | (7,155,000) | \$ 57,515,000 | |
| School - Public facility revenue bonds | | 37,934,072 | | 41,775,092 | 79,709,164 | |
| County - Public facility revenue bonds | | 57,586,927 | | 4,013,910 | 61,600,837 | |
| Virginia Resource Authority | | 68,437 | | (46,878) | 21,559 | |
| Premium on bonds payable | | 7,884,707 | | 10,139,101 | 18,023,808 | |
| Claims payable | | 3,857,754 | | (899,689) | 2,958,065 | |
| Net pension liability | | 33,652,890 | | 15,107,855 | 48,760,745 | |
| Net OPEB obligations | | 16,172,724 | | 1,320,832 | 17,493,556 | |
| Compensated absences | | 5,134,281 | | (55,240) | 5,079,041 | |
| Total | \$ | 226,961,792 | \$ | 64,199,983 | \$ 291,161,775 | |
| | | | | | | |

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt: (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the County's long-term obligations total \$291,161,775 and can be summarized as follows:

Long-Term Obligations
Primary Government as of June 30, 2021



The County has maintained the highest credit and bond rating possible from Moody's, S&P, and Fitch credit rating agencies, AAA. Albemarle is one of the smallest jurisdictions in the United States to achieve AAA ratings; our excellent credit rating benefits our citizens because highly-rated jurisdictions enjoy the most competitive interest rates on long-term borrowing, thus saving interest costs.

General obligation indebtedness must be approved by voter referendum prior to issuance except for debt incurred from the State Literary Fund or the Virginia Public School Authority.

The Board of Supervisors has established the following policies relating to debt:

- The County will not fund current operations from the proceeds of borrowed funds.
- The County will manage its financial resources in a way that prevents borrowing to meet working capital needs.
- The County will confine long-term borrowing and capital leases to capital improvements or projects that cannot be financed by current revenues.
- To the extent feasible, any year that the debt service payment falls below its current level, those savings will be used to finance one-time capital needs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

- The County's debt offering documents will provide full and complete public disclosure of financial condition and operating results and other pertinent credit information in compliance with municipal finance industry standards for similar issues.
- Recognizing the importance of underlying debt to its overall financial condition, the County will set target debt ratios, which will be calculated annually and included in the annual review of fiscal trends:
 - Net debt as a percentage of the estimated market value of taxable property should not exceed 2%.
 - The ratio of debt service expenditures as a percent of general fund and school fund revenues should not exceed 10%.
- The County intends to maintain a 10-year payout ratio at or above 60% at the end of each adopted five-year CIP for tax supported debt and lease payments. When the County finances capital improvements or other projects through bonds or capital leases, it will repay the debt within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the projects.

More detailed information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for the County of Albemarle in July 2021 was 3.4%, compared to 7.3% a year ago. For the same period, Virginia's unemployment rate was 4.1% and the national unemployment rate was 5.7%.
- According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the population in Albemarle County was 112,395 as of April 1, 2020. This reflects a population growth of 13.6% since 2010.
- The Fiscal Year 2022 Adopted Budget anticipated general fund revenues and expenditures to be \$314,875,074, a 4.8% increase over the fiscal year 2021 budget. The Adopted Budget revenue projections showed an anticipated increase in local revenues, especially in real estate property tax (\$7.73 million, an increase of 4.7%) and local personal property taxes (\$3.28 million, an increase of 27.8%). The County's transfer to fund education operations (including education debt service) continues to be the largest expenditure area at 50.5% of total expenditures, with public safety being the next largest at 15.3%.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, County of Albemarle, 401 McIntire Road, Room 149 Charlottesville, VA 22902, telephone (434) 296-5855, or visit the County's web site at www.albemarle.org.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements



| Assets Cash and investments \$ 121,163,150 \$ 59,925,788 Investments - restricted 9,237,024 19,929,883 Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) - Note 4 19,508,315 223,854 Due from other governments - Note 5 13,168,442 8,128,018 Prepaid items 93,394 28,134 Inventories 89,956 366,811 Capital assets - Note 7: 39,190,566 6,174,142 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 194,501,900 \$ 64,195,087 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to DPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,055 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857< | | _ | Governmental Activities | _ | Component Unit School Board |
|--|---|-------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| Investments - restricted 9,237,024 19,928,883 Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) - Note 4 19,508,315 223,854 223,854 223,854 23,134 10,000 20,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,134 10,000 20,134 20,1 | | | | | |
| Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) - Note 4 19,508,315 223,854 Due from other governments - Note 5 13,168,442 8,128,018 Prepaid items 93,394 28,134 Inventories 89,956 366,811 Capital assets - Note 7: 39,190,566 6,174,142 Cher capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - U | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Due from other governments - Note 5 13,168,442 8,128,018 Prepaid items 93,394 28,134 Inventories 89,956 366,811 Capital assets - Note 7: 39,190,56 6,174,142 Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 294,668 \$ -5,020,945 Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ -5,076,769 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 964,459 \$ 26,359,015 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 1,475,848 1,085,466 33,757 | | | | | |
| Prepaid items 93,394 28,134 Inventories 89,956 366,811 Capital assets - Note 7: 39,190,566 6,174,142 Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 294,668 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 3,79,222,178 \$ 203,783,050 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 9,64,459 - Accrued interest payable 964,559 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities Note 8. 21,673,881 1, | , | | | | |
| Inventories | | | | | |
| Capital assets - Note 7: 39,190,566 6,174,142 Land and construction in progress 39,190,566 6,174,182 Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 194,501,900 \$ 64,195,087 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ 7,508,736 Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Deferred inflows of Resources \$ 309,797,405 | , | | | | |
| Land and construction in progress 39,190,566 6,174,142 Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155,311,334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 194,501,900 \$ 64,195,087 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Total liabilities \$ 309,797, | | | 89,956 | | 366,811 |
| Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 155, 311, 334 58,020,945 Total capital assets, net \$ 194,501,900 \$ 64,195,087 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred inflows of Resources \$ 4,469,657 \$ 10,0 | | | 20.400.544 | | |
| Total capital assets, net \$ 194,501,900 \$ 64,195,087 Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: \$ 294,668 \$ Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ Deferred items related to opension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 1,303,111 2,993,931 <td>· -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | · - | | | | |
| Total assets \$ 357,762,181 \$ 152,797,545 Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,475,848 - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 964,459 - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 24,469,657 5 Deferred lifews related to pension - 10,004,519 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: Section of Technology \$ 294,668 \$ - Deferred items related to pension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities *** *** \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities *** *** \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others *** 1,475,848 *** Accounts payable and accrued liabilities *** 964,459 *** Accrued interest payable *** 964,459 *** Accounts payable and accrued liabilities *** 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities *** *** 10,685,466 33,757 Long-te | Total capital assets, net | \$ <u>_</u> | 194,501,900 | Ş_ | 64,195,087 |
| Deferred amount on refunding \$ 294,668 \$ Deferred items related to opension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities *** *** \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to opension 10,004,519 Deferred items related to opension 1,303,111 2,993,931 <td< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>\$_</td><td>357,762,181</td><td>\$</td><td>152,797,545</td></td<> | Total assets | \$_ | 357,762,181 | \$ | 152,797,545 |
| Deferred items related to opension 19,786,093 45,508,736 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 </td <td>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | |
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| Deferred items related to OPEB 1,579,236 5,476,769 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 Accrued interest payable 964,459 Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 <t< td=""><td>Deferred items related to pension</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>45,508,736</td></t<> | Deferred items related to pension | | | • | 45,508,736 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 21,659,997 \$ 50,985,505 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 379,422,178 \$ 203,783,050 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,714,666 64,195,087 Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 64,195,087 Restricted: Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 | Deferred items related to OPEB | | | | |
| Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ | | \$ | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Due in more than one year \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred evenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 379,422,178 | \$ | 203,783,050 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 5,509,857 \$ 25,359,015 Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Due in more than one year \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred evenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Liabilities | | | | |
| Amounts held for others 1,475,848 - Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 5,074,713 - Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | Ś | 5.509.857 | Ś | 25,359,015 |
| Accrued interest payable 964,459 - Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | , , | * | | Ψ. | |
| Unearned revenue 10,685,466 33,757 Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 5,074,713 - Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | | | _ |
| Long-term liabilities - Note 8: 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due within one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 5,074,713 - Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | . , | | | | 33.757 |
| Due within one year 21,673,881 1,095,900 Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | .0,000, .00 | | 33,737 |
| Due in more than one year 269,487,894 234,016,939 Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: 5 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | 21.673.881 | | 1.095.900 |
| Total liabilities \$ 309,797,405 \$ 260,505,611 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: \$ 5,074,713 - Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position * 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: * Grant compliance Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | ċ | | ٠ _ | |
| Deferred revenue - Note 9 \$ 4,469,657 \$ - Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: - - 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) - (69,721,011) | | _ ب | 307,777,403 | _ ۲ _ | 200,303,011 |
| Deferred items related to pension - 10,004,519 Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: - 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | | | |
| Deferred items related to OPEB 1,303,111 2,993,931 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | \$ | 4,469,657 | \$ | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 5,772,768 \$ 12,998,450 Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: Grant compliance \$ 5,074,713 - Unrestricted \$ 51,662,626 \$ (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | - | | , , |
| Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: 5,074,713 - 1,074,713 - 1,074,713 - 1,074,713 Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | _ | | _ | |
| Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,114,666 \$ 64,195,087 Restricted: 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Total deferred inflows of resources | \$_ | 5,772,768 | \$_ | 12,998,450 |
| Restricted: 5,074,713 - Grant compliance 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Net Position | | | | |
| Grant compliance 5,074,713 - Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 7,114,666 | \$ | 64,195,087 |
| Unrestricted 51,662,626 (133,916,098) Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Restricted: | | | | |
| Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | Grant compliance | | 5,074,713 | | - |
| Total net position \$ 63,852,005 \$ (69,721,011) | | | | _ | (133,916,098) |
| | Total net position | \$ | 63,852,005 | \$ | -, |
| | Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position | \$ | 379,422,178 | \$ | 203,783,050 |

| | | | Program Revenu | es | Net (Expense) R Changes in Ne | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges For Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Primary Government Governmental Activities | Component Unit |
| Primary Government | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ 22,663,518 \$ | 575,409 \$ | 5 518,376 \$ | - \$ | (21,569,733) \$ | - |
| Judicial administration | 7,006,895 | 369,342 | 2,003,251 | - | (4,634,302) | - |
| Public safety | 56,437,283 | 3,014,561 | 22,956,737 | - | (30,465,985) | - |
| Public works | 11,531,644 | 48,660 | - | 460,212 | (11,022,772) | - |
| Health and welfare | 37,346,963 | - | 20,368,532 | - | (16,978,431) | - |
| Education | 185,074,053 | 22,500 | 6,475,479 | - | (178,576,074) | - |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 10,618,313 | 41,994 | 32,466 | - | (10,543,853) | - |
| Community development | 35,292,202 | 2,466,608 | 516,036 | - | (32,309,558) | - |
| Interest on long-term debt | 5,753,837 | - | 326,895 | | (5,426,942) | |
| Total governmental activities | \$ <u>371,724,708</u> \$ | 6,539,074 \$ | 53,197,772 | \$ <u>460,212</u> \$ | (311,527,650) \$ | |
| Component Unit | | | | | | |
| Component Unit Albemarle County Public Schools | \$ 223,214,007 \$ | 1,212,995 \$ | 74,674,431 \$ | 960,000 \$ | - \$ | (146,366,581) |
| | General Revenue | | | | | |
| | Taxes: | -5 | | | | |
| | | erty tayes rea | al and personal | \$ | 216,284,089 \$ | _ |
| | Local sales an | | at and personat | ¥ | 19,806,666 | _ |
| | Business licen | | | | 13,811,085 | _ |
| | Consumer util | | | | 4,540,578 | _ |
| | Meals tax | arey canes | | | 7,332,394 | _ |
| | Motor vehicle | licenses tax | | | 4,007,434 | _ |
| | Other taxes | | | | 7,546,429 | _ |
| | Payment from | County of Albe | emarle: | | 7,0.0,.27 | |
| | Education | | | | - | 181,794,643 |
| | Grants and con | tributions not | restricted to spe | cific | | , , |
| | programs | | | | 19,402,652 | - |
| | Unrestricted us | se of money a | nd property | | 1,665,951 | 149,533 |
| | Miscellaneous | , | | | 1,488,500 | 2,045,740 |
| | Total genera | l revenues | | \$ | 295,885,778 \$ | 183,989,916 |
| | Change in I | net position | | \$ | (15,641,872) \$ | 37,623,335 |
| | Net position, b | eginning of ye | ear, as restated | | 79,493,877 | (107,344,346) |
| | Net position, e | nd of year | | \$ | 63,852,005 \$ | (69,721,011) |
| | | | | • | | |

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds At June 30, 2021

| | <u>-</u> | General Fund | Federal/ State Grants Fund | CARES ACT Fund | General Capital Improve- ments | Other Govern- mental Funds | Total Govern- mental Funds |
|---|----------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Assets | • | | | | | | ' |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 67,202,288 ş | 5,105,102 \$ | 10,686,346 \$ | 8,816,481 \$ | 8,367,809 | \$ 100,178,026 |
| Investments - restricted | | - | - | - | 9,237,024 | - | 9,237,024 |
| Property taxes receivable, (net | | 15,771,264 | | | | | 45 334 044 |
| of allowance for uncollectibles) - Note 4 | | 15,771,204 | - | - | - | - | 15,771,264 |
| Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectibles) - Note 4 | | 3,132,553 | 305,756 | - | 17,119 | 151,665 | 3,607,093 |
| Due from other governments - Note 5 | | 11,534,520 | 1,569,494 | - | 64,428 | 131,003 | 13,168,442 |
| Prepaid items | | 28,139 | - | - | - | _ | 28,139 |
| Inventories | | 89,956 | - | - | - | - | 89,956 |
| Total assets | \$ | 97,758,720 \$ | 6,980,352 \$ | 10,686,346 \$ | 18,135,052 \$ | 8,519,474 | \$ 142,079,944 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | - |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 2,529,528 \$ | 1,905,639 \$ | 880 \$ | 751,583 \$ | 267,115 | \$ 5,454,745 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | - | 10,685,466 | - | - | 10,685,466 |
| Amounts held for others | _ | 1,475,848 | | <u> </u> | | - | 1,475,848 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 4,005,376 \$ | 1,905,639 \$ | 10,686,346 \$ | 751,583 \$ | 267,115 | \$ 17,616,059 |
| Deferred Inflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue, property tax - Note 9 | \$ | 12,233,584 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | \$ 12,233,584 |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | |
| Inventories and prepaid items | \$ | 118,095 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | \$ 118,095 |
| Restricted: | | | F 074 743 | | | | F 074 747 |
| Grant compliance Capital projects | | - | 5,074,713 | - | 9,237,024 | | 5,074,713 9,237,024 |
| Committed: | | _ | _ | _ | 7,237,024 | _ | 9,237,022 |
| General government administration | | 582,709 | - | - | - | - | 582,709 |
| Judicial administration | | 1,660 | - | - | - | - | 1,660 |
| Public safety | | 443,192 | - | - | - | - | 443,192 |
| Public works | | 14,212 | - | - | - | - | 14,212 |
| Health and welfare | | 3,784 | - | - | - | - | 3,784 |
| Parks and recreation | | 55,476 5,269 | - | - | - | - | 55,476 |
| Community development Transfers, contingencies and refunds | | 600 | - | - | - | - | 5,269 600 |
| General capital projects | | - | - | - | 8,146,445 | - | 8,146,445 |
| Storm water projects | | - | _ | - | - | 3,486,321 | 3,486,321 |
| Special revenue | | - | - | - | - | 4,799,387 | 4,799,387 |
| Education - School Reserve Fund | | 8,602,629 | - | - | - | - | 8,602,629 |
| Unassigned | | 71,692,134 | - | <u>-</u> | | (33,349) | 71,658,785 |
| Total fund balance | \$ | 81,519,760 \$ | 5,074,713 \$ | - \$ | 17,383,469 \$ | 8,252,359 | \$ 112,230,301 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance | \$ | 97,758,720 \$ | 6 980 352 \$ | 10,686,346 \$ | 18,135,052 \$ | 8 519 474 | \$ 142,079,944 |

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position At June $30,\,2021$

| Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 3) | | 112,230,301 |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: | | |
| Land Construction in progress School Board construction in progress Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation Other improvements, net of accumulated depreciation Furniture, equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation | 11,704,520 6,414,835 21,071,211 50,679,082 3,721,792 14,015,875 | |
| School Board capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 86,894,585 | 104 501 000 |
| Total net capital assets Internal services funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health and dental insurance benefits, vehicle replacement and duplicating costs to individual funds and the School Board. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The internal service funds net position is: | | 194,501,900 |
| statement of thet position. The internatiset vice raines nee position is. | | 18,167,160 |
| Some of the County's property taxes will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's expenditures and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. | | 7,763,927 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | | |
| Deferred inflows related to OPEB | | (1,303,111) |
| Pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date and other deferred outflows will be a reduction to the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB | | 19,786,093 1,579,236 |
| Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Also, the County received a premium on its long-term debt issues and incurred defeasance costs when refunding debt. The premium and defeasance costs will be amortized over the life of the new bond issue as interest is paid. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows: | | |
| Accrued interest payable General obligation bonds Public facility revenue and refunding bonds Virginia Resource Authority Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities Unamortized bond premium Deferred amount on refunding | (964,459) (57,515,000) (141,310,001) (21,559) (48,760,745) (17,493,556) (18,023,808) 294,668 | |
| Compensated absences | (5,079,041) | (288,873,501) |
| Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibits 1 and 2) | 9 | 63,852,005 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June $30,\,2021$

| | | General | Federal/ State | CARES | General Capital | Other Governmental | Total Governmental |
|--|-------------|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| | _ | Fund | Grants Fund | ACT Fund | Improvements | Funds | Funds |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 216,599,323 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - \$ | 216,599,323 |
| Other local taxes | | 55,833,042 | - | - | - | 1,211,544 | 57,044,586 |
| Permits, privilege fees and | | | | | | | |
| regulatory licenses | | 2,800,489 | - | - | - | 15,894 | 2,816,383 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 199,460 | - | - | - | - | 199,460 |
| Use of money and property | | 1,497,825 | 1,253 | - | 6,413 | 83,179 | 1,588,670 |
| Charges for services | | 3,522,275 | - | - | - | 956 | 3,523,231 |
| Miscellaneous | | 695,204 | 719,666 | - | 73,630 | - | 1,488,500 |
| Recovered costs | | 726,351 | 39,975 | - | 206,453 | 20,949 | 993,728 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | |
| Contribution from School Board | | 4,425,479 | 2,050,000 | - | - | - | 6,475,479 |
| Commonwealth | | 27,348,856 | 8,430,555 | - | 413,366 | 326,895 | 36,519,672 |
| Federal Government | _ | 7,499,237 | 4,160,363 | 18,278,883 | 46,846 | 80,156 | 30,065,485 |
| Total revenues | \$_ | 321,147,541 \$ | 15,401,812 \$ | 18,278,883 \$ | 746,708 | \$ 1,739,573 \$ | 357,314,517 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Current: General government administration | Ś | 17,498,215 \$ | 96,808 \$ | 1,822,560 \$ | - | \$ - \$ | 19,417,583 |
| Judicial administration | Ļ | 5,589,083 | 1,012,948 | 1,022,300 \$ | | · · | 6,602,031 |
| Public safety | | 40,201,589 | 648,158 | 7,217,718 | - | - | 48,067,465 |
| Public works | | 7,683,222 | - | 611,047 | - | 102,496 | 8,396,765 |
| Health and welfare | | 20,340,530 | 12,180,031 | 3,385,399 | - | - | 35,905,960 |
| Education - local community college | | 24,048 | - | - | - | - | 24,048 |
| Education - public school system | | 146,381,563 | - | - | 53,279,666 | - | 199,661,229 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 8,321,599 | 500,000 | 80,408 | - | - | 8,902,007 |
| Community development | | 24,800,961 | 3,593,555 | 5,161,751 | - | 914,683 | 34,470,950 |
| Contingencies | | 596,120 | - | - | - | - | 596,120 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal payments | | - | - | - | | 36,357,876 | 36,357,876 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | - | - | - | 1,130,343 | 6,736,510 | 7,866,853 |
| Capital projects | _ | - _ | - - | <u> </u> | 13,186,207 | 142,857 | 13,329,064 |
| Total expenditures | \$_ | 271,436,930 \$ | 18,031,500 \$ | 18,278,883 \$ | 67,596,216 | \$ 44,254,422 \$ | 419,597,951 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ | 49.710.611 S | (2,629,688) \$ | - \$ | (66,849,508) | \$ (42,514,849) \$ | (62,283,434) |
| | - | *************************************** | (=,==:,===) | ⊤. | (00)011,000) | + <u>(:=)=::)=::)</u> + | (0=,=00, 10 1) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | , | ć | | ć | 74.045.000 | | 74.045.000 |
| Issuance of general obligation bonds | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | , , | \$ - \$ | |
| Premium on debt | | 2 944 (72 | 2 0/7 050 | - | 12,057,353 | - 44.07E 242 | 12,057,353 |
| Transfers in Transfers (out) | | 2,844,672 | 2,967,858 | - | 4,483,133 (20,582,984) | 44,075,343 | 54,371,006 |
| , , | _ | (30,752,140) | (327,892) | | | (2,787,990) | (54,451,006) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$_ | (27,907,468) \$ | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | 21,803,143 \$ | | - \$ | | | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | _ | 59,716,617 | 5,064,435 | | 13,330,475 | 9,479,855 | 87,591,382 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ <u>_</u> | 81,519,760 \$ | 5,074,713 \$ | <u>-</u> \$ | 17,383,469 | \$ 8,252,359 \$ | 112,230,301 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5) | | \$ 24,638,91 | 9 |
|---|---|---------------------------------|-----|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceed capital outlays in the current period is as follows: | | | |
| Capital outlay additions:Construction in progress additions\$ 1,993,999Construction in progress deletions(1,138,146)Building and improvements additions683,559Other improvements additions5,000Furniture, equipment and vehicle additions4,929,980 | \$ 6,474,392 | | |
| Depreciation expense | (10,158,729) | (3,684,33 | 7) |
| In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on capital assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold. | | (2,74 | 4) |
| School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County and School Board. The County share of School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship increased the transfers to the School Board as follows: | | | |
| School construction in progress additions School construction in progress deletions School buildings and improvements additions | \$ 22,910,906 (8,002,893) 2,958,572 | 17,866,58 | 5 |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, revenues are recorded when measurable and available to pay current obligations. However, in the statement of net position revenues are reported when earned. This requires adjustments to convert the revenues to the accrual basis. | | (315,23 | (4) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liability | | 1,794,61 ⁹ 396,96 | |
| Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. | | | |
| Less general obligation bond proceeds Less premium on debt issued Repayments: | (74,945,000) (12,057,353) | | |
| General obligation school bonds Public facility revenue bonds Virginia Resource Authority | 7,155,000 29,155,998 46,878 | (50,644,47 | 7) |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following: | | | |
| Compensated absences Amortization of deferred amount on refunding Amortization of bond premium Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liabilities Accrued interest payable | \$ 55,240 (27,464) 1,918,252 (15,107,855) (1,320,832) 8,605,253 (323,867) 222,228 | | |
| Net adjustment Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of health and dental insurance benefits, vehicle | | (5,979,04 | 5) |
| Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of health and dental insurance benefits, vehicle replacement and duplicating costs to individual funds. The change in net position of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. | | 286,87 | '6 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) | ! | \$ (15,641,87) | 2) |

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2021

| | - | Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds |
|---|------|--|
| Assets | - | 1 dilds |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 20,997,977 |
| Receivables, (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) | , | 129,958 |
| Prepaid expenses | _ | 65,255 |
| Total assets | \$ = | 21,193,190 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 55,112 |
| Reconciled overdraft | | 12,853 |
| Claims payable: | | |
| Due within one year | _ | 2,958,065 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 3,026,030 |
| Net Position | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ | 18,167,160 |
| OH ESCHELEU | ٠ - | 10,107,100 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ _ | 21,193,190 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | - | Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds |
|----------------------------------|------|--|
| Operating revenues | | |
| Charges for services, net | \$_ | 34,160,884 |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Benefits and related expenses | \$ | 32,999,082 |
| Services and supplies | - | 1,032,207 |
| Total operating expenses | \$_ | 34,031,289 |
| Operating income (loss) | \$_ | 129,595 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | |
| Interest income | \$ | 77,281 |
| Transfers | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 80,000 |
| | | _ |
| Net transfers | \$ _ | 80,000 |
| Change in net position | \$ | 286,876 |
| Net position, beginning of year | - | 17,880,284 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 18,167,160 |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds |
|---|------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from insured Receipts from services | \$ | 32,760,025 1,269,531 |
| Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | (35,507,099) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | ۶. | (1,477,543) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities | | |
| Transfers | \$. | 80,000 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Interest income | \$. | 77,281 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | \$ | (1,320,262) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | | 22,318,239 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 20,997,977 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 129,595 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Receivables, net | | (129,958) |
| Prepaid expenses | | (65,255) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | (510,866) |
| Reconciled overdraft | | (1,370) |
| Claims payable | | (899,689) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | (1,477,543) |

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2021

| | _ | Private Purpose Trust Funds | | Custodial Funds |
|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|----|--------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 8,801,746 | \$ | 9,644,081 |
| Investments with trustee | | 466,423 | | - |
| Accounts receivable | | 426,027 | | 1,460,115 |
| Total assets | \$ | 9,694,196 | \$ | 11,104,196 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | 558,109 |
| | | | _ | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 558,109 |
| Not Desition | | | | |
| Net Position | ċ | 0 604 106 | ċ | 10 544 007 |
| Restricted | \$ _ | 9,694,196 | \$ | 10,546,087 |

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Private Purpose Trust Funds | ī | Custodial Funds |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------------|----|--------------------|
| Additions | | | | |
| Investment earnings (losses) | \$ | 175,807 | \$ | 13,801 |
| Contributions | | - | | 111,984,046 |
| Proffers | _ | 1,696,580 | | |
| Total additions | \$ _ | 1,872,387 | \$ | 111,997,847 |
| Deductions | | | | |
| General | \$ | 56,139 | \$ | 112,876,508 |
| Contributions | | 588,206 | | - |
| | - | | | |
| Total deductions | \$_ | 644,345 | \$ | 112,876,508 |
| Change in net position | \$ | 1,228,042 | \$ | (878,661) |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | _ | 8,466,154 | | 11,424,748 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ = | 9,694,196 | \$ | 10,546,087 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Narrative Profile

The County of Albemarle, located in central Virginia and bordered by the counties of Augusta, Buckingham, Fluvanna, Greene, Louisa, Nelson, Orange and Rockingham, was founded in 1744. The County has a land area of 726 square miles.

The County is governed under the County Executive - Board of Supervisors form of government. Albemarle County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, human service programs, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the County of Albemarle, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Governmental standards established a statement that includes requirements and a reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easy to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis: The financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.
- Government-wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.
- <u>Statement of Net Position:</u> The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense the cost of "using up" capital assets in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

- <u>Statement of Activities</u>: The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).
- <u>Budgetary Comparison:</u> Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments will provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the government's original budget to the current comparison of final budget and actual results for its major funds.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The County has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

Inclusions in the Reporting Entity:

1. Component Unit:

Albemarle County School Board

The Albemarle County School Board is elected to four-year terms by the County voters. The School Board may hold property and the County issues general obligation debt for the School Board's capital projects. The School Board provides public primary and secondary education services to the County residents. The primary funding sources of the School Board are state and federal grants, and appropriations from the County, which are significant since the School Board does not have separate taxing authority. The County also approves the School Board budget. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity:

1. Jointly-Governed Organizations:

Jointly governed organizations are regional governments or other multi-governmental arrangements that are governed by representation from each of the governments that create the organizations, and the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the organization.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

1. <u>Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)</u>

The financial activities of the following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

Jefferson-Madison Regional Library

The Jefferson-Madison Regional Library provides library services to the Counties of Albemarle, Louisa, Madison, Greene and the City of Charlottesville. The participating localities provide annual contributions for operations based on book circulation. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Library's funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The County appropriated to the Library \$4,650,287 in operating funds in fiscal year 2021. The County has no equity interest in the Library.

<u>Albemarle-Charlottesville Jail Authority</u>

The City of Charlottesville, the County and Nelson County provide the financial support for the Authority and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The localities are charged on a per diem rate for their respective prisoner days. Other localities, the state and the federal government also reimburse the Authority for prisoner care. The Authority is excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over Authority fiscal matters. The County has no equity interest in the Jail Authority.

Emergency Communications Center

The University of Virginia, the City of Charlottesville, and the County provide the financial support for the Center and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality or organization contributes more than 50% of the Center's funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The County has no equity interest in the Center.

Albemarle County Service Authority

The Authority was created by the Board of Supervisors to operate the County's water and sewer system. The County has no control over Authority fiscal matters, Board members have no continuing relationship with the County, the Authority's Board approves its own budget and appoints management, the County is neither legally nor morally obligated for the Authority's debt, the County has no claim on surpluses nor responsibility for financing deficits, and the Authority sets its own rates. The County has no equity interest in the Authority.

Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport Authority

The Authority is excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over Authority fiscal matters. Board members have no continuing relationship with the County, the Authority Board approves its own budget and appoints management, and the County is neither legally nor morally obligated for the Authority's debt, the County has no claim on surpluses nor responsibility for financing deficits and the Authority sets its own rates. The County has no equity interest in the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

1. <u>Jointly-Governed Organizations: (Continued)</u>

Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority

The Authorities are excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over either Authority's fiscal matters. Both Authority Boards approve their own budget and appoint management. The County has no claims on surpluses, or responsibility for financing deficits, and the Authorities set their own rates. The County has no equity interest in either Authority.

Region Ten Community Services Board

The Region Ten Community Services Board was created to provide Health, Intellectual Disability, and Substance Abuse Services to the residents of the City of Charlottesville and the Counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna, Greene, and Nelson. The Board members are appointed by each participant locality. No locality appoints a majority of the Board members. The participating localities contribute annual operating grants to the Board but are not required to do so. The participants have no ongoing financial responsibilities to or equity interest in the Board.

Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission

The Commission was created to construct and operate a juvenile detention center for the Counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna and Greene, and the City of Charlottesville. Commission members are appointed by each participant locality. No locality appoints a majority of the Board Members. The participating localities contribute operating and capital grants to the Commission for its operations and debt service. In 2021, the County contributed \$444,328 in operating grants to the Commission. The County has no equity interest in the Commission.

Financial reports for the jointly governed organizations that issue separate financial statements can be obtained as follows:

Albemarle-Charlottesville Jail Authority, the Emergency Communications Center, the Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Center Chief Financial Officer County of Albemarle 401 McIntire Road Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Albemarle County Service Authority 168 Spotnap Road Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Rivanna Water & Sewer Authority and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority 695 Moores Creek Lane Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 Jefferson-Madison Regional Library Director of Finance City of Charlottesville City Hall Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport Authority 100 Bowen Loop, Suite 200 Charlottesville, Virginia 22901

Region Ten Community Services Board 800 Preston Avenue Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. In the current reporting model, the focus is on both the County as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component unit. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The government-wide financial statements exclude both fiduciary funds of the primary government and fiduciary-type component units.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Proprietary fund operating revenues consist of charges for services and related revenues. Nonoperating revenues consist of contribution, grants, investment earnings and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services. Internal service charges are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities are allocated to the various functional expense categories based on the internal charges to each function.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose and agency). Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in fiscal year 2021.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental Funds account for the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Funds are:

- a. <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues are used primarily to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.
- b. <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds include the following major and nonmajor funds:

<u>Federal/State Grants Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various federal and state grant funds including the funding for the Comprehensive Services Act program, criminal justice grants, Section 8 housing program and other related programs. The federal and state grant fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

The following special revenue funds are considered nonmajor for financial reporting purposes:

Fire Rescue Services Fund - This fund accounts for fire and rescue activities in the County.

<u>Courthouse Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for courthouse maintenance fees collected resulting from traffic and related fines.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

<u>CARES Act Fund</u> - The fund accounts for CARES Act federal grant funds received for COVID-19. The CARES Act fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Water Resources Fund</u> - This fund accounts for recent state mandates that have significance in water resources and to assist in storm water management.

<u>Stream Buffer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received in relation to stream protection projects.

Tourism Fund - This fund accounts for funds appropriated for tourism projects.

<u>Old Crozet School Fund</u> - This fund accounts for rental revenues and maintenance and operational expenditures for the Old Crozet School.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for economic development.

c. <u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt service funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources that are being accumulated for future debt service. Debt service funds include the following nonmajor funds:

<u>General Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for resources accumulated to pay debt service for all general obligation debt incurred for general capital projects. Financing is provided by transfers from the General Fund.

<u>School Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for debt service expenditures for the school system for the payments of principal and interest on the school system's general long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from the General Fund.

d. <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital project funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Capital project funds include the following:

General Capital Improvements Fund - This fund accounts for capital project expenditures for general public improvements and large equipment acquisitions. Financing is provided by governmental grants, capital leases and general fund revenues. This fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

e. <u>Storm Water Control Fund</u> - This fund accounts for expenditures for drainage and other systems for storm water control. Financing is provided primarily from General Fund revenues. This fund is considered a nonmajor fund for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Internal Service Funds.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Health Insurance Fund, Dental Plan Pool Fund, Duplicating Fund, Facilities Development Fund, Computer Replacement Fund and the Vehicle Replacement Fund. A description and nature of each fund follows:

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all activities of the County and Component Unit School Board employee health insurance program. Other jointly-governed organizations also participate in the program.

<u>Dental Plan Pool Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all activities of the County and Component Unit School Board employee dental insurance program. Other jointly-governed organizations also participate in the program.

<u>Duplicating Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received for copying, printing and related services.

<u>Computer Replacement Fund</u> - This fund accounts for activity of the County for the purchase and replacement of computers.

<u>Facilities Development Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all the operations of the County's capital projects management function. The major revenues of this fund consist of charges for services provided in coordinating and supervising all County building construction projects.

<u>Vehicle Replacement Fund</u> - This fund accounts for activity of the County for the purchase and disposal of County vehicles.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The funds include Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds. Private purpose trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the Proprietary Funds presentation. Custodial funds also utilize the accrual basis of accounting. The Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds consist of the following:

a. Private Purpose Trust Funds:

<u>McIntire Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by a private donor, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest and other earnings on assets may be used for educational purposes. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Juanise Dyer Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for college scholarships for a graduate of one of the County high schools.

<u>Weinstein Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for the installation of traffic control devices for a certain area of the County. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Crozet Crossings Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for assistance to persons who qualify for the purchase of homes in the Crozet Crossings project. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Synthetic Turf Field Funds</u> - These funds account for monies provided by private donors to be accumulated for purchase of synthetic turf fields. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Proffer Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received for proffers for seven communities located in the County. Earnings on these funds may be used for the construction of or upgrade of certain public improvements in the communities. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

b. Custodial Funds:

<u>Special Welfare Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided primarily through private donors for assistance of children in foster care, needy senior citizens and others. This fund is also used to account for monies received from other governments and individuals (i.e., social security and child support) to be paid to special welfare recipients.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds): (Continued)

b. Custodial Funds: (Continued)

<u>Drug Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from state and federal authorities for the prevention of drug abuse and distribution of illegal substances.

<u>Payroll Suspense Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various employee payroll withholdings and payments of employee benefits.

<u>HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for families participating in the County housing programs.

<u>County Contribution Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for charitable and other purposes.

<u>ACE Contribution Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received as private citizens-donations and will be used in combination with the funding from the County's ACE (Acquisition of Conservation Easements) program to obtain conservation easement acquisitions.

 $\overline{\text{Firearms Range Operating Fund}}$ - This fund accounts for the operations of the Firearms Range facility.

<u>CATEC Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for Charlottesville-Albemarle Vocational Technical Education Center. The County processes the payroll for the Center.

Appeal Bond Fund - This fund accounts for appeal bonds held for others.

Sheriff Reserve Fund - This fund accounts for funds held for the Sheriff's Department use.

<u>Performance Bond Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursements of performance bonds required by the County for erosion and sediment control, and other items relative to construction by private developers.

<u>Natural Heritage Fund</u> - This fund accounts for contributions held for the Natural Heritage Committee.

<u>Economic Development Authority Fund</u> - This fund accounts for amounts to be used for economic development purposes.

<u>Commonwealth Attorney Commission Fund</u> - This fund accounts for commissions held by the Commonwealth Attorney for others.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds): (Continued)

b. <u>Custodial Funds: (Continued)</u>

<u>Public Recreation Facility Authority</u> - This fund is used to account for amounts held by the Authority for operations related to open-space land and interests therein.

<u>Courts Escrow Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies which were received as a result of a seizure warrant and which are being held for others.

<u>Albemarle Broadband Authority</u> - This fund is used to account for amounts held by the Authority for Broadband Purposes.

4. Component Unit:

Albemarle County School Board:

The Albemarle County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Albemarle and State and Federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Food Services Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales, and State and Federal grants. The School Food Services Fund is considered a nonmajor fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Activities Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports the funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the schools involving personnel, students, or property. The School Activities Fund is considered a nonmajor fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports school construction and related expenditures of the public school system. Funding is primarily from investment earnings and appropriations from the County of Albemarle. The School Capital Projects Fund is considered a nonmajor fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide statements of net position and statements of activities, all proprietary funds, and private purpose trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net position or on the statement of fiduciary net position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

The statements of net position, statements of activities, financial statements of the Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects (for the primary government and component unit School Board) are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are unavailable. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and State reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenue when related eligible expenditures are incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component unit School Board. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary government funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally-adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: (Continued)

Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to commit an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the primary government and component unit School Board. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by the Board of Supervisors in the succeeding fiscal year. At June 30, 2021, amounts reappropriated by the Board totaled \$1,106,902.

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the County Executive submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings and open-houses are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Also, several work sessions between the Board of Supervisors and School Board are conducted on the School Board budget.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function and departmental level. The appropriation for each fund, function and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year. Supplemental appropriations may not be made without amending the budget.
- 5. The County legally adopted budgets for the following funds:

General, Federal/State Grants, CARES Act, Courthouse Maintenance, Fire Rescue Services Fund, Tourism, General Debt Service, School Debt Service, Stormwater Control, School Operating, School Food Services and School Capital Projects Funds.

The County may adopt budgets for other funds, such as the Internal Service and Trust and Custodial Funds, for use as a management control device over such funds. The budget for the General Capital Improvements Fund is not presented.

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County and School Board funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances: (Continued)

- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget as of June 30, 2021, as adopted, appropriated and legally amended.
- 9. The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. State law requires that if budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following procedures used in the adoption of the original budget. There were several budget amendments during the year that exceeded the 1% or \$500,000 limitations. The Board of Supervisors must approve all appropriations and transfers of appropriated amounts.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the county's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The County maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on average monthly balances. The majority of funds in the County's accounts are invested at all times.

F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$524,877 at June 30, 2021 and consists of taxes receivable in the General Fund.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

I. Inventories

Inventories are reported at average cost using the consumption method.

J. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds of the primary government and Component Unit School Board and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's and School Board's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. The County and Component Unit School Board do not have any infrastructure in their capital assets since roads, streets, bridges, and similar assets within its boundaries are property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 to 40 years Other improvements 10 to 20 years Furniture, equipment and vehicles 3 to 10 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

K. Compensated Absences

The County and Component Unit School Board accrue compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested.

The County and School Board have accrued the liability arising from outstanding compensated absences.

Primary Government

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various amounts depending on the length of service. Benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave or retirement bonus upon termination. There are various restrictions both for sick leave and retirement bonus upon termination of employment. Accumulated vacation up to 320 hours is paid upon termination. The County has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$5,079,041.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

K. <u>Compensated Absences: (Continued)</u>

Component Unit School Board

Certain School Board employees accrue vacation and sick leave.

The School Board has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$4,763,843.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Net Position

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

O. Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term obligations of governmental funds at face value. The face value of the debt is believed to be approximate fair value. Long-term obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

P. Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- * Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- * Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- * Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint:
- * Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- * Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

The Board of Supervisors has established a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to be no less than 10% of the County's total revenues and should the fund balance fall below the 10% target level, the County will develop a plan during the annual budget adoption process to replenish the fund balance over a period of not more than three years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability (ies) and/or contributions to the pension and OPEB plan(s) made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability(ies) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS and GLI Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

T. Adoption of Accounting Principles

In 2021, the County adopted Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the following restatement of net position:

| | | Net Position beginning of year, as previously reported | Implementation of GASB 84 | Net Position beginning of year, as restated |
|---|----|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Custodial Funds | | | | |
| Special Welfare Fund | \$ | - | \$ 78,962 \$ | 78,962 |
| Drug Fund | | - | 227,603 | 227,603 |
| Payroll Supsense Fund | | - | 863,337 | 863,337 |
| HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund | | - | 24,127 | 24,127 |
| County Contribution Fund | | - | 287,619 | 287,619 |
| Firearms Range Operating Fund | | - | 21,643 | 21,643 |
| CATEC Fund | | - | 490,364 | 490,364 |
| Appeal Bond Fund | | - | 4,500 | 4,500 |
| Sheriff Reserve Fund | | - | 1,864 | 1,864 |
| Performance Bond Fund | | - | 6,852,856 | 6,852,856 |
| Natural Heritage Fund | | - | 1,153 | 1,153 |
| Economic Development Authority Fund | | - | 813,710 | 813,710 |
| Commonwealth Attorney Commisson Fund | | - | 106,757 | 106,757 |
| Public Recreation Facility Authority | | - | 311,246 | 311,246 |
| Court Escrow Fund | | - | 7,807 | 7,807 |
| Albemarle Broadband Authority | _ | - | 1,331,200 | 1,331,200 |
| Total Custodial Funds | \$ | - | \$ 11,424,748 \$ | 11,424,748 |
| Component Unit School Board | \$ | (110,524,940) | \$ 3,180,594 \$ | (107,344,346) |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

U. <u>Upcoming Pronouncements</u>

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

State statutes require that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investor Service. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2021 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

| Rated Debt Investments | | Fair Quality Ratings | | | | | | |
|--|----|--------------------------|----|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | _ | AAAm | | Unrated | | | | |
| Mutual Fund | \$ | - | \$ | 385,898 | | | | |
| Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program Local Government Investment Pool | _ | 29,173,745 29,577,022 | | - | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 58,750,767 | \$ | 385,898 | | | | |

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The County maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at a measurement date
- Level 2. Directly or indirectly observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the asset or liability

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

| | | Fair Value M | ea | asurement Using | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|--------------|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Investment Type | | 6/30/2021 | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | | | | |
| Mutual Funds | \$_ | 385,898 | \$ | 385,898 | | | | |
| Total | \$_ | 385,898 | \$ | 385,898 | | | | |

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2021, there is no portion of the County's portfolio, excluding the LGIP that exceed 5% of the total portfolio. At present the County does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk.

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are amortized cost basis portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Investment Maturities (in years)

| Investment Type | | Fair Value | Less Than 1 Year |
|--|-----|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Mutual Funds Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program | \$ | 385,898 \$ 29,173,745 | 385,898 29,173,745 |
| Local Government Investment Pool | _ | 29,577,022 | 29,577,022 |
| Total | \$_ | 59,136,665 \$ | 59,136,665 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Restricted Investments

Restricted investments at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following:

| | Primary Government | Component Unit School Board |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: Capital Projects Fund: | | |
| General projects unexpended bond proceeds | \$9,237,024_\$ | 19,929,883 |
| Total | \$9,237,024 _\$ | 19,929,883 |

NOTE 3—PROPERTY TAXES:

Real property taxes are assessed on property values as of January 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date levied by the Board of Supervisors. Personal property taxes are assessed on a prorated basis for the period the property is located in the County and also attach as an enforceable lien on the property.

Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments, the first on June 5 and the second on December 5.

A ten-percent penalty is levied on all taxes not collected on or before their due date. An interest charge of ten percent per annum is also levied on such taxes beginning on their due date.

Property taxes for calendar year 2021 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors on May 14, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021.

Property taxes levied in the current and prior year have been recorded as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. Property tax amounts levied in May 2021, but due in December 2021, are not reported as receivables in the current year. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized as revenues in the current fiscal year. Taxes receivable as of the end of the year (June 30) and not collected until the succeeding year are reported as unavailable revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 4—RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

| Primary Government | | | | | | | | | | | | Component |
|------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|----|-----------------|
| | | | | Unit | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | General | | Federal/ State Grants Fund | • | General Capital Improvements | | Other Governmental Funds | _ | Total | | School Board |
| Property taxes Other | \$ | 16,296,141 3,132,553 | \$ | 305,756 | \$ | - 17,119 | \$ | - 151,665 | \$ | 16,296,141 3,607,093 | \$ | 223,854 |
| Total | \$ | 19,428,694 | \$ | 305,756 | \$ | 17,119 | \$ | 151,665 | \$ | 19,903,234 | \$ | 223,854 |
| Allowance for uncollectibles | _ | (524,877) | | - | - | - | | - | _ | (524,877) | | - |
| Net receivables | \$ | 18,903,817 | \$ | 305,756 | \$ | 17,119 | \$ | 151,665 | \$_ | 19,378,357 | \$ | 223,854 |

NOTE 5-DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

| | | | Component Unit | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | _ | General | Federal/ State Grants Fund | General Capital Improvements | Total | School Board |
| Commonwealth of Virginia: | | | | | | |
| Local sales taxes | \$ | 3,615,012 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 3,615,012 \$ | - |
| State sales taxes | | - | - | - | - | 2,530,514 |
| PPTRA | | 6,783,357 | - | - | 6,783,357 | - |
| Communications tax | | 278,365 | - | - | 278,365 | - |
| Comprehensive Services Act | | - | 1,416,128 | - | 1,416,128 | - |
| Shared expenses | | 190,751 | - | - | 190,751 | - |
| Public assistance grants | | 184,577 | - | - | 184,577 | - |
| Other state funds | | - | 6,479 | 64,428 | 70,907 | 317,395 |
| Federal government: | | | | | | |
| School funds | | - | - | - | - | 5,280,109 |
| Public assistance grants | | 482,458 | - | - | 482,458 | - |
| Other federal funds | _ | <u> </u> | 146,887 | <u> </u> | 146,887 | - |
| Total | \$ <u>1</u> | 1,534,520 \$ | 1,569,494 \$ | 64,428 \$ | 13,168,442 \$ | 8,128,018 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 6-INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY:

| Primary Government Balances Due To/From Other Funds There are no balances due to or from other funds at June 30, 2021. | | |
|--|------------|--|
| Transfers To/From Other Funds | | |
| General Fund Federal/State Grants Fund for other costs Capital Projects Water resources for costs expended Tourism Fund for tourism program costs expended | \$ | 327,892 100,000 1,190,238 1,226,542 |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 2,844,672 |
| Federal/State Grants Fund General and other funds for local match funds for various grant programs | \$_ | 2,967,858 |
| General Debt Service General and other funds for debt service expenditures | \$ | 18,786,580 |
| School Debt Service General Fund for debt service expenditures | \$ | 23,900,755 |
| General Capital Improvements: General Fund for capital projects Courthouse Maintenance Fund for building renovations and other costs | \$ | 4,452,357 30,776 |
| Total General Capital Improvements Fund | \$ | 4,483,133 |
| Computer Replacement Fund General Fund for computer replacement | \$ | 80,000 |
| Water Resources Fund General Fund for water resources projects | \$_ | 1,388,008 |
| Total transfers | \$ <u></u> | 54,451,006 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities:

| | | Balance July 1, 2020 | | Additions | Deletions | | Balance June 30, 2021 |
|--|------|--|------------|---|------------------------|-----|--|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress School construction in progress * | \$ | 11,704,520 5,558,982 6,163,198 | \$ - | - \$ 1,993,999 22,910,906 | 1,138,146 8,002,893 | \$ | 11,704,520 6,414,835 21,071,211 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | \$_ | 23,426,700 | \$_ | 24,904,905 \$ | 9,141,039 | \$_ | 39,190,566 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Other improvements School buildings and improvements * Furniture, equipment and vehicles | \$ | 90,061,377 13,345,143 93,264,498 63,544,722 | \$_ | 683,559 \$ 5,000 2,958,572 4,929,980 | - - - 389,719 | \$ | 90,744,936 13,350,143 96,223,070 68,084,983 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$_ | 260,215,740 | \$_ | 8,577,111 \$ | 389,719 | \$_ | 268,403,132 |
| Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Other improvements School buildings and improvements * Furniture, equipment and vehicles | \$ | 37,724,263 9,178,926 6,096,188 50,320,667 | \$ | 2,341,591 \$ 449,425 3,232,297 4,135,416 | - - - 386,975 | \$ | 40,065,854 9,628,351 9,328,485 54,069,108 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ | 103,320,044 | \$ | 10,158,729 \$ | 386,975 | \$ | 113,091,798 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$_ | 156,895,696 | \$_ | (1,581,618) \$ | 2,744 | \$ | 155,311,334 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$_ | 180,322,396 | Ş <u>_</u> | 23,323,287 \$ | 9,143,783 | \$ | 194,501,900 |
| Depreciation expense was allocated as General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation and cultural Community development | foll | | \$ | 2,261,140 353,200 3,356,924 15,836 13,061 3,274,037 806,673 77,858 | | | |
| Total depreciation expense | | | \$ = | 10,158,729 | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

| Component Unit School Board: | | D (| | | | | D . I |
|--|-----|--|-------------|---|------------------------|-----|---|
| | | Balance July 1, 2020 | | Additions | Deletions | | Balance June 30, 2021 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Construction in progress | \$ | 6,174,142 \$ 15,078,901 | <u>-</u> | - \$ | 8,002,893 | \$ | 6,174,142 21,071,211 |
| School construction in progress allocated to County * | _ | (6,163,198) | | (22,910,906) | (8,002,893) | | (21,071,211) |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | \$_ | 15,089,845 \$ | <u> </u> | (8,915,703) \$ | - | \$_ | 6,174,142 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Other improvements School buildings and improvements* Furniture, equipment and vehicles | \$ | 306,163,823 \$ 23,891,651 (93,264,498) 47,713,818 | õ | 13,151,978 \$ 728,835 (2,958,572) 1,717,653 | - - - 584,948 | \$ | 319,315,801 24,620,486 (96,223,070) 48,846,523 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$ | 284,504,794 \$ | 5 | 12,639,894 \$ | 584,948 | \$ | 296,559,740 |
| Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Other improvements School buildings and improvements * Furniture, equipment and vehicles | \$ | 181,440,952 \$ 10,978,346 (6,096,188) 42,273,815 | - } _ | 10,610,816 \$ 1,330,771 (3,232,297) 1,817,528 | - - - 584,948 | \$ | 192,051,768 12,309,117 (9,328,485) 43,506,395 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ | 228,596,925 \$ | <u> </u> | 10,526,818 \$ | 584,948 | \$ | 238,538,795 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | \$_ | 55,907,869 \$ | S_ | 2,113,076 \$ | - | \$_ | 58,020,945 |
| School board capital assets, net | \$_ | 70,997,714 \$ | 5_ | (6,802,627) \$ | - | \$ | 64,195,087 |
| Depreciation expense allocated to educat | ion | <u> </u> | - - | 10,526,818 | | | |

^{*} School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the component unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

| Net capital assets | \$ | 194,501,900 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Long-term debt applicable to capital assets at June 30, 2021: | | |
| General obligation school bonds \$ | 57,515,000 | |
| School - Public facility revenue bonds | 79,709,164 | |
| County - Public facility revenue bonds | 61,600,837 | |
| Premium on bonds payable | 18,023,808 | |
| Deferred amount for issuance premiums | (294,668) \$ | 216,554,141 |
| Less-debt proceeds received but not expended on capital assets at June 30, 2020 | _ | (29,166,907) |
| Net long-term debt | \$ | 187,387,234 |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 7,114,666 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Primary Government

General Fund revenues are used to pay all long-term general obligation debt, capital leases, pension and OPEB liabilities and governmental activities compensated absences.

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021:

| | _ | Balance July 1, 2020 | Increases/ Issuances | Decreases/ Retirements | Balance June 30, 2021 | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|---|------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| General obligation school bonds: | | | | | | |
| Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements School - Public facility revenue bonds: | \$ | 64,670,000 \$ | - \$ | 7,155,000 \$ | 57,515,000 \$ | 7,085,000 |
| Public Offerings | | 30,293,072 | 54,733,779 | 5,317,687 | 79,709,164 | 4,193,953 |
| Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements County - Public facility revenue bonds: | | 7,641,000 | - | 7,641,000 | - | - |
| Public Offerings Virginia Resource Authority: | | 57,586,927 | 20,211,221 | 16,197,311 | 61,600,837 | 4,711,048 |
| Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements | | 68,437 | - | 46,878 | 21,559 | 21,559 |
| Premium on bonds payable | | 7,884,707 | 12,057,353 | 1,918,252 | 18,023,808 | 2,196,352 |
| Claims payable | | 3,857,754 | 31,990,294 | 32,889,983 | 2,958,065 | 2,958,065 |
| Net pension liability | | 33,652,890 | 25,687,901 | 10,580,046 | 48,760,745 | - |
| Net OPEB liability: | | | | | | |
| Net Health Insurance OPEB liability | \$ | 12,665,828 \$ | 2,077,466 \$ | 924,571 \$ | 13,818,723 \$ | - |
| Net Group Life Insurance OPEB liability | | 3,506,896 | 1,135,969 | 968,032 | 3,674,833 | - |
| Total net OPEB liability | \$ | 16,172,724 \$ | 3,213,435 \$ | 1,892,603 \$ | 17,493,556 \$ | - |
| Compensated absences | - | 5,134,281 | 458,188 | 513,428 | 5,079,041 | 507,904 |
| Total primary government | \$_ | 226,961,792 \$ | 148,352,171 \$ | 84,152,188 \$ | 291,161,775 \$ | 21,673,881 |
| Reconciliation to Exhibit 1: | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities due within one year | : | | | \$ | 21,673,881 | |
| Long-term liabilities due in more than on | e ye | ear: | | - | 269,487,894 | |
| Total long-term obligations | | | | \$ | 291,161,775 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize general long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

| | | Direct Borro | - | | Revenue & I | Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements | | | | |
|----------------|-----|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------|--|---------------|------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Year Ending | | | | School Public Facility | | | County Public | Facility | | |
| | | General Obligation School Bonds | | Public Offerings | | | Public Off | erings | Virginia Resource Authority | |
| June 30, | _ | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2022 | \$ | 7,085,000 \$ | 2,413,434 \$ | 4,193,953 \$ | 2,887,012 | \$ | 4,711,048 \$ | 2,422,310 | \$ 21,559 \$ | 316 |
| 2023 | | 6,045,000 | 2,104,623 | 5,322,050 | 2,804,995 | | 5,042,949 | 2,234,345 | - | - |
| 2024 | | 5,680,000 | 1,829,431 | 4,531,425 | 2,538,895 | | 4,363,575 | 1,982,198 | - | - |
| 2025 | | 5,415,000 | 1,567,903 | 4,691,394 | 2,316,422 | | 4,478,603 | 1,775,217 | - | - |
| 2026 | | 5,035,000 | 1,321,021 | 4,773,899 | 2,168,231 | | 4,746,102 | 1,582,214 | - | - |
| 2027 | | 4,740,000 | 1,090,609 | 4,292,061 | 1,986,444 | | 3,327,940 | 1,369,380 | - | - |
| 2028 | | 3,985,000 | 883,854 | 4,104,066 | 1,788,514 | | 3,390,933 | 1,234,343 | - | - |
| 2029 | | 3,500,000 | 708,769 | 4,296,483 | 1,597,501 | | 3,533,517 | 1,089,054 | - | - |
| 2030 | | 2,180,000 | 579,316 | 4,251,056 | 1,406,759 | | 3,583,943 | 947,448 | - | - |
| 2031 | | 2,230,000 | 472,626 | 4,438,470 | 1,218,431 | | 3,726,530 | 803,763 | - | - |
| 2032 | | 1,790,000 | 371,181 | 4,629,487 | 1,020,883 | | 3,875,513 | 653,399 | - | - |
| 2033 | | 1,845,000 | 317,481 | 4,325,856 | 844,815 | | 3,834,145 | 508,567 | - | - |
| 2034 | | 1,900,000 | 262,131 | 3,881,877 | 679,803 | | 2,328,124 | 363,047 | - | - |
| 2035 | | 1,965,000 | 200,381 | 3,998,636 | 560,568 | | 2,401,363 | 290,070 | - | - |
| 2036 | | 2,025,000 | 136,519 | 3,713,235 | 437,006 | | 2,316,765 | 213,918 | - | - |
| 2037 | | 2,095,000 | 70,706 | 3,209,023 | 320,417 | | 1,650,977 | 138,508 | - | - |
| 2038 | | - | - | 2,683,892 | 221,124 | | 1,041,108 | 85,776 | - | - |
| 2039 | | - | - | 2,734,327 | 167,446 | | 1,060,673 | 64,954 | - | - |
| 2040 | | - | - | 2,791,968 | 112,759 | | 1,083,032 | 43,741 | - | - |
| 2041 | _ | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 2,846,006 | 56,920 | _ | 1,103,997 | 22,080 | <u> </u> | - |
| | \$_ | 57,515,000 \$ | 14,329,985 \$ | 79,709,164 \$ | 25,134,945 | \$ | 61,600,837 \$ | 17,824,332 | \$ 21,559\$ | 316 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of general long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

| | | Amount Outstanding |
|---|----|-----------------------|
| County Public Facilities Revenue Bonds: Public Offerings: | _ | |
| \$34,270,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, (General portion \$25,550,000), issued November 14, 2013, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2033, interest payable semi-annually at 3.353% | \$ | 15,865,000 |
| \$38,880,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds 2015B Series, (General portion \$26,139,343) issued September 30, 2015, maturing in various annual installments ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$3,125,000 through June 1, 2036, interest payable semi-annually 2.7% | | 16,914,686 |
| \$22,240,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, (General portion \$10,259,891) issued March 9, 2017, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2037, interest payable semi-annually 2.853% | | 8,609,930 |
| \$66,710,000, Public Facility Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A (General portion \$18,644,924), issued June 24, 2021, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2041, interest payable semi-annually ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% | | 18,644,924 |
| \$8,235,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B, (General portion \$1,566,297), issued June 24, 2021, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2026, interest payable semi-annually ranging from 0.65% to 5.00% | | 1,566,297 |
| Total County public facilities revenue bonds | \$ | 61,600,837 |
| School Public Facilities Revenue Bonds: Public Offerings: | | |
| \$34,270,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, (School portion \$8,720,000), issued November 14, 2013, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2033, interest payable | | |
| semi-annually at 3.353% | \$ | 5,860,000 |
| \$66,710,000, Public Facility Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A (School portion \$48,065,076), issued June 24, 2021, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2041, interest payable semi-annually ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% | | 48,065,076 |
| \$8,235,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B, (School portion \$6,668,703), issued June 24, 2021, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2026, interest payable semi appropriate from 0.65% to 5.00% | | |
| interest payable semi-annually ranging from 0.65% to 5.00% | | 6,668,703 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of general long-term obligations: (Continued)

| | | Amount Outstanding |
|---|------|-----------------------|
| School Public Facilities Revenue Bonds: (Continued) Public Offerings: (Continued) | _ | |
| \$22,240,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, (School portion \$11,980,109) issued March 9, 2017, maturing in various annual installments through June 1, 2037, interest payable semi-annually 2.853% | | 9,670,071 |
| \$38,880,000, Public Facility Revenue Bonds 2015B Series, (School portion \$12,740,657) issued September 30, 2015, maturing in various annual installments ranging from | | |
| \$1,000,000 to \$3,125,000 through June 1, 2036, interest payable semi-annually 2.7% | _ | 9,445,314 |
| Total School public facilities revenue bonds | \$ _ | 79,709,164 |
| General Obligation School Bonds: Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: \$30,435,000, Series 2017, issued March 8, 2017, maturing in various annual installments through July 1, 2037, interest payable semi-annually at 2.853% | \$ | 26,380,000 |
| | ۲ | 20,300,000 |
| \$2,000,000, Qualified School Construction Bonds, issued December 1, 2011, maturing in various annual installments through December 1, 2030, interest free as a federal tax credit | | |
| is provided to bondholders | | 1,200,000 |
| \$2,605,000, 2000B Series, issued November 16, 2000, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2020, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.975% to 5.85% | | - |
| \$20,330,000, 2001A series, issued November 15, 2001, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.1% to | | 4 045 000 |
| 5.1% | | 1,015,000 |
| \$8,365,000, 2002A Series, issued October 15, 2002, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2022, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2.35% to 5.10% | | 830,000 |
| \$6,760,000, 2003A Series, issued November 6, 2003, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2023, interest payable semi-annually at rates from $3.10%$ to $5.35%$ | | 1,005,000 |
| \$8,950,000, 2004B Series, issued November 10, 2004, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.10% to | | |
| 5.60% | | 1,780,000 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of general long-term obligations: (Continued)

| | | Amount Outstanding |
|---|-----|-----------------------|
| General Obligation School Bonds: (Continued) Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: (Continued) \$7,380,000, 2005A Series, issued November 10, 2005, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2025, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.10% to | - | |
| 5.60% | \$ | 1,830,000 |
| \$15,020,000, 2006B Series, issued November 9, 2006, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2026, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.23% to 5.10% | | 4 500 000 |
| \$11,325,000, 2007A Series, issued November 8, 2007, maturing in various annual | | 4,500,000 |
| installments through July 15, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.10% | | 3,955,000 |
| \$28,045,000, 2008A Series, issued December 11, 2008, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2028, interest payable semi-annually at 4.66% | | 11,200,000 |
| \$7,670,000, 2010D Series, issued November 10, 2010, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2030, interest payable semi-annually at 2.867% | _ | 3,820,000 |
| Total general obligation school bonds | \$ | 57,515,000 |
| Virginia Resource Authority: Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: \$400,000 Virginia Resource Authority loan issued June 23, 2011, due in various semi-annual | | |
| installments through December 1, 2021, interest at 2.73% | \$. | 21,559 |
| Compensated absences | \$. | 5,079,041 |
| Claims payable | \$. | 2,958,065 |
| Net pension liability | \$. | 48,760,745 |
| Net Health Insurance OPEB Obligation | \$. | 13,818,723 |
| Net Group Life Insurance OPEB Obligation | \$. | 3,674,833 |
| Unamortized bond premiums | \$. | 18,023,808 |
| Total long-term obligations | \$ | 291,161,775 |

Federal Arbitrage Regulations:

The County is in compliance with federal arbitrage regulations. Any potential liabilities arising from arbitrage are estimated to be immaterial in relation to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit—School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2021.

| | _ | Balance July 1, 2020 | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2021 | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|--|------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Compensated absences | \$ | 5,207,232 \$ | 77,334 \$ | 520,723 \$ | 4,763,843 \$ | 476,384 |
| School Energy Improvement Lease | | 7,019,029 | - | 581,871 | 6,437,158 | 619,516 |
| Net pension liability | | 152,492,821 | 64,512,910 | 46,091,394 | 170,914,337 | - |
| Net OPEB Liability: | | | | | | |
| Net HIC OPEB obligation | \$ | 15,174,269 \$ | 2,679,871 \$ | 2,233,442 \$ | 15,620,698 \$ | - |
| Net Group Life Insurance OPEB liability | | 8,683,092 | 2,635,187 | 2,234,302 | 9,083,977 | - |
| Net Health Insurance OPEB liability | | 25,932,355 | 4,253,465 | 1,892,994 | 28,292,826 \$ | - |
| Total net OPEB Liability | \$ | 49,789,716 \$ | 9,568,523 \$ | 6,360,738 \$ | 52,997,501 | - |
| Total | \$ | 214,508,798 \$ | 74,158,767 \$ | 53,554,726 \$ | 235,112,839 \$ | 1,095,900 |
| Reconciliation to Exhibit 1: | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities due within one year | | | | \$ | 1,095,900 | |
| Long-term liabilities due in more than one | e ye | ar | | | 234,016,939 | |
| Total long-term debt | , | | | \$ | 235,112,839 | |

School fund revenues and appropriations from the General Fund are used to pay its compensated absences.

Annual requirements to amortize the energy improvements lease are as follows:

| Year Ending | | School Energy Improvement Lease | | | | |
|----------------|----|------------------------------------|----|-----------|--|--|
| June 30, | | Principal | | Interest | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 619,516 | \$ | 215,072 | | |
| 2023 | | 658,354 | | 192,645 | | |
| 2024 | | 680,412 | | 169,149 | | |
| 2025 | | 703,003 | | 144,871 | | |
| 2026 | | 726,140 | | 119,790 | | |
| 2027 | | 749,834 | | 93,886 | | |
| 2028 | | 774,098 | | 67,141 | | |
| 2029 | | 766,761 | | 40,099 | | |
| 2030 | , | 759,040 | | 13,321 | | |
| | \$ | 6,437,158 | \$ | 1,055,974 | | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit—School Board: (Continued)

Details of Long-term obligations are as follows:

| | | Amount |
|--|-----|-------------|
| School Energy Improvement Lease | - | Outstanding |
| \$7,821,492, School Energy Improvement Lease, issued September 28, 2017, maturing in various annual installments through August 15, 2029, interest payable | | |
| semi-annually at 3.510% | \$_ | 6,437,158 |
| Compensated absences | \$_ | 4,763,843 |
| Net pension liability - professional | \$_ | 170,914,337 |
| Net OPEB liabilities | \$_ | 52,997,501 |
| Total long-term obligations | \$_ | 235,112,839 |

Current Refunding of Debt:

On June 24, 2021 the county issued public facility revenue refunding bonds to currently refund its 2011 and 2015 lease revenue bonds. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service over the next fourteen years by \$2,468,008 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,261,760.

NOTE 9-UNEARNED AND DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE:

The following is a summary of unearned revenue for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Deferred revenue /unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

| | Government-wide Statements | | Balance Sheet |
|---|-------------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | | Governmental Funds |
| Deferred/Unavailable revenue: | | _ | |
| Unearned revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are | | | |
| not available for the funding of current expenditures | \$ - | \$ | 7,763,927 |
| Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget year | 4,469,657 | | 4,469,657 |
| Total deferred/unavailable revenue | \$ 4,469,657 | \$ | 12,233,584 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 10—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board:

- A. Federal programs in which the County and School Board participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.
- B. The County was named as a party along with the City of Charlottesville and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority as defendants relating to the operation of the Ivy Landfill. The plaintiffs allege that pollutants have been and are being discharged into the air, and underground and surface waters in violation of various federal and state laws. The plaintiffs sought injunctive relief of \$25,000 per day in civil penalties for violations of federal and state environmental laws and \$5,000,000 in compensatory damages, and payment of all attorneys' fees. The lawsuit has been settled and dismissed by all plaintiffs except for two. Those lawsuits were dismissed without prejudice and may be re-filed. The County has no identified insurance coverage for the claim if it is re-filed. Counsel is of the opinion that the lawsuit, if re-filed, has potential liability for the County primarily arising from the claim, which could require removal of pollutants from the landfill if they are contaminating adjacent properties, and for related attorney fees. Counsel is of the opinion that the County's liability appears to be limited by the ability of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority to fund appropriate remediation and settlement of the claims.
- C. Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission The County, the City of Charlottesville and the Counties of Greene and Fluvanna formed the Commission to construct and operate the facility. At June 30, 2002 the facility construction was complete, and operations commenced in July, 2002.
- D. On June 27, 2003 the County entered into an agreement with Motorola, Inc. for the purchase of a communication system (basic emergency services radio system and communications towers). The City of Charlottesville and University of Virginia are also parties to this agreement. The financing of the project was provided by a lease/purchase agreement with Motorola in the amount of \$7,000,000 in which the County was the bearer of the debt. The City of Charlottesville received a grant from the federal government in the amount of \$6,000,000 for the project and will pass through a portion of these funds to the County as fiscal agent for the Emergency Communications Center (the operator of the system) as the project is completed. Each locality will be responsible for the purchase and maintenance of the radio equipment that will be installed in their law enforcement and emergency services facilities and vehicles. The County has committed to provide its share of the local funding for this project and for the purchase and maintenance of radio equipment to be installed in the County's law enforcement and emergency services facilities and vehicles.
- E. There are a number of matters of litigation involving the County Police Department and certain police officers. All of these matters have been referred to the County's insurance carriers which are handling the matters. Counsel is of the opinion that the County has no liability in the matters other than the financial responsibilities to the insurance carriers.
- F. There are a number of other ongoing capital projects that have been approved and for which funds have been designated to finance them.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 11-PART-TIME EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN:

The County contributes to the County of Albemarle Pension Plan for Permanent Part-time Employees, a defined contribution plan for its permanent part-time employees. Under the terms of the plan administered by Retirement Plan Administrative Services, Ltd., employees are eligible to participate following five years of service. Between five and ten years of service, participants receive a contribution of five percent (5%) of covered payroll. Between ten and fifteen years of service, participants receive a contribution of seven percent (7%) of covered payroll. Between fifteen and twenty years of service, participants receive a contribution of nine percent (9%) of covered payroll. Participants with over twenty (20) years of service receive a contribution of eleven percent (11%) of covered payroll.

The County Board of Supervisors and the School Board are responsible for establishing the plan's provisions as well as all amendments each year as part of the budgetary process. They also provide all contributions to the plan (the employee makes no contributions to the plan). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings.

The County and School Board's contributions to the plan for fiscal year 2021 were \$28,325 and \$201,997, respectively. The average payroll for covered County employees was \$362,296 and \$2,952,905 for School Board employees, respectively. The contribution averaged 7.82% and 6.84% of the covered payrolls of the County and School Board, respectively. The County and School Board had no investments with the plan at any time during the year.

NOTE 12-ANNEXATION AND REVENUE SHARING AGREEMENT:

An Annexcorreation and Revenue Sharing Agreement dated February 17, 1982 between the County and the City of Charlottesville, Virginia was approved in a public referendum on May 18, 1982. The agreement requires the County and City annually to contribute portions of their respective real property tax bases and revenues to a Revenue and Economic Growth Sharing Fund. Distribution of the fund and the resulting net transfer of funds shall be made on each January 31 while this agreement remains in effect.

During the time this agreement is in effect, the City will not initiate any annexation procedures against the County. Also, pursuant to this agreement, a committee was created to study the desirability of combining the governments and the services presently provided by them.

This agreement became effective July 1, 1982 and remains in effect until:

- 1. The County and City are consolidated into a single political subdivision, or
- 2. The concept for independent cities presently existing in Virginia is altered by State law in such a manner that real property in the City becomes a part of the County's tax base, or
- 3. The County and City mutually agree to cancel or change the agreement.

During the fiscal year, the County paid \$14,589,313 to the City as a result of this agreement. Amounts to be paid pursuant to this agreement are to be funded from revenues of the fiscal year in which paid.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report participate in the VRS plan through County of Albemarle and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 14.12% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially-determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$6,227,157 and \$5,333,508 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$48,760,745 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability: (Continued)

June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2020, and June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 95.01% and 95.04%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's Retirement Plan and the County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

RP-20202114 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-20202114 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-20202114 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final |
| | retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age |
| | and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Lowered rates |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits: (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

RP-20202114 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-20202114 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-20202114 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2021; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age |
| | and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class (Strategy) | Long-Term Target Asset Allocation | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 4.65% | 1.58% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.46% | 0.07% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.38% | 0.75% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.01% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 8.34% | 1.17% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.04% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.49% | 0.19% |
| Total | 100.00% | | 4.64% |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% |
| *Ex _l | pected arithme | tic nominal return | 7.14% |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions complied for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially-determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | Rate | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|------------|----|---------------|---------|-----|--|
| | (5.75%) | | | (6.75%) | (7.75%) | | |
| County | _ | | | - | | | |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 76,718,786 | \$ | 48,760,745 \$ | 25,595, | 867 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$10,955,215. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Primary Government | | |
|--|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 5,994,284 \$ | - | |
| Difference in proportionate share | | 73,258 | - | |
| Change in assumptions | | 2,581,580 | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 4,909,814 | - | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | _ | 6,227,157 | | |
| Total | \$_ | 19,786,093 \$ | | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$6,227,157 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | | Primary |
|--------------------|----|------------|
| Year ended June 30 | _ | Government |
| 2022 | \$ | 4,524,081 |
| 2023 | | 4,726,922 |
| 2024 | | 2,758,397 |
| 2025 | | 1,549,537 |
| Thereafter | | - |

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

| | Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional |
|--|---|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 207 |
| Inactive members: Vested inactive members | 48 |
| Non-vested inactive members | 152 |
| Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS | 134 |
| Total inactive members | 334 |
| Active members | 233 |
| Total covered employees | 774 |
| | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 4.34% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially-determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$327,696 and \$309,723 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Component School Board (nonprofessional) | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|---|--|
| | | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
| | | Total Pension Liability (a) | | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$_ | 30,752,072 | \$ | 31,027,674 | \$ | (275,602) | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 649,302 | \$ | - | \$ | 649,302 | |
| Interest | | 2,020,371 | | - | | 2,020,371 | |
| Differences between expected | | | | | | | |
| and actual experience | | 465,165 | | - | | 465,165 | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 303,793 | | (303,793) | |
| Contributions - employee | | - | | 459,364 | | (459, 364) | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 588,194 | | (588,194) | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (1,641,298) | | (1,641,298) | | - | |
| Administrative expenses | | - | | (20,348) | | 20,348 | |
| Other changes | | - | | (812) | | 812 | |
| Net changes | \$ | 1,493,540 | \$ | (311,107) | \$ | 1,804,647 | |
| Balances at June 30, 2020 | \$_ | 32,245,612 | \$ | 30,716,567 | \$ | 1,529,045 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | Rate | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------|--|
| | | (5.75%) | | (6.75%) | | (7.75%) | |
| Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) | <u>^</u> | F 2/0 02/ | ć | 4 520 045 | ć | (4.500.450) | |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 5,268,936 | \$ | 1,529,045 | \$ | (1,599,150) | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$989,551. At June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Component Unit School | | |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|
| | | Board (nonprofessional) | | |
| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 250,803 | \$ | 4,181 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 64,465 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 917,890 | | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | _ | 327,696 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,560,854 | \$ | 4,181 |
| | _ | · | _ | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)

\$327,696 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) |
|--------------------|---|
| 2022 | \$ 292,756 |
| 2023 | 326,299 |
| 2024 | 314,759 |
| 2025 | 295,163 |
| Thereafter | - |

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$16,033,889 and \$15,466,883 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$169,385,292 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially-determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019, relative to the total of the actuarially-determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was 1.1640% as compared to 1.1587% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$20,429,037. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ 9,928,588 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions | | 12,883,627 11,562,670 | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 3,467,696 | 71,750 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | _ | 16,033,889 | <u>-</u> |
| Total | \$ | 43,947,882 | \$ 10,000,338 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional): (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued)

\$16,033,889 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 2022 | \$ 1,267,030 |
| 2023 | 5,422,130 |
| 2024 | 6,588,026 |
| 2025 | 4,806,453 |
| 2026 | (169,984) |
| Thereafter | - |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

| Inflation | 2.5% |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Salary increases, including inflation | 3.5% - 5.95% |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation* |

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-20202114 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-20202114 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-20202114 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Teacher Employee

| | _ | Retirement Plan |
|---|----|-----------------|
| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 51,001,855 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 36,449,229 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 14,552,626 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | _ | |
| of the Total Pension Liability | | 71.47% |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 13-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | Rate | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | (5.75%) | (6.75%) | (7.75%) |
| School division's proportionate share of | | | |
| the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement | | | |
| Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ 248,526,265 | \$ 169,385,292 | \$ 103,925,702 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annualreport.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

| VRS Pension Plans: | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Deferred Outflows | Deferred Inflows | Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Pension Expense | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | 19,786,093 \$ | <u> </u> | 48,760,745 \$ | 10,955,215 | | | | | | |
| Component Unit School Board School Board Nonprofessional School Board Professional Totals | \$ \$ | 1,560,854 \$ 43,947,882 45,508,736 \$ | 4,181 \$ 10,000,338 10,004,519 \$ | 1,529,045 \$ 169,385,292 170,914,337 \$ | 989,551 20,429,037 21,418,588 | | | | | | |

NOTE 14-LEGAL COMPLIANCE:

A. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2021.

B. Fund Deficits

There are no funds with deficit balances at June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 15-SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County administers employee health, dental and unemployment insurance programs. The health and dental insurance activity has accounting in an internal service fund. Unemployment programs have accounting in the General and School funds.

Employee Health Insurance:

Albemarle County, Albemarle County School Board, Albemarle County Water and Sewer Authority, and several other entities established a public entity risk pool to provide consolidated health care benefits for their employees. The plan is based on a service contract with a private carrier in which bills are derived from actual expenses incurred or claims filed. The participating agencies have established a reserve fund to meet any potential liability. Each participating agency is responsible for paying amounts billed by the County.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors.

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the current and preceding two years:

| Fiscal Year | Claims Liability Beginning of Year | Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates | Claims and Other Payments | Claims Liability End of Year |
|----------------|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ 3,734,552 \$ | 30,567,865 \$ | 31,469,770 \$ | 2,832,647 |
| 2020 2019 | 2,734,993 2,389,711 | 32,458,818 31,922,586 | 31,459,259 31,577,304 | 3,734,552 2,734,993 |

The following is a summary of revenues and claims expenses for the pool for the last ten years. The pool was formed in fiscal year 1995.

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenue | Nonoperating Revenue | Claims and Related Expenses |
|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ 31,079,990 | \$ 66,029 | \$ 31,469,770 |
| 2020 | 31,459,259 | 297,421 | 32,204,289 |
| 2019 | 31,577,304 | 416,668 | 30,654,062 |
| 2018 | 28,309,690 | 173,258 | 25,682,418 |
| 2017 | 35,140,020 | 45,957 | 29,516,282 |
| 2016 | 31,676,132 | 20,139 | 30,859,391 |
| 2015 | 28,808,326 | 18,766 | 31,858,143 |
| 2014 | 26,332,765 | 5,902 | 30,274,322 |
| 2013 | 24,584,148 | 7,134 | 26,347,614 |
| 2012 | 25,641,754 | 2,994 | 27,417,922 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 15—SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

Employee Dental Insurance:

Albemarle County, Albemarle County School Board, Albemarle County Water and Sewer Authority and several other entities established a public entity risk pool to provide consolidated Dental Care benefits for their employees. The plan is based on a service contract with a private carrier in which bills are derived from actual expenses incurred or claims filed. The participating agencies have established a reserve fund to meet any potential liability. Each participating agency is responsible for paying amounts billed by the County.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors.

| Fiscal Year | Claims Liability Beginning of Year | _ | Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates | _ | Claims and Other Payments | _ | Claims Liability End of Year |
|--------------------|---|----|--|----|------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ 123,202 | \$ | 1,809,993 | \$ | 1,807,777 | \$ | 125,418 |
| 2020 2019 | 138,310 187,211 | | 1,812,472 1,692,953 | | 1,827,580 1,741,854 | | 123,202 138,310 |

The following is a summary of revenues and claims expenses for the pool.

| Fiscal Year | Operating Revenue | Nonoperating Revenue | Claims and Related Expenses |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | _ | | |
| 2021 | \$ 1,809,993 \$ | 6,712 | \$ 1,529,312 |
| 2020 | 1,812,472 | 22,875 | 1,366,975 |
| 2019 | 1,741,854 | 25,482 | 1,496,085 |
| 2018 | 1,713,770 | 8,851 | 1,577,496 |
| 2017 | 1,685,979 | 2,869 | 1,719,941 |
| 2016 | 1,672,045 | 1,847 | 1,548,721 |
| 2015 | 1,508,742 | 1,126 | 1,619,940 |
| 2014 | 784,539 | 512 | 1,516,325 |
| 2013 | 1,268,541 | 864 | 1,383,207 |

Unemployment Insurance:

The County and School Board are responsible for employment claims. The Virginia Employment Commission bills the County for all unemployment claims. The liability for billed but unpaid claims has been accrued in the General and School Funds. No liability has been recorded for estimated unreported claims. The amount of estimated unreported claims is not expected to be significant.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 15—SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

Property and Casualty Insurance:

The County contracts with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool (VACORP) and the School Board contracts with School Systems of Virginia to provide workers compensation insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all assets and available insurance of the Pools, the Pools may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The School Board contracts with private insurance carriers for property damage, employee crime and dishonesty and general liability coverage. The property coverage value amounts are for specific amounts based on values assigned to the insured properties. Liability coverage is \$10,000,000.

The County contracts with the Virginia Association of Counties for property, employee crime and dishonesty, general liability, public officials and law enforcement liability coverage. This program is similar to the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association as described above. Liability coverage is \$4,000,000.

Other:

The County has had no reductions in insurance coverage or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 16—SURETY BONDS:

The following County officials are covered by surety bonds in the following amounts:

| Virginia Department of Risk Management: | |
|--|-----------------|
| Jon Zug, Clerk of the Circuit Court | \$ 3,000,000 |
| Nelsie L. Birch, Chief Financial Officer | 750,000 |
| Chan Bryant, Sheriff | 30,000 |
| Director of Finance and Subordinate Employees—Blanket Bond | 500,000 |
| United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company - Surety: | |
| Clerk of the School Board | 10,000 |
| Deputy Clerk of the School Board | 10,000 |
| Virginia Association of Counties: | |
| All County Employees, | |
| Clerk of the Circuit Court, County Executive and Board of | |
| Supervisors—Blanket Bond | 500,000 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 17—ACCRUED LANDFILL COSTS:

In 1991, the County transferred its share of the joint City-County landfill operations and the related assets and liabilities (including post-closure care and corrective account costs) to the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the City and County entered in a Cost Sharing Agreement for purposes of paying any of the post-closure care and corrective action costs that the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority may not have the financial resources to pay. Although the County has entered into a Local Government Guarantee on behalf of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority, the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality has no legal recourse against the County under this guarantee. The Rivanna Solid Waste Authority has the taxing authority to levy a utility tax on each parcel of real estate in the City and County to generate revenue to pay the post-closure care and corrective actions costs.

The County's percentage of shared costs pursuant to the Agreement is 64.5%. The estimated share of the County's post-closure care and corrective action costs is \$3,473,371. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County paid \$1,504,955 to the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority under the terms and contributions of the Cost Sharing Agreement.

NOTE 18—CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER COMMITMENTS:

At June 30, 2021, the County has several construction contracts and other commitments which are summarized as follows:

| Project Name | | Contract Amount | | Expended To date | | Balance |
|---|----|--------------------|----|---------------------|---|-----------|
| <u> </u> | | | - | | _ | |
| Scottsville Elementary Addition and Renovation | \$ | 8,219,353 | \$ | 6,443,917 \$ | | 1,775,436 |
| Albemarle HS HVAC & Wastewater Pump Upgrade | | 1,636,450 | | 1,605,483 | | 30,967 |
| Red Hill Elementary Gym Addition and Renovation | | 4,950,099 | | 4,067,151 | | 882,948 |
| Scottsville Community Center | | 293,406 | | 76,990 | | 216,416 |
| Broadus Wood Elementary HVAC Replacement | | 1,995,870 | | 579,864 | | 1,416,006 |
| Other construction projects | _ | 779,949 | _ | 464,649 | _ | 315,300 |
| Total | \$ | 17,875,127 | \$ | 13,238,054 \$ | | 4,637,073 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 19-MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Albemarle County Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program (VERIP) is a single-employer defined benefit plan. VERIP benefits are paid monthly for a period of five years or until age 65, whichever comes first. In addition to the monthly stipend, the County will pay an amount equivalent to the Board's annual contribution toward medical insurance. Participants may accept it as a cash payment or apply it toward the cost of the continuation of their County medical/dental benefits. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for reduced VRS retirement and be a current employee at least 50 years of age and have been employed by the County in a benefits-eligible position for 10 of the last 13 years prior to retirement. The plan is administered by the County and does not have a separate financial report.

The plan does not issue a publicly-available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Life insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses, and dependents of eligible retirees. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Total active employees with coverage | \$ | 3,538 |
|---|----|-------|
| Total retirees with VERIP | | 181 |
| Total retirees with County Medical coverage | _ | 112 |
| Total | \$ | 3,831 |

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board.

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 19—MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases The salary increase rate starts at 3.15% salary increase for 1 year of service and

gradually declines to 1.3% salary increase for 20 or more years of service

Discount Rate 2.45%

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2000 Fully Generational Combined Healthy table while mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on a RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 2.45% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County and School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially-Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

| | | Primary Government Total OPEB Liability | _ | School Board Total OPEB Liability |
|--|----|--|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Balances at June 30, 2019 Changes for the year: | \$ | 12,665,828 | \$ | 25,932,355 |
| Service cost | | 981,611 | | 2,009,785 |
| Interest | | 383,791 | | 785,783 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 116,289 | | 238,093 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 595,775 | | 1,219,804 |
| Benefit payments | ÷ | (924,571) | - | (1,892,994) |
| Net changes | \$ | 1,152,895 | | 2,360,471 |
| Balances at June 30, 2020 | \$ | 13,818,723 | \ | 28,292,826 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 19—MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.45%) or one percentage point higher (3.45%) than the current discount rate:

| | Rate | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 1% Decrease (1.45%) | | Current Discount Rate (2.45%) | | 1% Increase (3.45%) | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ 14,731,650 | \$ | 13,818,723 | \$ | 12,950,224 | | | |
| School Board | \$ 30,161,975 | \$ | 28,292,826 | \$ | 26,514,637 | | | |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.00%) or one percentage point higher (5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | Rates | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | _ | 1% Decrease (3.00%) | _ | Healthcare Cost Trend (4.00%) | _ | 1% Increase (5.00%) | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | 12,312,514 | \$ | 13,818,723 | \$ | 15,590,015 | | | |
| School Board | \$ | 25,208,972 | \$ | 28,292,826 | \$ | 31,919,413 | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 19—MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE - PAY-AS-YOU-GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$1,185,612 and \$2,427,461 respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Primary Government | | | School Board | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Deferred | | Deferred | Deferred | Deferred | | |
| | Outflows of | | Inflows of | Outflows of | Inflows of | | |
| | Resources | | Resources | Resources | Resources | | |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | |
| experience | \$ 99,676 | \$ | 680,083 \$ | 204,080 \$ | 1,392,421 | | |
| Changes in assumptions | 510,664 | | 508,579 | 1,045,546 | 1,041,279 | | |
| Total | \$ 610,340 | \$_ | 1,188,662 \$ | 1,249,626 \$ | 2,433,700 | | |
| experience Changes in assumptions | \$ 99,676 5 510,664 | | 680,083 \$ 508,579 | 204,080 \$ 1,045,546 | 1,392, 1,041, | | |

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year Ended June 30 | Primary Government | School Board |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| 2022 | \$ (179,789) \$ | (368, 106) |
| 2023 | (179,789) | (368, 106) |
| 2024 | (179,787) | (368, 107) |
| 2025 | (94,098) | (192,658) |
| 2026 | (45,579) | (95,368) |
| Thereafter | 101,720 | 208,271 |

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional GLI coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the entity were \$248,668 and \$235,652 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively, for the County; \$51,357 and \$52,088 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively, for the School Board (nonprofessional); and \$542,300 and \$530,443 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively, for the School Board (professional).

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the entity reported a liability of \$3,674,833, \$812,223, and \$8,271,754 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the participating employer's proportion was 0.23170%, 0.04867%, and 0.49566% as compared to 0.22676%, 0.03768%, and 0.49592% at June 30, 2019, for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$185,840, \$63,465 and \$370,869 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Primary Government | | <u> </u> | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 235,707 | \$ | 33,007 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments | 110,389 | | - |
| Change in assumptions | 183,784 | | 76,732 |
| Changes in proportion | 190,348 | | 4,710 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 248,668 | | - |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 968,896 | Ş | 114,449 |
| Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 52,097 | \$ | 7,294 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments | 24,398 | | - |
| Change in assumptions | 40,620 | | 16,960 |
| Changes in proportion | 155,158 | | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 51,357 | | - |
| Total Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) | \$ 323,630 | Ş | 24,254 |
| Component Unit School Board (professional) Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 530,557 | \$ | 74,295 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments | 248,476 | | - |
| Change in assumptions | 413,683 | | 172,719 |
| Changes in proportion | 183,046 | | 3,318 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 542,300 | | - |
| Total Component Unit School Board (professional) | \$ 1,918,062 | \$ | 250,332 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB: (Continued)

\$248,668, \$51,357 and \$542,300 for the County, School Board Nonprofessional, and School Board Professional, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year Ended June 30 | Primary Government | Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) | Component Unit School Board (professional) |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 2022 | \$ 101,055 | \$ 44,726 | \$ 180,023 |
| 2023 | 132,229 | 51,616 | 250,194 |
| 2024 | 161,736 | 56,670 | 308,427 |
| 2025 | 157,625 | 54,783 | 304,911 |
| 2026 | 48,410 | 33,595 | 77,318 |
| Thereafter | 4,724 | 6,629 | 4,557 |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

| Inflation | 2.5% |
|--|---|
| Salary increases, including inflation: | |
| Teachers | 3.5%-5.95% |
| Locality - General employees | 3.5%-5.35% |
| Locality - Hazardous Duty employees | 3.5%-4.75% |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation* |

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20-GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - General State Employees

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 20201.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Lowered disability rates |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00.% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | GLI OPEB Plan |
|---|----------------------|
| Total GLI OPEB Liability | \$ 3,523,937 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 1,855,105 |
| GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset) | \$ 1,668,832 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | |
| of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | 52.64% |

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class (Strategy) | Long-Term Target Asset Allocation | Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 4.65% | 1.58% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.46% | 0.07% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.38% | 0.75% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.01% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 8.34% | 1.17% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.04% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.49% | 0.19% |
| Total | 100.00% | | 4.64% |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% |
| *Ex | pected arithme | tic nominal return | 7.14% |

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 20—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | Rate | |
|--|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Current Discount | 1% Increase |
| | (5.75%) | (6.75%) | (7.75%) |
| County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability | \$ 4,830,849 | \$ 3,674,833 | \$ 2,736,039 |
| School Board's (nonprofessional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability | \$ 1,067,729 | \$ 812,223 | \$ 604,728 |
| School Board's (professional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability | \$ 10,873,855 | \$ 8,271,754 | \$ 6,158,603 |

GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21-TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions: (Continued)

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$1,215,153 and \$1,224,100 for the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$15,179,094 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC was 1.1636% as compared to 1.1591% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$1,319,378. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ 202,711 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments | | 67,268 | - |
| Change in assumptions | | 300,069 | 82,934 |
| Change in proportion | | 360,163 | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | _ | 1,215,153 | <u>-</u> |
| Total | \$_ | 1,942,653 | \$ 285,645 |

\$1,215,153 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year Ended June 30 | | |
|--------------------|---|--------|
| 2022 | Ś | 76,308 |
| 2023 | * | 82,975 |
| 2024 | | 80,741 |
| 2025 | | 87,549 |
| 2026 | | 83,880 |
| Thereafter | | 30,402 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teacher employees 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Mortality Rates - Teachers: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | _ | Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan |
|--|------|--------------------------------------|
| Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | 1,448,676 144,160 |
| Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) | \$ _ | 1,304,516 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability | | 9.95% |

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class (Strategy) | Long-Term Target Asset Allocation | Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 4.65% | 1.58% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.46% | 0.07% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.38% | 0.75% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.01% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 8.34% | 1.17% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.04% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 3.00% | 6.49% | 0.19% |
| Total | 100.00% | | 4.64% |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% |
| *Ex | xpected arithme | tic nominal return | 7.14% |

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 21—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | Rate | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| • | 1% Decrease | Current Discount | 1% Increase | |
| • | (5.75%) | (6.75%) | (7.75%) | |
| School division's proportionate share | | | | |
| of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC | | | | |
| OPEB Plan Net HIC OPEB Liability \$ | 16,991,413 | \$ 15,179,094 \$ | 13,638,754 | |

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

| | Number |
|--|--------|
| Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 1 |
| Inactive members: Vested inactive members | - |
| Non-vested inactive members | - |
| Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS | - |
| Total inactive members | 1 |
| Active members | 233 |
| Total covered employees | 234 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.45% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$42,798 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Lowered disability rates |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class (Strategy) | Long-term Target Asset Allocation | Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return* |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 4.65% | 1.58% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.46% | 0.07% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.38% | 0.75% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.01% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 14.00% | 8.34% | 1.17% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 6.00% | 3.04% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investement Partnership | 3.00% | 6.49% | 0.19% |
| Total | 100.00% | | 4.64% |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% |
| | Expected arithmet | ic nominal return* | 7.14% |

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate: (Continued)

was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Total HIC OPEB Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 \$ | | \$\$ | · | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | |
| Benefit changes \$ | 441,604 | \$ - \$ | 441,604 | |
| Net changes \$ | 441,604 | \$ | 441,604 | |
| Balances at June 30, 2020 \$ | 441,604 | \$ | 441,604 | |

Sensitivity of the School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | Rate | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| | 1% Decrease | Current Discount | 1% Increase | |
| | (5.75%) | (6.75%) | (7.75%) | |
| Nonprofessional School Board's | | | | |
| Net HIC OPEB Liability | \$ 488,102 \$ | 441,604 \$ | 401,738 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 22—HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PLAN (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$441,604. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

| | _ | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - 5 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments | | - | - |
| Change in assumptions | | - | - |
| Changes in proportionate share | | - | - |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | - | 42,798 | |
| Total | \$ | 42,798 | · |

\$42,798 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year Ended June 30 | | |
|--------------------|---------|--|
| | | |
| 2022 | \$ - | |
| 2023 | - | |
| 2024 | - | |
| 2025 | - | |
| 2026 | - | |
| Thereafter | - | |

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 23—SUMMARY OF NET OPEB LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

| VRS OPEB Plans: | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Deferred | Deferred | Net OPEB | OPEB | | | | | |
| | Outflows | Inflows | Liability | Expense | | | | | |
| Primary Government | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Group Life Insurance Program (Note 20): | | | | | | | | | |
| County | \$ 968,896 | \$ 114,449 \$ | 3,674,833 | \$ 185,840 | | | | | |
| County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 19) | 610,340 | 1,188,662 | 13,818,723 | 1,185,612 | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 1,579,236 | \$ 1,303,111 | 17,493,556 | \$ 1,371,452 | | | | | |
| Component Unit School Board Group Life Insurance Program (Note 20): | | | | | | | | | |
| School Board Nonprofessional | \$ 323,630 | \$ 24,254 \$ | 812,223 | \$ 63,465 | | | | | |
| School Board Professional | 1,918,062 | 250,332 | 8,271,754 | 370,869 | | | | | |
| Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 21) | 1,942,653 | 285,645 | 15,179,094 | 1,319,378 | | | | | |
| Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit Program (Note | 22) 42,798 | - | 441,604 | 441,604 | | | | | |
| School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 19) | 1,249,626 | 2,433,700 | 28,292,826 | 2,427,461 | | | | | |
| Totals | \$ 5,476,769 | \$ 2,993,931 | 52,997,501 | \$ 4,622,777 | | | | | |

NOTE 24-COVID-19 PANDEMIC:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

CARES Act Funding

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which included direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF).

Each locality received its CRF allocations based on population. The County received total CRF funding of \$19,569,134. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 31, 2021 will be returned to the federal government. The County reported unspent CRF funds as of June 30 of \$67,430 as unearned revenue as of June 30.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021 (Continued)

NOTE 24—COVID-19 PANDEMIC: (CONTINUED)

ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

On June 25, 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$10,618,036 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ESF Funding

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 200,997,702 \$ | 203,497,702 \$ | 216,599,323 \$ | 13,101,621 |
| Other local taxes | | 52,850,529 | 55,650,529 | 55,833,042 | 182,513 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | | 2,359,023 | 2,359,023 | 2,800,489 | 441,466 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 429,373 | 429,373 | 199,460 | (229,913) |
| Use of money and property | | 1,817,896 | 1,817,896 | 1,497,825 | (320,071) |
| Charges for services | | 3,964,279 | 3,964,279 | 3,522,275 | (442,004) |
| Miscellaneous Recovered costs | | 273,534 406,320 | 530,014 | 695,204 | 165,190 |
| Intergovernmental: | | 400,320 | 406,320 | 726,351 | 320,031 |
| Contribution from School Board | | 305,368 | 305,368 | 4,425,479 | 4,120,111 |
| Commonwealth | | 24,753,797 | 24,820,763 | 27,348,856 | 2,528,093 |
| Federal Government | | 7,041,656 | 7,062,266 | 7,499,237 | 436,971 |
| Total revenues | 5 | 295,199,477 \$ | 300,843,533 \$ | | |
| | ڊ | 273,177,477 3 | 300,643,333 3 | 321,147,341 3 | 20,304,008 |
| Expenditures Current: | | | | | |
| General Government Administration | | | | | |
| Board of supervisors | \$ | 703,532 \$ | 706,763 \$ | 641,244 \$ | 65,519 |
| County executive | 7 | 2,244,791 | 3,296,660 | 2,655,012 | 641,648 |
| Human resources | | 856,705 | 1,267,592 | 841,563 | 426,029 |
| County attorney | | 1,131,224 | 1,193,202 | 1,141,428 | 51,774 |
| Finance | | 6,060,031 | 7,040,260 | 6,757,018 | 283,242 |
| Management and budget | | 545,391 | - | 122 | (122) |
| Information technology | | 4,076,545 | 4,399,405 | 4,280,792 | 118,613 |
| Voter registration | | 971,510 | 1,169,675 | 1,023,824 | 145,851 |
| Other general government | | 120,000 | 250,000 | 157,212 | 92,788 |
| Total general government administration | \$ | 16,709,729 \$ | 19,323,557 \$ | 17,498,215 \$ | 1,825,342 |
| Judicial Administration | | | | | |
| Circuit court | \$ | 193,886 \$ | 195,939 \$ | 169,426 \$ | 26,513 |
| General district court | | 40,800 | 40,800 | 33,877 | 6,923 |
| Magistrate | | 4,575 | 4,675 | 4,643 | 32 |
| Juvenile and domestic relations court | | 121,674 | 121,674 | 121,673 | 1 |
| Clerk of the circuit court | | 915,467 | 994,589 | 980,422 | 14,167 |
| Sheriff | | 2,981,515 | 3,031,226 | 2,671,332 | 359,894 |
| Commonwealth attorney | _ | 1,659,902 | 1,696,061 | 1,607,710 | 88,351 |
| Total judicial administration | \$ | 5,917,819 \$ | 6,084,964 \$ | 5,589,083 \$ | 495,881 |
| Public Safety | | | | | |
| Police department | \$ | 19,605,394 \$ | 15,816,078 \$ | 14,643,184 \$ | 1,172,894 |
| E-911 service | | 2,840,549 | 2,833,190 | 2,833,190 | - |
| Fire and rescue services | | 18,732,365 | 16,163,260 | 15,630,723 | 532,537 |
| Regional jail | | 4,199,579 | 4,200,463 | 4,132,796 | 67,667 |
| Inspections | | 1,493,179 | 1,531,412 | 1,496,514 | 34,898 |
| Contributions - various | | 1,512,894 | 1,491,722 | 1,465,182 | 26,540 |
| Total public safety | \$ | 48,383,960 \$ | 42,036,125 \$ | 40,201,589 \$ | 1,834,536 |
| Public Works | | | | | |
| Sanitation and waste removal | \$ | 78,337 \$ | 78,337 \$ | 103,354 \$ | (25,017) |
| Contribution to RSWA | | 1,500,947 | 1,504,955 | 1,504,955 | 407.357 |
| Maintenance of buildings and grounds | . — | 4,915,781 | 6,562,270 | 6,074,913 | 487,357 |
| Total public works | \$ | 6,495,065 \$ | 8,145,562 \$ | 7,683,222 \$ | 462,340 |

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| Expenditures (Continued) | | | | | |
| Health and Welfare | | | | | |
| Family Services | \$ | 1,172,785 \$ | 1,100,419 \$ | 973,061 \$ | 127,358 |
| Contribution human development | | 4,283,865 | 4,303,865 | 4,301,328 | 2,537 |
| Social services | | 14,005,343 | 15,650,375 | 15,066,141 | 584,234 |
| Total health and welfare | \$ | 19,461,993 \$ | 21,054,659 \$ | 20,340,530 \$ | 714,129 |
| Education | | | | | |
| Appropriation to public school system | \$ | 143,319,790 \$ | 152,371,240 \$ | 146,381,563 \$ | 5,989,677 |
| Community college | | 24,048 | 24,048 | 24,048 | <u> </u> |
| Total education | \$ | 143,343,838 \$ | 152,395,288 \$ | 146,405,611 \$ | 5,989,677 |
| Parks, Recreation and Cultural | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation | \$ | 2,933,417 \$ | 2,913,207 \$ | 2,630,192 \$ | 283,015 |
| Towe park | | 180,643 | 182,797 | 159,135 | 23,662 |
| Regional library | | 4,657,607 | 4,657,607 | 4,650,287 | 7,320 |
| Miscellaneous contributions | | 806,616 | 886,685 | 881,985 | 4,700 |
| Total parks, recreation and cultural | \$ | 8,578,283 \$ | 8,640,296 \$ | 8,321,599 \$ | 318,697 |
| Community Development | | | | | |
| Planning and community development | \$ | 5,419,999 \$ | 5,677,530 \$ | 5,406,441 \$ | 271,089 |
| Contributions to other agencies | | 4,044,378 | 4,044,378 | 3,772,580 | 271,798 |
| Revenue sharing agreement - City of Charlottesville | | 14,589,313 | 14,589,313 | 14,589,313 | - |
| Soil and Water Conservation District | | 121,980 | 124,057 | 123,991 | 66 |
| Cooperative extension program | | 214,644 | 230,721 | 227,953 | 2,768 |
| Economic development | | 924,083 | 960,520 | 680,680 | 279,840 |
| Total community development | \$ | 25,314,397 \$ | 25,626,519 \$ | 24,800,961 \$ | 825,558 |
| Contingencies | | | | | |
| Total contingencies | \$ | 990,166 \$ | 8,864,069 \$ | 596,120 \$ | 8,267,949 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 275,195,250 \$ | 292,171,039 \$ | 271,436,930 \$ | 20,734,109 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | \$ | 20,004,227 \$ | 8,672,494 \$ | 49,710,611 \$ | 41,038,117 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 6,223,374 \$ | 20,477,712 \$ | 2,844,672 \$ | (17,633,040) |
| Transfers (out) | | (26,227,601) | (29,150,206) | (30,752,140) | (1,601,934) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | (20,004,227) \$ | (8,672,494) \$ | (27,907,468) \$ | (19,234,974) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 21,803,143 \$ | 21,803,143 |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | | <u> </u> | 59,716,617 | 59,716,617 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | 81,519,760 \$ | 81,519,760 |

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal and State Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | F | Federal and State | Grants Fund | |
|--|----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | <u>,</u> | | | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: | \$ | 5,000 \$ 102,000 35,000 | 5,000 \$ 706,576 110,000 | 1,253 \$ 719,666 39,975 | (3,747) 13,090 (70,025) |
| Contribution from School Board Revenue from the Commonwealth Revenue from the Federal Government | | 2,050,000 7,076,904 3,561,306 | 2,050,000 7,919,921 4,257,963 | 2,050,000 8,430,555 4,160,363 | 510,634 (97,600) |
| Total revenues | \$ | 12,830,210 \$ | 15,049,460 \$ | 15,401,812 \$ | 352,352 |
| Expenditures | | | _ | | |
| Current: General Government Administration County executive | \$_ | 100,000 \$ | 154,593 \$ | 96,808 \$ | 57,785 |
| Judicial Administration Sheriff's office | \$_ | 731,081 \$ | 1,108,610 \$ | 1,012,948 \$ | 95,662 |
| Public Safety Police department Inspections | \$ | 177,949 \$ - | 369,407 \$ 2,000 | 207,862 \$ 2,000 | 161,545 - |
| Fire-Rescue | _ | <u> </u> | 681,360 | 438,296 | 243,064 |
| Total public safety | \$_ | 177,949 \$ | 1,052,767 \$ | 648,158 \$ | 404,609 |
| Health and Welfare Comprehensive Services Act programs At-risk 4 year olds Other | \$ | 9,633,312 \$ 1,524,946 4,000 | 10,400,000 \$ 1,598,156 376,283 | 10,290,265 \$ 1,510,445 379,321 | 109,735 87,711 (3,038) |
| Total health and welfare | \$_ | 11,162,258 \$ | 12,374,439 \$ | 12,180,031 \$ | 194,408 |
| Parks and Recreation Parks and Recreation | \$_ | \$_ | <u> </u> \$_ | 500,000 \$ | (500,000) |
| Community Development Planning and community development Housing programs | \$ | - \$ 3,140,561 | 549,086 \$ 6,280,137 | 543,981 \$ 3,049,574 | 5,105 3,230,563 |
| Total community development | \$_ | 3,140,561 \$ | 6,829,223 \$ | 3,593,555 \$ | 3,235,668 |
| Total expenditures | \$_ | 15,311,849 \$ | 21,519,632 \$ | 18,031,500 \$ | 3,488,132 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$_ | (2,481,639) \$ | (6,470,172) \$ | (2,629,688) \$ | 3,840,484 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) | \$ | 2,806,639 \$ (325,000) | 6,795,172 \$ (325,000) | 2,967,858 \$ (327,892) | (3,827,314) (2,892) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$_ | 2,481,639 \$ | 6,470,172 \$ | 2,639,966 \$ | (3,830,206) |
| Net changes in fund balances | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 10,278 \$ | 10,278 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | _ | | | 5,064,435 | 5,064,435 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$_ | \$_ | \$_ | 5,074,713 \$ | 5,074,713 |

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule CARES ACT Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | CARES ACT Fund | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | _ | Original Budget | | Final Budget | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: Revenue from use of money | ć | | <u>^</u> | | | |
| Revenue from the Federal Government Total revenues | \$ \$ | - | _ | 10,528,868 \$ 10,528,868 \$ | 18,278,883 \$ 18,278,883 \$ | |
| | ٠, | | ۰ | 10,320,000 3 | 10,270,003 | 7,730,013 |
| Expenditures Current: General Government Administration County executive | \$ | _ | \$ | 55,411 \$ | 55,411 \$ | _ |
| County attorney | Ţ | - | Y | 21,041 | 21,041 | _ |
| Human resources | | - | | 127 | 127 | - |
| Finance | | - | | 444,365 | 444,365 | - |
| Voter registration Information technology | | - | | 80,637 1,220,979 | 80,637 | - |
| 5, | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | 1,220,979 | |
| Total general government administration | \$ | | ۶ <u> </u> | 1,822,560 \$ | 1,822,560 \$ | |
| Public Safety Police department Fire and rescue services Regional jail | \$ | | \$ | 3,822,926 \$ 3,363,905 30,887 | 3,822,926 \$ 3,363,905 30,887 | - - - |
| Total public safety | \$ | - | \$ | 7,217,718 \$ | 7,217,718 \$ | _ |
| Public Works General services | \$ | - | \$ | 611,047 \$ | 611,047 \$ | - |
| Health and Welfare Family Services Housing Social services | \$ | - - - | \$ | 648 \$ 168,880 3,304,477 | 648 \$ 80,274 3,304,477 | - 88,606 - |
| Total health and welfare | \$ | - | \$ | 3,474,005 \$ | 3,385,399 \$ | 88,606 |
| Parks, Recreation and Cultural Parks and recreation | \$ | - | \$ | 80,408 \$ | 80,408 \$ | - |
| Total parks, recreation and cultural | \$ | - | \$ | 80,408 \$ | 80,408 \$ | - |
| Community Development Economic development | \$ | - | \$ | 5,161,751 \$ | 5,161,751 \$ | - |
| Total community development | \$ | - | \$ | 5,161,751 \$ | 5,161,751 \$ | |
| Total expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | 18,367,489 \$ | 18,278,883 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ | | \$ | (7,838,621) \$ | \$ | 7,838,621 |
| Net changes in fund balances | \$ | - | \$ | (7,838,621) \$ | - \$ | 7,838,621 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | • | - | • | 7,838,621 | - | (7,838,621) |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - Ś | |
| ······· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | | | | | |

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

| Date (1) | Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2) | Proportionate Share of the NPL (3) | Covered Payroll (4) | Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5) | Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6) |
|---------------|--|---|---------------------------|---|--|
| Primary Gover | nment - County Retiremen | it Plan | | | |
| 2020 | 95.01% \$ | 48,760,745 | 45,318,590 | 107.60% | 76.95% |
| 2019 | 95.04% | 33,652,890 | 42,229,160 | 79.69% | 82.70% |
| 2018 | 94.69% | 26,759,287 | 41,921,141 | 63.83% | 84.98% |
| 2017 | 94.22% | 25,993,600 | 39,352,233 | 66.05% | 84.45% |
| 2016 | 94.58% | 34,817,580 | 38,473,766 | 90.50% | 78.49% |
| 2015 | 93.37% | 29,012,729 | 37,323,375 | 77.73% | 81.12% |
| 2014 | 93.42% | 26,490,296 | 36,352,047 | 72.87% | 81.67% |
| Component Ur | nit School Board (profession | nal) | | | |
| 2020 | 1.1640% | 169,385,292 | 102,008,315 | 166.05% | 71.47% |
| 2019 | 1.1587% | 152,492,821 | 97,216,833 | 156.86% | 73.51% |
| 2018 | 1.1316% | 133,078,000 | 92,641,849 | 143.65% | 74.81% |
| 2017 | 1.1229% | 138,093,000 | 89,432,661 | 154.41% | 72.92% |
| 2016 | 1.1247% | 157,621,000 | 85,955,205 | 183.38% | 68.28% |
| 2015 | 1.1081% | 139,474,000 | 82,923,869 | 168.20% | 70.88% |
| 2014 | 1.1100% | 134,516,000 | 81,425,849 | 165.20% | 70.88% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| Total pancian liability | _ | 2020 | 2019 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Total pension liability | ċ | (40.202 ¢ | E04 002 ¢ | (14.2(0 ¢ | (20.700 |
| Service cost | \$ | 649,302 \$ | 591,992 \$ | 614,260 \$ | 630,798 |
| Interest | | 2,020,371 | 1,973,519 | 1,931,746 | 1,858,795 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 465,165 | (53,379) | (422,954) | 256,654 |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | 822,887 | - | (257,121) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | _ | (1,641,298) | (1,552,154) | (1,500,432) | (1,393,503) |
| Net change in total pension liability | \$ | 1,493,540 \$ | 1,782,865 \$ | 622,620 \$ | 1,095,623 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 30,752,072 | 28,969,207 | 28,346,587 | 27,250,964 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 32,245,612 \$ | 30,752,072 \$ | 28,969,207 \$ | 28,346,587 |
| | _ | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 303,793 \$ | 243,047 \$ | 298,819 \$ | 295,542 |
| Contributions - employee | | 459,364 | 338,569 | 330,605 | 330,846 |
| Net investment income | | 588,194 | 1,970,730 | 2,111,330 | 3,181,638 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (1,641,298) | (1,552,154) | (1,500,432) | (1,393,503) |
| Administrative expense | | (20,348) | (20,044) | (18,581) | (18,741) |
| Other | | (812) | (1,239) | (1,865) | (2,817) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | \$ | (311,107) \$ | 978,909 \$ | 1,219,876 \$ | 2,392,965 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 31,027,674 | 30,048,765 | 28,828,889 | 26,435,924 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 30,716,567 \$ | 31,027,674 \$ | 30,048,765 \$ | 28,828,889 |
| | _ | - | | | |
| School Division's net pension liability(asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 1,529,045 \$ | (275,602) \$ | (1,079,558) \$ | (482,302) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | |
| pension liability | | 95.26% | 100.90% | 103.73% | 101.70% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 10,016,892 \$ | 7,387,004 \$ | 7,210,978 \$ | 6,763,407 |
| School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of | | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 15.26% | -3.73% | -14.97% | -7.13% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset) and Related Ratios (Continued) Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

| | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|----|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Total pension liability | _ | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 637,830 \$ | 794,863 \$ | 828,627 |
| Interest | | 1,923,580 | 1,817,237 | 1,720,625 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (2,112,662) | 177,527 | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (1,355,010) | (1,185,865) | (1,152,293) |
| Net change in total pension liability | \$ | (906,262) \$ | 1,603,762 \$ | 1,396,959 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 28,157,226 | 26,553,464 | 25,156,505 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 27,250,964 \$ | 28,157,226 \$ | 26,553,464 |
| | _ | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 493,668 \$ | 504,909 \$ | 748,757 |
| Contributions - employee | | 320,570 | 318,408 | 395,722 |
| Net investment income | | 453,639 | 1,171,563 | 3,512,738 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (1,355,010) | (1,185,865) | (1,152,293) |
| Administrative expense | | (16,579) | (16,163) | (18,770) |
| Other | _ | (194) | (247) | 185 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | \$ | (103,906) \$ | 792,605 \$ | 3,486,339 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 26,539,830 | 25,747,225 | 22,260,886 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 26,435,924 \$ | 26,539,830 \$ | 25,747,225 |
| | _ | | | _ |
| School Division's net pension liability(asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 815,040 \$ | 1,617,396 \$ | 806,239 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | |
| pension liability | | 97.01% | 94.26% | 96.96% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 6,439,895 \$ | 6,461,738 \$ | 7,956,214 |
| School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 12.66% | 25.03% | 10.13% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

| Date | _ | Contractually Required Contribution (1) | _ | Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2) | | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3) | | Employer's Covered Payroll (4) | Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5) |
|------------|--------|--|------|---|----|--------------------------------------|----|---|---|
| Primary Go | vern | ment | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 6,227,157 | \$ | 6,227,157 | \$ | - | \$ | 46,049,559 | 13.52% |
| 2020 | · | 5,333,508 | · | 5,333,508 | · | - | · | 45,318,590 | 11.77% |
| 2019 | | 4,996,779 | | 4,996,779 | | - | | 42,229,160 | 11.83% |
| 2018 | | 4,700,361 | | 4,700,361 | | - | | 41,921,141 | 11.21% |
| 2017 | | 4,611,455 | | 4,611,455 | | - | | 39,352,233 | 12.32% |
| 2016 | | 5,190,111 | | 5,190,111 | | - | | 38,473,766 | 13.49% |
| 2015 | | 5,034,924 | | 5,034,924 | | - | | 37,323,375 | 13.49% |
| 2014 | | 5,085,651 | | 5,085,651 | | - | | 36,352,047 | 13.99% |
| 2013 | | 4,784,341 | | 4,784,341 | | - | | 34,198,294 | 13.99% |
| 2012 | | 3,158,369 | | 3,158,369 | | - | | 31,147,626 | 10.14% |
| C | ئىدا ا | t Cabaal Baand (a | | | | | | | |
| = | | t School Board (n | - | | ċ | | ċ | 0.540.704 | 2 450/ |
| 2021 | \$ | 327,696 | \$ | 327,696 | \$ | - | \$ | 9,510,601 | 3.45% |
| 2020 | | 309,723 | | 309,723 | | - | | 10,016,892 | 3.09% |
| 2019 | | 244,830 | | 244,830 | | - | | 7,387,004 | 3.31% |
| 2018 | | 303,972 | | 303,972 | | - | | 7,210,978 | 4.22% |
| 2017 | | 319,116 | | 319,116 | | - | | 6,763,407 | 4.67% |
| 2016 | | 506,176 | | 506,176 | | - | | 6,439,895 | 7.86% |
| 2015 | | 507,893 | | 507,893 | | - | | 6,461,738 | 7.86% |
| 2014 | | 751,862 | | 751,862 | | - | | 7,656,216 | 9.45% |
| 2013 | | 729,110 | | 729,110 | | - | | 7,715,450 | 9.45% |
| 2012 | | 483,907 | | 483,907 | | - | | 7,467,701 | 6.48% |
| Component | t Uni | t School Board (p | rofe | ssional) | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 16,033,889 | \$ | 16,033,889 | \$ | - | \$ | 100,425,892 | 15.97% |
| 2020 | | 15,466,883 | | 15,466,883 | | - | | 102,008,315 | 15.16% |
| 2019 | | 15,441,877 | | 15,441,877 | | - | | 97,216,833 | 15.88% |
| 2018 | | 14,568,185 | | 14,568,185 | | - | | 92,641,849 | 15.73% |
| 2017 | | 13,110,828 | | 13,110,828 | | - | | 89,432,661 | 14.66% |
| 2016 | | 12,085,302 | | 12,085,302 | | - | | 85,955,205 | 14.06% |
| 2015 | | 12,023,961 | | 12,023,961 | | - | | 82,923,869 | 14.50% |
| 2014 | | 13,563,583 | | 13,563,583 | | - | | 81,425,849 | 11.66% |
| 2013 | | 13,128,045 | | 13,128,045 | | - | | 78,799,790 | 11.66% |
| 2012 | | 4,671,000 | | 4,671,000 | | - | | 73,791,472 | 6.33% |

Current year contributions are from Contributions and School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

| Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 |
|--|
| Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages |
| Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and |
| service through 9 years of service |
| Adjusted rates to better fit experience |
| No change |
| Decreased rate from 60% to 45% |
| Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |
| |

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

| Trofessional Employees | |
|--|--|
| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 |
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement |
| | from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and |
| | service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Service cost | \$ | 981,611 | \$ | 1,050,794 | \$ | 723,249 | \$ | 774,096 |
| Interest | | 383,791 | | 450,742 | | 387,976 | | 313,351 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 595,775 | | (299,632) | | (57,999) | | (625, 399) |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 116,289 | | (738,496) | | (371,513) | | - |
| Changes in proportionate share | | - | | 1,225,044 | | - | | - |
| Amortization and other adjustments | | - | | 11,556 | | - | | - |
| Benefit payments | | (924,571) | | (646,167) | | (185,579) | | (682,000) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | \$ | 1,152,895 | \$ | 1,053,841 | \$ | 496,134 | \$ | (219,952) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 12,665,828 | | 11,611,987 | | 11,115,853 | | 11,335,805 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ | 13,818,723 | \$ | 12,665,828 | \$ | 11,611,987 | \$ | 11,115,853 |
| | _ | | • | | - | | - | |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A |
| County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | f | | | | | | | |
| covered-employee payroll | • | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|----|-------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Total OPEB liability | - | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 2,009,785 | \$ 2,151,422 \$ | 2,393,181 \$ | 2,526,114 |
| Interest | | 785,783 | 922,862 | 900,152 | 708,431 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 1,219,804 | (613,474) | (142,792) | (1,132,386) |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 238,093 | (1,512,016) | (581,149) | - |
| Changes in proportionate share | | - | (1,133,608) | - | - |
| Amortization adjustments | | - | 59,644 | - | - |
| Benefit payments | | (1,892,994) | (1,322,980) | (1,246,756) | (1,803,000) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | \$ | 2,360,471 | \$ (1,448,150) \$ | 1,322,636 \$ | 299,159 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 25,932,355 | 27,380,505 | 26,057,869 | 25,758,710 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ | 28,292,826 | \$ 25,932,355 \$ | 27,380,505 \$ | 26,057,869 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | N/A | \$ N/A \$ | N/A \$ | N/A |
| County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage covered-employee payroll | of | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County and Component Unit School Board OPEB Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 1/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2020

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry age normal level % of salary |
|-----------------------|--|
| Discount Rate | 2.45% |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Healthcare Trend Rate | The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 4.7% in 2017 and gradually declines to 5.50% by the year 2087 |
| Salary Increase Rates | The salary increase rate starts at 3.15% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 1.3% salary increase for 20 or more years of service |
| Retirement Age | The average age at retirement is 62 |
| Mortality Rates | The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2000 Fully Generational Combined Healthy Table. The mortality rates for disabled retirees and calculated using the RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table. |

Schedule of County and School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

| | | | | Employer's | |
|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | Proportionate Share | |
| | | Employer's | | of the Net GLI OPEB | |
| | Employer's | Proportionate | | Liability (Asset) | Plan Fiduciary |
| | Proportion of the | Share of the | Employer's | as a Percentage of | Net Position as a |
| | Net GLI OPEB | Net GLI OPEB | Covered | Covered Payroll | Percentage of Total |
| Date | Liability (Asset) | Liability (Asset) | Payroll | (3)/(4) | GLI OPEB Liability |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Primary Go | overnment | | | | |
| 2020 | 0.23170% \$ | 3,674,833 | \$ 45,299,516 | 8.11% | 52.64% |
| 2019 | 0.22676% | 3,506,896 | 42,229,160 | 8.30% | 52.00% |
| 2018 | 0.21740% | 3,126,819 | 41,338,393 | 7.56% | 51.22% |
| 2017 | 0.21335% | 3,211,000 | 39,352,233 | 8.16% | 48.86% |
| Componer | nt Unit School Board (nonpro | ofessional) | | | |
| 2020 | 0.04867% \$ | 812,223 | \$ 10,016,892 | 8.11% | 52.64% |
| 2019 | 0.03768% | 613,154 | 7,387,004 | 8.30% | 52.00% |
| 2018 | 0.03739% | 568,000 | 7,109,483 | 7.99% | 51.22% |
| 2017 | 0.03667% | 552,000 | 6,763,407 | 8.16% | 48.86% |
| Componer | nt Unit School Board (profess | sional) | | | |
| 2020 | 0.49566% \$ | 8,271,754 | \$ 102,008,315 | 8.11% | 52.64% |
| 2019 | 0.49592% | 8,069,938 | 97,216,833 | 8.30% | 52.00% |
| 2018 | 0.48223% | 7,324,000 | 91,694,292 | 7.99% | 51.22% |
| 2017 | 0.48126% | 7,242,000 | 88,770,270 | 8.16% | 48.86% |
| | | | | | |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

| Date | | Contractually Required Contribution (1) | | Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2) | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3) | Employer's Covered Payroll (4) | Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5) |
|------------|-------|--|------|---|--|---|---|
| Primary Go | verr | nment | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 248,668 | \$ | 248,668 | \$ - | \$ 46,049,559 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 235,652 | | 235,652 | - | 45,299,516 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 219,680 | | 219,680 | - | 42,229,160 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 216,613 | | 216,613 | - | 41,338,393 | 0.52% |
| 2017 | | 204,632 | | 204,632 | - | 39,352,233 | 0.52% |
| Component | t Uni | t School Board | (nor | nprofessional) | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 51,357 | \$ | 51,357 | \$ - | \$ 9,510,601 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 52,088 | | 52,088 | - | 10,016,892 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 38,412 | | 38,412 | - | 7,387,004 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 37,254 | | 37,254 | - | 7,109,483 | 0.52% |
| 2017 | | 35,170 | | 35,170 | - | 6,763,407 | 0.52% |
| Component | t Uni | t School Board | (pro | ofessional) | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 542,300 | \$ | 542,300 | \$ - | \$ 100,425,892 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | | 530,443 | | 530,443 | - | 102,008,315 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | | 505,528 | | 505,528 | - | 97,216,833 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | | 480,478 | | 480,478 | - | 91,694,292 | 0.52% |
| 2017 | | 461,605 | | 461,605 | - | 88,770,270 | 0.52% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Lowered disability rates |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Increased rate from 14% to 15% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |
| | |

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Decreased rate from 60% to 45% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability
Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

| Date (1) | Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (2) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (3) | Employer's Covered Payroll (4) | Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6) |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2020 | 1.1636% \$ | 15,179,094 | \$ 102,008,315 | 14.88% | 9.95% |
| 2019 | 1.1591% | 15,174,269 | 97,225,436 | 15.61% | 8.97% |
| 2018 | 1.1338% | 14,395,000 | 91,694,292 | 15.70% | 8.08% |
| 2017 | 1.1247% | 14,267,000 | 88,757,889 | 16.07% | 7.04% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

| | Date | Contractually Required Contribution (1) | Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2) | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3) | Employer's Covered Payroll (4) | Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5) |
|---|------|--|---|--|---|---|
| 2 | 2021 | \$ 1,215,153 | \$ 1,215,153 | \$ - | \$ 100,425,892 | 1.21% |
| 7 | 2020 | 1,224,100 | 1,224,100 | - | 102,008,315 | 1.20% |
| 2 | 2019 | 1,166,705 | 1,166,705 | - | 97,225,436 | 1.20% |
| 2 | 2018 | 1,127,840 | 1,127,840 | - | 91,694,292 | 1.23% |
| 7 | 2017 | 985,213 | 985,213 | - | 88,757,889 | 1.11% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75 |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7% to 6.75% |

Schedule of Changes in the School Board Nonprofessional's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020

| | 2020 |
|--|------------------|
| Total HIC OPEB Liability | |
| Service cost | \$ - |
| Interest | - |
| Changes in benefit terms | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - |
| Changes of assumptions | 441,604 |
| Benefit payments | - |
| Net change in total HIC OPEB liability | \$ 441,604 |
| Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning | - |
| Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a) | \$ 441,604 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ - |
| Net investment income | - |
| Benefit payments | - |
| Administrator charges | - |
| Other | - |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | \$ |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ - |
| County's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ 441,604 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability | 0.00% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 10,016,892 |
| County's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 4.41% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | (| Contributions ir Relation to | 1 | | | Contributions |
|------|----|---------------|----|---------------------------------|----|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | Contractually | | Contractually | | Contribution | Employer's | as a % of |
| | | Required | | Required | | Deficiency | Covered | Covered |
| | | Contribution | | Contribution | | (Excess) | Payroll | Payroll |
| Date | _ | (1) | | (2) | _ | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 2021 | \$ | 42,798 | \$ | 42,798 | \$ | - | \$ 9,510,601 | 0.45% |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2021 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 though June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

| · · |
|---|
| Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 |
| projected to 2020 |
| Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final |
| retirement age from 70 to 75 |
| Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each |
| age and service year |
| Lowered disability rates |
| No change |
| Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00% |
| Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |
| |

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

| Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020 |
|---|--|
| Retirement Rates | Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year |
| Disability Rates | Adjusted rates to better match experience |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Line of Duty Disability | Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00% |
| Discount Rate | Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75% |

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds At June 30, 2021

| | | 6 | | D 1. | _ | Capital Projects Storm Water | <u>s</u> | |
|---|-----|--------------------|----|-----------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | | Special Revenue | | Debt Service | | Control Fund | | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 4,665,267 | \$ | 202,380 | \$ | 3,500,162 | \$ | 8,367,809 |
| Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectibles) - Note 4 | _ | 151,661 | | - | | 4 | _ | 151,665 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 4,816,928 | \$ | 202,380 | \$_ | 3,500,166 | \$_ | 8,519,474 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 17,541 | \$ | 235,729 | \$_ | 13,845 | \$_ | 267,115 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 17,541 | \$ | 235,729 | \$_ | 13,845 | \$_ | 267,115 |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | |
| Committed: | ċ | | ċ | | ċ | 2 407 224 | ċ | 2 407 224 |
| Stormwater projects Special revenue | \$ | 4,799,387 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,486,321 | > | 3,486,321 4,799,387 |
| Unassigned | | 4,777,307 | | (33,349) | | - | | (33,349) |
| Total fund balance | \$_ | 4,799,387 | \$ | (33,349) | \$ | 3,486,321 | \$_ | 8,252,359 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$ | 4,816,928 | \$ | 202,380 | \$ | 3,500,166 | \$ | 8,519,474 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Revenues Cher local taxes \$ 1,211,544 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$ 1,211,544 Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Use of money and property 15,894 | | _ | Special Revenue | | Debt Service | | Storm Water Control | s | Total |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|-----------------|----|------------------------|-----|--------------|
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses 15,894 | | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property Charges for services 65,793 17,386 83,179 Charges for services 20,949 956 956 Recovered costs 20,949 20,949 Intergovernmental: 326,895 326,895 Commonwealth 80,156 80,156 Federal Government 80,156 183,342 1,739,573 Expenditures Current: 81,314,180 407,051 18,342 1,739,573 Expenditures Current: 914,683 5 5 102,496 Community Development 914,683 5 5 102,496 Community Development 914,683 5 5 142,4857 Debt service: Principal payments 36,357,876 5 36,357,876 Interest and fiscal charges 6,736,510 6,736,510 40,736,510 Capital projects 1,017,179 43,094,386 142,857 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 5 297,001 42,687,335 | | \$ | | \$ | - | Ş | - | Ş | |
| Recovered costs 20,949 | Use of money and property | | • | | - | | • | | • |
| Intergovernmental: | • | | 20 040 | | - | | 956 | | |
| Commonwealth Federal Government - 326,895 (solitor) - 80,156 (solitor) - 102,496 (solitor) - | | | 20,747 | | | | _ | | 20,747 |
| Total revenues \$ 1,314,180 \$ 407,051 \$ 18,342 \$ 1,739,573 Expenditures Current: Public works \$ 102,496 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 102,496 \$ - \$ 914,683 Community Development 914,683 - \$ 914,683 - \$ 914,683 Debt service: Principal payments - \$ 36,357,876 - \$ 36,357,876 Interest and fiscal charges - \$ 6,736,510 - \$ 6,736,510 Capital projects - \$ 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers in \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) \$ (2,787,990) - \$ (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund bal | Commonwealth | | - | | • | | - | | · |
| Expenditures Current: Public works \$ 102,496 \$. \$. \$ 102,496 Community Development 914,683 914,683 Debt service: Principal payments | rederat Government | _ | - | - | 80,136 | - | - | _ | 80,136 |
| Current: Public works \$ 102,496 \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ 102,496 Community Development 914,683 - 914,683 Debt service: 9714,683 - 914,683 Principal payments - 36,357,876 - 36,357,876 Interest and fiscal charges - 6,736,510 - 6,736,510 Capital projects - 7,736,510 - 6,736,510 Capital projects - 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 \$ (2,787,990) Transfers (out) (2,787,990) - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 | Total revenues | \$_ | 1,314,180 | \$_ | 407,051 | \$ | 18,342 | \$_ | 1,739,573 |
| Public works \$ 102,496 \$ - \$ 0.5 \$ 102,496 Community Development 914,683 - 914,683 Debt service: 914,683 - 36,357,876 - 36,357,876 Principal payments - 6,736,510 - 6,736,510 - 6,736,510 Interest and fiscal charges - 6,736,510 - 142,857 142,857 Capital projects - 142,857 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) (2,787,990) \$ 2,02,787,990 \$ 2,02,787,990 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Community Development Debt service: 914,683 - - 914,683 Principal payments - 36,357,876 - 36,357,876 Interest and fiscal charges - 6,736,510 - 6,736,510 Capital projects - - - 142,857 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers in \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) (2,787,990) - - - 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | | | | _ | | | | | |
| Debt service: Principal payments - 36,357,876 - 36,357,876 Interest and fiscal charges - 6,736,510 - 6,736,510 Capital projects - 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) (2,787,990) (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | | \$ | • | \$ | - | \$ | - | Ş | • |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | 914,003 | | - | | - | | 914,003 |
| Capital projects - - 142,857 142,857 Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) (2,787,990) - - - (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | | | - | | 36,357,876 | | - | | |
| Total expenditures \$ 1,017,179 \$ 43,094,386 \$ 142,857 \$ 44,254,422 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 | | | - | | 6,736,510 | | - | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 | Capital projects | _ | - | - | - | - | 142,857 | _ | 142,857 |
| (under) expenditures \$ 297,001 \$ (42,687,335) \$ (124,515) \$ (42,514,849) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 Transfers (out) (2,787,990) (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | Total expenditures | \$_ | 1,017,179 | \$_ | 43,094,386 | \$ | 142,857 | \$_ | 44,254,422 |
| Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ 1,388,008 (2,787,990) \$ 42,687,335 (2,787,990) \$ - \$ 44,075,343 (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 (2,787,990) \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 (9,479,855) | Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ 1,388,008 \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 44,075,343 (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | (under) expenditures | \$_ | 297,001 | \$_ | (42,687,335) | \$ | (124,515) | \$_ | (42,514,849) |
| Transfers (out) (2,787,990) - - (2,787,990) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (1,399,982) \$ 42,687,335 \$ - \$ 41,287,353 Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | | \$ | | | 42,687,335 | \$ | - | \$ | |
| Net change in fund balance \$ (1,102,981) \$ - \$ (124,515) \$ (1,227,496) Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | Transfers (out) | _ | (2,787,990) | - | - | - | - | _ | (2,787,990) |
| Fund balance, beginning of year 5,902,368 (33,349) 3,610,836 9,479,855 | Total other financing sources (uses) | \$_ | (1,399,982) | \$_ | 42,687,335 | \$ | - | \$_ | 41,287,353 |
| | Net change in fund balance | \$ | (1,102,981) | \$ | - | \$ | (124,515) | \$ | (1,227,496) |
| Fund balance, end of year \$ 4,799,387 \$ (33,349) \$ 3,486,321 \$ 8,252,359 | Fund balance, beginning of year | _ | 5,902,368 | | (33,349) | _ | 3,610,836 | _ | 9,479,855 |
| | Fund balance, end of year | \$_ | 4,799,387 | \$ | (33,349) | Ş | 3,486,321 | \$_ | 8,252,359 |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds At June 30, 2021

| | | Water Resources Fund | Courthouse Maintenance Fund | Stream Buffer Fund | Tourism Fund | Old Crozet School Fund | Economic Development Fund | Tot | :al |
|---|----|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 216,496 \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 \$ | (19,337) \$ | 29,647 \$ | 4,439,927 | \$ 4,665 | 5,267 |
| Receivables, (net of allowance for uncollectibles) - Note 4 | - | - | | <u> </u> | 131,672 | 5,040 | 14,949 | 151 | 1,661 |
| Total assets | \$ | 216,496 \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 \$ | 112,335 \$ | 34,687 \$ | 4,454,876 | \$ 4,816 | ,928 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | \$ | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 7,147 \$ | 10,394 | \$ 17 | 7,541 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - \$ | \$ | 7,147 \$ | 10,394 | \$17 | 7,541 |
| Fund Balance Committed: | | | | | | | | | |
| Special revenue | \$ | 216,496 \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 \$ | 112,335 \$ | 27,540 \$ | 4,444,482 | \$ 4,799 | ,387 |
| Total fund balance | \$ | 216,496 \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 \$ | 112,335 \$ | 27,540 \$ | 4,444,482 | \$ 4,799 | ,387 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$ | 216,496 \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 \$ | 112,335 \$ | 34,687 \$ | 4,454,876 | \$ 4,816 | ,928 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Water Resources Fund | | Courthouse Naintenance Fund | Stream Buffer Fund | . <u>-</u> | Tourism Fund | Old Crozet School Fund | Economic Development Fund | Total |
|---|----|----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other local taxes | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | 1,211,544 \$ | - 9 | - \$ | 1,211,544 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | | _ | | 15,894 | _ | | _ | _ | _ | 15,894 |
| Use of money and property | | _ | | - | _ | | _ | 65,793 | - | 65,793 |
| Recovered costs | | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | - | 20,949 | 20,949 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth | - | - | _ | | - | | <u> </u> | - | | <u>-</u> |
| Total revenues | \$ | | \$_ | 15,894 \$ | - | \$_ | 1,211,544 \$ | 65,793 | \$\$ | 1,314,180 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public works | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | 102,496 | - \$ | 102,496 |
| Community Development | - | - | _ | <u> </u> | - | | <u> </u> | - | 914,683 | 914,683 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | - | \$_ | - \$ | - | \$_ | \$_ | 102,496 | 914,683 \$ | 1,017,179 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | \$ | - | \$_ | 15,894 \$ | - | \$_ | 1,211,544 \$ | (36,703) | \$ (893,734) \$ | 297,001 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | 1,388,008 | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - 9 | - \$ | 1,388,008 |
| Transfers (out) | - | (1,388,008) | _ | (30,776) | - | _ | (1,369,206) | - | | (2,787,990) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | - | \$_ | (30,776) \$ | - | \$_ | (1,369,206) \$ | - 9 | \$\$_ | (1,399,982) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | - | \$ | (14,882) \$ | - | \$ | (157,662) \$ | (36,703) | (893,734) \$ | (1,102,981) |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | - | 216,496 | | 10,353 | 3,063 | | 269,997 | 64,243 | 5,338,216 | 5,902,368 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 216,496 | \$ | (4,529) \$ | 3,063 | \$ | 112,335 \$ | 27,540 | \$4,444,482_\$_ | 4,799,387 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Debt Service | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | _ | General | School | Total |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Commonwealth | \$ | - \$ | 326,895 | 326,895 |
| Federal government | | <u>-</u> - | 80,156 | 80,156 |
| Total revenues | \$_ | \$_ | 407,051 | 407,051 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal payments | \$ | 16,244,188 \$ | 20,113,688 | 36,357,876 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 2,542,392 | 4,194,118 | 6,736,510 |
| Total expenditures | \$_ | 18,786,580 \$ | 24,307,806 | 43,094,386 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$_ | (18,786,580) \$ | (23,900,755) | (42,687,335) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$_ | 18,786,580 \$ | 23,900,755 | 42,687,335 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$_ | 18,786,580 \$ | 23,900,755 | 42,687,335 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | _ | (33,349) | | (33,349) |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | (33,349) \$ | - 5 | (33,349) |

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds At June 30, 2021

| | | Health Insurance Fund | Dental Plan Pool Fund | Duplicating Fund | Facilities Development Fund | Computer Replacement Fund | Vehicle Replacement Fund | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Assets | _ | | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 18,155,970 \$ | 1,850,104 \$ | - \$ | 4,857 | 73,892 | 913,154 \$ | 20,997,977 |
| Accounts receivable | | 123,409 | 6,549 | - | - | - | - | 129,958 |
| Prepaid expenses | _ | | - | | | 65,255 | | 65,255 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 18,279,379 \$ | 1,856,653 \$ | \$ | 4,857 | 139,147 | 913,154 \$ | 21,193,190 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 2,607 \$ | 0 ς | 6,972 \$ | - 9 | 8,085 | 37,448 \$ | 55,112 |
| Reconciled overdraft | | - | - | 12,853 | - | - | - | 12,853 |
| Claims payable: | | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | _ | 2,832,647 | 125,418 | - | | | | 2,958,065 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 2,835,254 \$ | 125,418 \$ | 19,825 \$ | - ! | 8,085 | 37,448 \$ | 3,026,030 |
| Net position | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | _ | 15,444,125 | 1,731,235 | (19,825) | 4,857 | 131,062 | 875,706 | 18,167,160 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ | 18,279,379 \$ | 1,856,653 \$ | \$ | 4,857 | 139,147 | 913,154 \$ | 21,193,190 |

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Health Insurance Fund | Dental Plan Pool Fund | Duplicating Fund | Facilities Development Fund | Computer Replacement Fund | Vehicle Replacement Fund | Total Internal Service Funds |
|---|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Operating revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services, net | \$ | 31,079,990 \$ | 1,809,993 | 65,259 | - 9 | 595,784 \$ | 609,858 \$ | 34,160,884 |
| Operating expenses | ċ | 31,469,770 \$ | 4 E20 242 Ĉ | ; <u>- </u> | ٠ . | | s - \$ | 32,999,082 |
| Benefits and related expenses Services and supplies | Ş | 31,409,770 \$ | 1,329,312 \$ | 67,613 | - (| \$ - \$ 566,052 | 398,542 | 1,032,207 |
| Services and supplies | - | | - | | | | 370,312 | 1,032,207 |
| Total operating expenses | \$ | 31,469,770 \$ | 1,529,312 \$ | 67,613 \$ | - 9 | 566,052 \$ | 398,542 \$ | 34,031,289 |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (389,780) \$ | 280,681 | (2,354) | 5 | \$ 29,732 \$ | 211,316 \$ | 129,595 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest income | \$ | 66,029 \$ | 6,712 \$ | - 5 | ; | \$\$ | 4,540 \$ | 77,281 |
| Transfers | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - 9 | \$ 80,000 \$ | - \$ | 80,000 |
| Net transfers | \$ | - \$ | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 5 | \$ 80,000 \$ | - \$ | 80,000 |
| Change in net position | \$ | (323,751) \$ | 287,393 \$ | (2,354) \$ | - 9 | 109,732 \$ | 215,856 \$ | 286,876 |
| Net position, beginning of year | - | 15,767,876 | 1,443,842 | (17,471) | 4,857 | 21,330 | 659,850 | 17,880,284 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 15,444,125 \$ | 1,731,235 | (19,825) | 4,857 | 131,062 \$ | 875,706 \$ | 18,167,160 |

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | - | Health Insurance Fund | Dental Plan Pool Fund | Duplicating Fund | Facilities Development Fund | Computer Replacement Fund | Vehicle Replacement Fund | Total Internal Service Funds |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from insured | \$ | 30,956,581 \$ | 1,803,444 \$ | - 5 | - \$ | - 9 | - \$ | 32,760,025 |
| Receipts from services | | - | - | 63,889 | - | 595,784 | 609,858 | 1,269,531 |
| Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used for) operating | _ | (32,834,260) | (1,559,220) | (63,889) | | (623,222) | (426,508) | (35,507,099) |
| activities | \$ | (1,877,679) \$ | 244,224 | | | (27,438) | 183,350 \$ | (1,477,543) |
| | - | | | | | | · | |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities | ċ | ć | , | . , | | 80.000.6 | | 80.000 |
| Transfers | \$_ | - \$ | - (| s | - 5 | 80,000 | s <u> </u> | 80,000 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | | | | | |
| Interest income | \$_ | 66,029 \$ | 6,712 | · - (| · · · · | · · · | 4,540 \$ | 77,281 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and | | | | | | | | |
| cash equivalents | \$ | (1,811,650) \$ | 250,936 | | - \$ | 52,562 | 187,890 \$ | (1,320,262) |
| | | 10.017.100 | 4 500 440 | | 4.057 | 24 222 | 705.044 | 22 242 222 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | - | 19,967,620 | 1,599,168 | | 4,857 | 21,330 | 725,264 | 22,318,239 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$_ | 18,155,970 \$ | 1,850,104 | <u> </u> | 4,857 | 73,892 | 913,154 \$ | 20,997,977 |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (389,780) \$ | 280,681 | (2,354) \$ | - \$ | 29,732 | 211,316 \$ | 129,595 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Receivables, net | | (123,409) | (6,549) | - | - | - | - | (129,958) |
| Prepaid expenses | | - | - | - | - | (65,255) | - | (65,255) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Reconciled overdraft | | (462,585) | (32,124) | 3,724 | - | 8,085 | (27,966) | (510,866) |
| Claims payable | | (901,905) | 2,216 | (1,370) | - | - | - | (1,370) (899,689) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | (1,877,679) \$ | 244,224 | <u> </u> | 5 - \$ | (27,438) | 183,350 \$ | (1,477,543) |

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds At June 30, 2021

| | | McIntire Trust Fund | Juanise Dyer \ Trust Fund | | Weinstein Trust Fund | | Crozet Crossings Trust Fund | | Synthetic Turf Field Funds | | Proffer Trust Fund | | Total |
|--------------------------|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------|----|----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|----|--------------------------|-----|-----------|
| Assets | _ | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | - | \$ 13,281 | \$ | 89,353 \$ | \$ | 63,122 | \$ | 224,419 | \$ | 8,411,571 | \$ | 8,801,746 |
| Investments with trustee | | 466,423 | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 466,423 |
| Accounts receivable | _ | 8,044 | - | | - | | - | _ | - | | 417,983 | _ | 426,027 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 474,467 | \$ 13,281 | \$ | 89,353 \$ | \$ | 63,122 | \$_ | 224,419 | \$ | 8,829,554 | \$ | 9,694,196 |
| Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | \$_ | 474,467 | \$ 13,281 | \$ | 89,353 \$ | \$_ | 63,122 | \$_ | 224,419 | \$ | 8,829,554 | \$_ | 9,694,196 |
| Total net position | \$_ | 474,467 | \$ 13,281 | \$ | 89,353 | \$ | 63,122 | \$_ | 224,419 | \$ | 8,829,554 | \$_ | 9,694,196 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | McIntire Trust Fund | Juanise Dyer Trust Fund | Weinstein Trust Fund | Crozet Crossings Trust Fund | Synthetic Turf Field Fund | Proffer Trust Fund | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Additions | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings (losses) | \$ 133,156 \$ | 51 \$ | 342 | \$ 242 | \$ 10,663 \$ | 31,353 \$ | 175,807 |
| Proffers | | <u>-</u> | - | | | 1,696,580 | 1,696,580 |
| Total additions | \$ 133,156 \$ | 51 \$ | 342 | \$ 242 | \$ 10,663 \$ | 1,727,933 \$ | 1,872,387 |
| Deductions | | | | | | | |
| General | \$ 56,139\$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - \$ | - \$ | 56,139 |
| Contributions | - | - | - | - | - | 588,206 | 588,206 |
| Total deductions | \$ 56,139 \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | \$\$ | 588,206 \$ | 644,345 |
| Change in net position | \$ 77,017 \$ | 51 \$ | 342 | \$ 242 | \$ 10,663 \$ | 1,139,727 \$ | 1,228,042 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 397,450 | 13,230 | 89,011 | 62,880 | 213,756 | 7,689,827 | 8,466,154 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 474,467 \$ | 13,281 \$ | 89,353 | \$ 63,122 | \$ 224,419 \$ | 8,829,554 \$ | 9,694,196 |

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds At June 30, 2021

| | | Special Welfare Fund | Drug Fund | Payroll Suspense Fund | HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund | | County Contribution Fund | Ace Contribution Fund | Firearms Range Operating Fund | | CATEC Fund |
|---|-----|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------|------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments Accounts receivable | \$ | 79,600 \$ - - | 186,915 \$ | 962,241 \$ 3,604 | 24,127 | \$ | 295,584 | \$ 21,726 | \$ 474,138 138,119 | \$ _ | (822,470) 1,020,115 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 79,600 \$ | 186,915 \$ | 965,845 \$ | 24,127 | \$ | 295,584 | \$ 21,726 | \$ 612,257 | \$ | 197,645 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$_ | - \$ | - \$ | 269,648 \$ | - | \$_ | - ! | \$ | \$ 36,145 | \$_ | 197,645 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | - \$ | - \$ | 269,648 \$ | - | \$ | - ! | \$ | \$ 36,145 | \$ | 197,645 |
| Net Position Restricted for: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employees | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 696,197 \$ | - | \$ | - ! | \$ - | \$ | \$ | - |
| Other Governments Individuals and organizations | _ | 79,600 | 186,915 | <u> </u> | 24,127 | | 295,584 | 21,726 | 576,112 | _ | - - |
| Total net position | \$ | 79,600 \$ | 186,915 \$ | 696,197 \$ | 24,127 | \$ | 295,584 | \$ 21,726 | \$ 576,112 | \$ | |

| _ | Appeal Bond Fund | Sheriff Reserve Fund | Performance Bond Fund | | Natural Heritage Fund | Economic Development Authority Fund | | Commonwealth Attorney Commission Fund | Public Recreation Facility Authority | | Courts Escrow Fund | Albemarle Broadband Authority | | Total |
|-----|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|--|-----|--|---|----|--------------------------|---|-----|------------------------|
| \$ | 4,500 - | \$ 1,872 | \$ 6,235,364 S 76,910 | \$ | 1,157 - | \$ 731,824 221,367 | \$_ | 75,925 - | \$ 401,715 - | \$ | 7,807 | \$ 962,056 | \$ | 9,644,081 1,460,115 |
| \$_ | 4,500 | \$ 1,872 | \$ 6,312,274 | \$_ | 1,157 | \$ 953,191 | \$_ | 75,925 | \$ 401,715 | \$ | 7,807 | \$ 962,056 | \$ | 11,104,196 |
| \$_ | - | \$ - | \$ 17,110 | \$_ | - | \$ 37,561 | \$_ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$_ | 558,109 |
| \$_ | - | \$ - | \$ 17,110 | \$_ | - | \$ 37,561 | \$_ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 558,109 |
| \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - ! | \$ | - | \$ - 915,630 | \$ | - | \$ - 401,715 | \$ | - | \$ - 962,056 | \$ | 696,197 2,279,401 |
| _ | 4,500 | 1,872 | 6,295,164 | _ | 1,157 | - | _ | 75,925 | - | _ | 7,807 | - | _ | 7,570,489 |
| \$_ | 4,500 | \$ 1,872 | \$ 6,295,164 | \$_ | 1,157 | \$ 915,630 | \$_ | 75,925 | \$ 401,715 | \$ | 7,807 | \$ 962,056 | \$ | 10,546,087 |



COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | _ | Special Welfare Fund | _ | Drug Fund | | Payroll Suspense Fund | HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund | | County Contribution Fund | | Ace Contribution Fund | |
|---|-----|----------------------------|-----|--------------|----|-----------------------------|--|--------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Additions: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions Private contributions | \$ | 108,307 | \$ | 24,126 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 6,846 | \$ | - |
| Government contributions Employee contributions | _ | - | | - | | 106,932,128 | - | | | - | | <u>-</u> |
| Total contributions | \$_ | 108,307 | \$_ | 24,126 | \$ | 106,932,128 | \$ | | \$ | 6,846 | \$ | <u>-</u> |
| Investment earnings: Interest | \$_ | - | \$_ | 767 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | 1,119 | \$ | 83 |
| Total investment earnings | \$_ | - | \$_ | 767 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | 1,119 | \$ | 83 |
| Total additions | \$_ | 108,307 | \$_ | 24,893 | \$ | 106,932,128 | \$ | | \$ | 7,965 | \$ | 83 |
| Deductions: Recipient payments Economic Development Broadband | \$ | 107,669 | \$ | 65,581 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Administrative expenses Employee disbursements | _ | - | | - | | 107,099,268 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total deductions | \$_ | 107,669 | \$_ | 65,581 | \$ | 107,099,268 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | <u>-</u> |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | \$ | 638 | \$ | (40,688) | \$ | (167,140) | \$ | - | \$ | 7,965 | \$ | 83 |
| Net position - beginning, as restated | _ | 78,962 | | 227,603 | | 863,337 | | 24,127 | | 287,619 | | 21,643 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 79,600 | \$ | 186,915 | \$ | 696,197 | \$ | 24,127 | \$ | 295,584 | \$ | 21,726 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Custodial Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Firearms Range Operating Fund | | CATEC Fund | | Appeal Bond Fund | | Sheriff Reserve Fund | | Performance Bond Fund | Natural Heritage Fund | |
|--|----|--|-----|---------------------|-----|------------------------|----|----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Additions: Contributions Private contributions Government contributions Employee contributions | \$ | 250,536 | \$ | - 2,310,163 - | \$ | - - - | \$ | - - - | \$ | 864,239 \$ - | \$ _ | - - - |
| Total contributions | \$ | 250,536 | \$_ | 2,310,163 | \$_ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 864,239 | \$_ | |
| Investment earnings: Interest | \$ | 1,719 | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$ | 8 | \$_ | 1,876 | \$_ | 4 |
| Total investment earnings | \$ | 1,719 | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$ | 8 | \$_ | 1,876 | \$_ | 4 |
| Total additions | \$ | 252,255 | \$_ | 2,310,163 | \$_ | - | \$ | 8 | \$ | 866,115 | \$_ | 4_ |
| Deductions: Recipient payments Economic Development Broadband | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,423,807 | \$ | - |
| Administrative expenses Employee disbursements | - | 166,507 - | | 2,310,163 | | - | | - | | - | _ | - |
| Total deductions | \$ | 166,507 | \$_ | 2,310,163 | \$_ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,423,807 | \$_ | |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | \$ | 85,748 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 8 | \$ | (557,692) \$ | \$ | 4 |
| Net position - beginning, as restated | - | 490,364 | | - | | 4,500 | | 1,864 | | 6,852,856 | _ | 1,153 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 576,112 | \$_ | - | \$_ | 4,500 | \$ | 1,872 | \$ | 6,295,164 | \$_ | 1,157 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Custodial Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | - | Economic Development Authority Fund | _ | Commonwealt Attorney Commission Fund | h | Public Recreation Facility Authority | Courts Escrow Fund | Albemarle Broadband Authority | | Total |
|--|-----|--|----|---|-------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|
| Additions: Contributions Private contributions Government contributions Employee contributions | \$_ | 127,549 1,218,132 | \$ | 52,056 - - | \$ | - 89,964 - | \$ - - - | \$ - - - | \$ | 1,433,659 3,618,259 106,932,128 |
| Total contributions | \$_ | 1,345,681 | \$ | 52,056 | \$ | 89,964 | \$ | \$ - | \$ | 111,984,046 |
| Investment earnings: Interest | \$_ | 2,716 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,405 | \$ | \$ 4,104 | \$_ | 13,801 |
| Total investment earnings | \$_ | 2,716 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,405 | \$ | \$ 4,104 | \$ | 13,801 |
| Total additions | \$_ | 1,348,397 | \$ | 52,056 | \$ | 91,369 | \$ - | \$ 4,104 | \$ | 111,997,847 |
| Deductions: Recipient payments Economic Development Broadband Administrative expenses Employee disbursements | \$ | - 1,246,477 - - | \$ | 82,888 - - - | \$ | - - 900 - | \$ - - - - | \$ - - 373,248 - - | \$ | 1,679,945 1,246,477 373,248 2,477,570 107,099,268 |
| Total deductions | \$_ | 1,246,477 | \$ | 82,888 | \$ | 900 | \$ _ | \$ 373,248 | \$ | 112,876,508 |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | \$ | 101,920 | \$ | (30,832) | \$ | 90,469 | \$ - | \$ (369,144) | \$ | (878,661) |
| Net position - beginning, as restated | _ | 813,710 | | 106,757 | | 311,246 | 7,807 | 1,331,200 | | 11,424,748 |
| Net position - ending | \$_ | 915,630 | \$ | 75,925 | \$ | 401,715 | \$ 7,807 | \$ 962,056 | \$ | 10,546,087 |

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Special Rev | enue Funds | | |
|--|----|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | Courthouse Ma | intenance Fund | | |
| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: Other local taxes | \$ | . \$ | | \$ - | \$ | |
| Revenue from use of money and property | Ş | - > | - | · - | Ş | - |
| Charges for services | | 30,776 | 30,776 | 15,894 | | (14,882) |
| Recovered costs | | - | · - | - | | - |
| Intergovernmental: Commonwealth | | | | | | |
| Federal Government | | - | - | - | | - |
| Total revenues | \$ | 30,776 \$ | 30,776 | \$ 15,894 | \$ | (14,882) |
| Expenditures Current: Community Development Planning and community development | \$ | - S | _ | s - | \$ | _ |
| , , | · | | | \$ - | - Ť <u>—</u> S | |
| Total community development | · | | | ٠ | ـ ۲ ـ | |
| Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Capital projects | \$ | - \$ - - | | \$ - - - | \$ | - - |
| Total expenditures | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ | 30,776 \$ | 30,776 | \$15,894 | \$ | (14,882) |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) | \$ | - \$ (30,776) | - (30,776) | \$ - (30,776) | \$ | <u>.</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | (30,776) \$ | (30,776) | \$ (30,776) | \$ | |
| Net changes in fund balances | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ (14,882) | \$ | (14,882) |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | <u> </u> | | 10,353 | | 10,353 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ | <u> </u> | | \$ (4,529) | \$ | (4,529) |

| | | Economic De | eve | lopment Fund | | | | | Tourisr | m F | und | |
|----|--------------------|-----------------|-----|----------------|--|-----|--------------------|------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------|--|
| - | Original Budget | Final Budget | | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) | | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | 1,239,563 | \$ | 1,239,563 | \$ | 1,211,544 \$ | (28,019) |
| | - | 6,000 | | 20,949 | - 14,949 | | - | | - - | | - - - | - |
| | - | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| \$ | - \$ | 6,000 | \$ | 20,949 \$ | 14,949 | \$ | 1,239,563 | \$ | 1,239,563 | \$ | 1,211,544 \$ | (28,019) |
| \$ | 35,000 \$ | 5,344,001 | \$ | 914,683 \$ | 4,429,318 | \$ | - | \$ | - 9 | \$ | - \$ | _ |
| \$ | 35,000 \$ | 5,344,001 | | 914,683 \$ | 4,429,318 | | - | \$ | - 9 | _ | - \$ | |
| \$ | - \$ - - | - | \$ | - \$ - - | - | \$ | - | \$ | - <u>(</u> - | \$ | - \$ - - | - |
| \$ | 35,000 \$ | 5,344,001 | \$ | 914,683 \$ | 4,429,318 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ <u></u> | - \$ | - |
| \$ | (35,000) \$ | (5,338,001) | \$_ | (893,734) \$ | 4,444,267 | \$_ | 1,239,563 | _\$_ | 1,239,563 | \$_ | 1,211,544 \$ | (28,019) |
| \$ | 35,000 \$ | 5,338,001 | \$ | - \$ - | (5,338,001) | \$ | (1,239,563) | \$ | 250,000 S (1,489,563) | \$ | - \$ (1,369,206) | (250,000) 120,357 |
| \$ | 35,000 \$ | 5,338,001 | \$_ | - \$ | (5,338,001) | \$_ | (1,239,563) | \$_ | (1,239,563) | \$ | (1,369,206) \$ | (129,643) |
| \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | (893,734) \$ | (893,734) | \$ | - | \$ | - 5 | \$ | (157,662) \$ | (157,662) |
| _ | - | - | | 5,338,216 | 5,338,216 | | - | | - | | 269,997 | 269,997 |
| \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | 4,444,482 \$ | 4,444,482 | \$ | - | \$ | - 9 | \$ | 112,335 \$ | 112,335 |

Page 3 of 4

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

| | _ | | Debt Servio | e Funds | |
|---|-----|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: Other local taxes Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Recovered costs | \$ | - \$ - - | - \$ - - | - \$ - - | - |
| Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Government | _ | - - - | - - - | - - | - - - |
| Total revenues | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| Expenditures Current: Community Development Planning and community development | \$_ | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | - \$ | |
| Total community development | \$_ | - \$ | - \$_ | - \$ | <u> </u> |
| Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Capital projects | \$ | 6,330,828 \$ 2,519,869 | 16,244,188 \$ 2,569,999 | 16,244,188 \$ 2,542,392 | - 27,607 - |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 8,850,697 \$ | 18,814,187 \$ | 18,786,580 \$ | 27,607 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$_ | (8,850,697) \$ | (18,814,187) \$ | (18,786,580) \$ | 27,607 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) | \$ | 8,850,697 \$ | 18,814,187 \$ | 18,786,580 \$ | (27,607) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | 8,850,697 \$ | 18,814,187 \$ | 18,786,580 \$ | (27,607) |
| Net changes in fund balances | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | - | <u> </u> | (33,349) | (33,349) |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$_ | - \$ | - \$_ | (33,349) \$ | (33,349) |

| | | | | | | Capital Proje | ects Fund | |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | School Debt Ser | vice Fund | | | Storm Water | r Control | _ |
| _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ 17,386 | - 17,386 |
| | - - - | | - - | - | - | - - - | 956 - | 956 |
| | 326,895 79,390 | 326,895 79,390 | 326,895 80,156 | - 766 | - | 371,613 - | | (371,613) |
| \$_ | 406,285 \$ | 406,285 \$ | 407,051 \$ | 766 \$ | - \$ | 371,613 \$ | 18,342 \$ | (353,271) |
| \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| \$_ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| \$ | 9,622,050 \$ 4,166,262 | 20,113,688 \$ 4,194,118 | 20,113,688 \$ 4,194,118 | - \$ - | - \$ - | - \$ - | - \$ - | - |
| <u> </u> | 13,788,312 \$ | 24,307,806 \$ | 24,307,806 \$ | | - - \$ | 1,312,945 1,312,945 \$ | 142,857 142,857 \$ | 1,170,088 |
| *- \$ | (13,382,027) \$ | (23,901,521) \$ | (23,900,755) \$ | ·_ | | (941,332) \$ | (124,515) \$ | 816,817 |
| \$ | 13,382,027 \$ | 23,901,521 \$ | 23,900,755 \$ | (766) \$ | - \$ | 941,332 \$ | - \$ | (941,332) |
| \$_ | 13,382,027 \$ | 23,901,521 \$ | 23,900,755 \$ | (766) \$ | - \$ | 941,332 \$ | - \$ | (941,332) |
| \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | (124,515) \$ | (124,515) |
| _ | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | 3,610,836 | 3,610,836 |
| \$_ | - \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | \$_ | \$_ | \$ | 3,486,321 \$ | 3,486,321 |

Component Unit School Board Combining Balance Sheet At June 30, 2021

| | _ | School Operating Fund | - | School Food Services Fund | | School Activities Fund | - | School Capital Projects Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|----|---------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|---|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 28,149,059 | \$ | 1,395,012 | \$ | 3,177,431 | \$ | 27,204,256 | \$ 59,925,758 |
| Investments - restricted | | - | | - | | - | | 19,929,883 | 19,929,883 |
| Accounts receivable | | 213,030 | | 10,824 | | - | | - | 223,854 |
| Due from other governments | | 7,367,614 | | 760,404 | | - | | - | 8,128,018 |
| Prepaid items | | 28,134 | | - | | - | | - | 28,134 |
| Inventories | _ | 188,557 | _ | 178,254 | | - | - | - | 366,811 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 35,946,394 | \$ | 2,344,494 | \$_ | 3,177,431 | \$_ | 47,134,139 | \$ 88,602,458 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$_ | 21,007,542 | \$ | 299,839 | \$ | | \$ | 4,051,634 | \$ 25,359,015 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 21,041,299 | \$ | 299,839 | \$_ | <u> </u> | \$_ | 4,051,634 | \$ 25,392,772 |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories and prepaid items | \$ | 216,691 | \$ | 178,254 | \$ | - ! | \$ | - | \$ 394,945 |
| Restricted: Capital Projects | | | | | | | | 19,929,883 | 19,929,883 |
| Scholarships | | _ | | | | 38,207 | | 19,929,003 | 38,207 |
| Committed: | | _ | | | | 30,207 | | | 30,207 |
| Education | | | | | | | | | |
| Special revenue | | 14,688,404 | | 1,866,401 | | 3,139,224 | | _ | 19,694,029 |
| Assigned: | | ,000, .0 . | | 1,000,101 | | 0,107,==1 | | | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Capital projects | _ | - | _ | | | - | _ | 23,152,622 | 23,152,622 |
| Total fund balance | \$_ | 14,905,095 | \$ | 2,044,655 | \$_ | 3,177,431 | \$_ | 43,082,505 | \$ 63,209,686 |
| Total liabilities and fund balance | \$_ | 35,946,394 | \$ | 2,344,494 | \$ | 3,177,431 | \$ | 47,134,139 | \$ 88,602,458 |

Component Unit School Board

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 63,209,686

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and

therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land and land improvements \$ 6,174,142

Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation 139,575,402

Furniture, equipment and vehicles, net of depreciation 5,340,128

School Board capital assets in primary government, net of depreciation (86,894,585)

Total capital assets 64,195,087

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Deferred inflows related to pensions (10,004,519)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (2,993,931)

Pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date and other deferred outflows will be a reduction to the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows related to pensions 45,508,736
Deferred outflows related to OPEB 5,476,769

Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities.

Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position consist of the following:

Compensated absences(4,763,843)School energy improvement lease(6,437,158)Net pension liability(170,914,337)Net OPEB liabilities(52,997,501)

Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1) \$ (69,721,011)

Component Unit School Board Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | _ | School Operating Fund | | School Food Services Fund | | School Activities Fund | School Capital Projects Fund | | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | 139,912 | \$ | 4,408 | \$ | - \$ | 5,213 | \$ | 149,533 |
| Charges for services | | 1,203,921 | | 9,074 | | - | - | | 1,212,995 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,265,555 | | 53,956 | | 726,229 | - | | 2,045,740 |
| Recovered costs | | 1,059,531 | | - | | - | - | | 1,059,531 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | | |
| Appropriation from primary government | | 134,184,078 | | - | | - | 65,477,150 | | 199,661,228 |
| Commonwealth | | 60,327,139 | | 55,531 | | - | 960,000 | | 61,342,670 |
| Federal Government | _ | 10,300,209 | | 3,991,552 | | | - | | 14,291,761 |
| Total revenues | \$_ | 208,480,345 | \$_ | 4,114,521 | \$_ | 726,229 \$ | 66,442,363 | \$_ | 279,763,458 |
| Expenditures Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| Education: | | 120 0 10 005 | | | | 700 200 6 | | | 4.40.440.207 |
| Instruction | \$ | 139,940,005 | \$ | - | \$ | 729,392 \$ | - | \$ | 140,669,397 |
| Administration, attendance and health | | 9,949,484 10,847,070 | | - | | - | - | | 9,949,484 10,847,070 |
| Transportation Special Programs | | 12,290,559 | | - | | | - | | 12,290,559 |
| Facilities operations and maintenance | | 17,093,545 | | _ | | _ | _ | | 17,093,545 |
| School food services | | - | | 3,728,478 | | - | - | | 3,728,478 |
| Technology | | 6,082,844 | | - | | - | - | | 6,082,844 |
| Contribution to primary government Capital projects | | 6,475,379 | | - | | - | 23,427,605 | | 6,475,379 23,427,605 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | ,, | | , , |
| Principal | | 581,871 | | - | | - | - | | 581,871 |
| Interest | _ | 236,156 | | - | | | - | | 236,156 |
| Total expenditures | \$_ | 203,496,913 | \$_ | 3,728,478 | \$_ | 729,392 \$ | 23,427,605 | \$_ | 231,382,388 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$_ | 4,983,432 | \$_ | 386,043 | \$_ | (3,163) \$ | 43,014,758 | \$_ | 48,381,070 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in Transfers (out) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Transiers (out) | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$_ | - \$ | - | \$_ | - |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | 4,983,432 | \$ | 386,043 | \$ | (3,163) \$ | 43,014,758 | \$ | 48,381,070 |
| Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated | _ | 9,921,663 | | 1,658,612 | | 3,180,594 | 67,747 | | 14,828,616 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$_ | 14,905,095 | \$_ | 2,044,655 | \$_ | 3,177,431 \$ | 43,082,505 | \$_ | 63,209,686 |

Component Unit School Board

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,

and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 48,381,070

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is as follows:

Capital outlay

| Construction in progress additions | \$ 13,995,203 | |
|--|------------------|------------|
| Construction in progress deletions | (8,002,893) | |
| Buildings and improvements additions | 13,151,978 | |
| Other improvement additions | 728,835 | |
| Furniture, equipment and vehicle additions | 1,717,653 | 21,590,776 |

Depreciation expense (10,526,818)

School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County and School Board. The County share of School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.

School buildings and improvements additions

(17,866,585) (17,866,585)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability 3,618,553 (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liability 1,732,018

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:

| Principal retirement of energy lease | | 581,871 |
|--|----|--------------|
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability | | 10,003,353 |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net OPEB liabilities | | 1,570,611 |
| Net OPEB liabilities | | (3,207,785) |
| Net pension asset | | (275,602) |
| Net pension liability | | (18,421,516) |
| Compensated absences | _ | 443,389 |
| | | |
| Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) | \$ | 37,623,335 |

Component Unit School Board School Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | School Operat | ing Fund | | |
|---|-----|---|---|--|------------|--|
| | _ | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property Charges for services | \$ | 550,597 \$ 4,021,462 | 550,597 \$ 4,021,462 | 139,912 1,203,921 | \$ | (410,685) (2,817,541) |
| Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: | | 1,264,600 798,299 | 1,629,600 1,072,443 | 1,265,555 1,059,531 | | (364,045) (12,912) |
| Appropriation from primary government Commonwealth Federal Government | _ | 134,184,078 54,237,306 7,355,976 | 134,184,078 54,261,511 15,009,712 | 134,184,078 60,327,139 10,300,209 | . <u>-</u> | 6,065,628 (4,709,503) |
| Total revenues | \$_ | 202,412,318 \$ | 210,729,403 \$ | 208,480,345 | \$_ | (2,249,058) |
| Expenditures Current: Education: | | | | | | |
| Instruction Administration, attendance and health Transportation Special Programs Facilities operations and maintenance | \$ | 145,887,504 \$ 9,676,044 11,101,504 11,425,919 16,633,983 | 148,006,034 \$ 9,753,618 11,325,147 22,685,061 16,868,100 | 139,940,005 9,949,484 10,847,070 12,290,559 17,093,545 | \$ | 8,066,029 (195,866) 478,077 10,394,502 (225,445) |
| Food service operations Technology Contribution to primary government Capital projects Debt service: | | 6,116,569 2,355,368 | 6,173,624 2,355,368 | 6,082,844 6,475,379 | | 90,780 (4,120,011) |
| Principal Interest | | 581,871 236,156 | 581,871 236,156 | 581,871 236,156 | | - |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 204,014,918 \$ | 217,984,979 \$ | 203,496,913 | \$_ | 14,488,066 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$_ | (1,602,600) \$ | (7,255,576) \$ | 4,983,432 | \$_ | 12,239,008 |
| Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers (out) | \$ | - \$ (27,475) | 7,283,051 \$ (27,475) | - | \$ | (7,283,051) 27,475 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | (27,475) \$ | 7,255,576 \$ | - | \$ | (7,255,576) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | (1,630,075) \$ | - \$ | 4,983,432 | \$ | 4,983,432 |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | _ | 1,630,075 | | 9,921,663 | | 9,921,663 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$_ | <u>-</u> \$_ | <u>-</u> \$ | 14,905,095 | \$_ | 14,905,095 |

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

| _ | | | School Fo | od | Services Fund | d | | School Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|------|----------------------------|---------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|---------------------------------|-----|---|--|
| _ | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | _ | Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative) | _ | Original Budget | _ | Final Budget | _ | Actual | | Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
| \$ | 44,900 2,651,116 117,000 | \$ | 44,900 2,651,116 117,000 | \$ | 4,408 S 9,074 53,956 | \$ | (40,492) (2,642,042) (63,044) | | - | \$ | - - 414,305 | \$ | 5,213 - - | \$ | 5,213 - (414,305) | |
| _ | 98,299 3,085,358 | | 98,299 3,085,358 | | 55,531 3,991,552 | | (42,768) 906,194 | | 8,577,000 960,000 - | | 65,660,241 960,000 | _ | - 65,477,150 960,000 - | | (183,091) | |
| \$_ | 5,996,673 | \$_ | 5,996,673 | \$_ | 4,114,521 | \$ | (1,882,152) | \$_ | 9,537,000 | \$_ | 67,034,546 | \$ | 66,442,363 | \$_ | (592,183) | |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - <u>\$</u> - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | - | |
| | 5,996,673 | | 5,996,673 | | 3,728,478 | | 2,268,195 | | - | | - | | | | - | |
| | - | | - | | - - | | : | | 9,537,000 | | 67,034,546 | \$ | 23,427,605 | | 43,606,941 | |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | - | |
| \$_ | 5,996,673 | \$ | 5,996,673 | \$_ | 3,728,478 | \$ | 2,268,195 | \$ | 9,537,000 | \$_ | 67,034,546 | \$ | 23,427,605 | \$ | 43,606,941 | |
| \$_ | | \$_ | - | _\$_ | 386,043 | \$_ | 386,043 | \$_ | | \$_ | - | \$_ | 43,014,758 | \$_ | 43,014,758 | |
| \$ | - - | \$ | - | \$ | - <u>-</u> | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - - | |
| \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$_ | - 5 | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | \$_ | | |
| \$_ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 386,043 S | \$ _ | 386,043 1,658,612 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 43,014,758 67,747 | \$ | 43,014,758 67,747 | |
| \$_ | - | \$_ | _ | \$_ | 2,044,655 | \$_ | 2,044,655 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 43,082,505 | \$_ | 43,082,505 | |



Statistical Section

| Contents | <u>Tables</u> |
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| Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 1 - 5 |
| Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes. | 6 - 9 |
| Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future. | 10 - 12 |
| Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments. | 13 - 14 |
| Operating Information These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. | 15 - 17 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (full accrual basis of accounting)

| | 20 | 012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 21,4 | 44,649 \$ | 21,021,622 \$ | 15,838,056 \$ | 19,617,917 \$ | 19,119,107 \$ | 13,365,493 \$ | 14,365,980 \$ | 18,886,437 \$ | 37,769,441 \$ | 7,114,666 |
| Restricted | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | 23,1 | 87,330 | 364,513 | 12,019,324 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Grant compliance | 1,7 | 76,167 | 1,018,918 | 920,676 | 1,049,763 | 1,966,148 | 3,827,416 | 2,257,492 | 3,147,427 | 5,064,435 | 5,074,713 |
| Debt service | 5 | 02,484 | 284,252 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unrestricted | 46,6 | 93,066 | 69,379,158 | 47,949,971 | 23,907,935 | 28,705,894 | 17,812,570 | 43,055,795 | 54,142,737 | 36,660,001 | 51,662,626 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ 93,60 | 03,696 \$ | 92,068,463 \$ | 76,728,027 \$ | 44,575,615 \$ | 49,791,149 \$ | 35,005,479 \$ | 59,679,267 \$ | 76,176,601 | 79,493,877 \$ | 63,852,005 |
| Component Unit - School Board | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 73,6 | 83,791 \$ | 73,714,848 \$ | 71,271,030 \$ | 68,284,362 \$ | 65,392,519 \$ | 59,845,625 \$ | 64,536,183 \$ | 67,135,276 \$ | 70,997,714 \$ | 64,195,087 |
| Unrestricted | 2,8 | 46,397 | (1,113,021) | 397,150 | (144,572,714) | (138,243,494) | (106,394,992) | (169,446,808) | (174,530,051) | (181,522,654) | (133,916,098) |
| Total component unit activities net position | \$ 76,5 | 30,188 \$ | 72,601,827 \$ | 71,668,180 \$ | (76,288,352) \$ | (72,850,975) \$ | (46,549,367) \$ | (104,910,625) \$ | (107,394,775) \$ | (110,524,940) \$ | (69,721,011) |

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(full accrual basis of accounting)

| | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|----|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Expenses | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ | 13,495,692 \$ | 9,765,599 \$ | 13,650,293 \$ | 13,857,864 \$ | 14,184,519 \$ | 14,159,853 \$ | 13,180,551 \$ | 16,033,434 \$ | 20,152,213 \$ | 22,663,518 |
| Judicial administration | | 5,004,115 | 5,489,228 | 5,975,851 | 6,047,874 | 5,909,977 | 5,955,611 | 6,115,421 | 6,423,724 | 6,914,556 | 7,006,895 |
| Public safety | | 33,923,255 | 36,742,658 | 42,371,942 | 41,294,799 | 44,153,582 | 45,574,488 | 45,989,178 | 47,607,466 | 52,253,314 | 56,437,283 |
| Public works | | 7,008,396 | 6,035,240 | 9,476,129 | 7,842,960 | 7,783,781 | 7,661,298 | 12,610,005 | 8,557,091 | 10,056,684 | 11,531,644 |
| Health and welfare | | 23,234,055 | 25,652,233 | 27,307,322 | 27,157,789 | 27,448,264 | 26,701,233 | 27,868,798 | 31,364,841 | 30,827,079 | 37,346,963 |
| Education | | 104,558,364 | 106,384,475 | 117,107,823 | 117,177,041 | 122,557,855 | 156,222,909 | 114,359,371 | 136,979,246 | 160,479,578 | 185,074,053 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 6,739,115 | 10,350,757 | 7,905,484 | 7,852,218 | 11,098,308 | 8,804,004 | 9,333,628 | 8,910,639 | 10,425,952 | 10,618,313 |
| Community development | | 28,023,779 | 27,518,813 | 26,498,797 | 27,900,025 | 27,080,262 | 26,614,114 | 28,358,277 | 31,930,547 | 30,569,280 | 35,292,202 |
| Interest on long-term debt | _ | 5,330,390 | 5,057,480 | 5,973,196 | 5,416,853 | 6,105,200 | 6,695,703 | 7,370,089 | 6,386,159 | 5,896,836 | 5,753,837 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | \$ | 227,317,161 \$ | 232,996,483 \$ | 256,266,837 \$ | 254,547,423 \$ | 266,321,748 \$ | 298,389,213 \$ | 265,185,318 \$ | 294,193,147 \$ | 327,575,492 \$ | 371,724,708 |
| Component unit activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Albemarle County Public Schools | \$ | 169,495,198 \$ | 173,100,782 \$ | 181,612,613 \$ | 183,267,944 \$ | 188,700,452 \$ | 207,155,126 \$ | 202,743,987 \$ | 206,281,210 \$ | 224,268,894 \$ | 223,214,007 |
| Total component unit activities expenses | \$ | 169,495,198 \$ | 173,100,782 \$ | 181,612,613 \$ | 183,267,944 \$ | 188,700,452 \$ | 207,155,126 \$ | 202,743,987 \$ | 206,281,210 \$ | 224,268,894 \$ | 223,214,007 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ | 427,114 \$ | 383,601 \$ | 385,209 \$ | 379,547 \$ | 397,260 \$ | 382,375 \$ | 407,226 \$ | 402,374 \$ | 533,458 \$ | 575,409 |
| Judicial administration | | 342,246 | 554,336 | 544,286 | 503,083 | 500,335 | 495,670 | 545,992 | 482,515 | 473,122 | 369,342 |
| Public safety | | 2,928,839 | 2,124,556 | 2,775,672 | 2,803,272 | 3,161,337 | 3,117,781 | 3,293,635 | 3,393,997 | 3,220,032 | 3,014,561 |
| Public works | | 40,095 | 60,712 | 74,861 | 95,345 | 102,082 | 92,316 | 63,340 | 96,292 | 59,844 | 48,660 |
| Education | | - | - | - | - | - | 25,000 | 23,821 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 22,500 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 327,731 | 300,290 | 331,375 | 335,885 | 336,689 | 314,000 | 312,151 | 333,205 | 155,050 | 41,994 |
| Community development | | 1,733,253 | 1,748,806 | 1,824,367 | 1,839,909 | 2,477,563 | 2,500,395 | 2,814,120 | 2,365,686 | 2,474,691 | 2,466,608 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 20,193,795 | 20,604,402 | 23,180,407 | 23,351,090 | 24,223,061 | 24,523,951 | 24,733,655 | 27,736,396 | 35,938,814 | 53,197,772 |
| Capital grants and contributions | _ | 631,468 | 141,548 | 244,658 | 2,100,329 | 3,356,618 | 1,440,477 | 1,541,603 | 947,025 | 763,951 | 460,212 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | \$ | 26,624,541 \$ | 25,918,251 \$ | 29,360,835 \$ | 31,408,460 \$ | 34,554,945 \$ | 32,891,965 \$ | 33,735,543 \$ | 35,782,490 \$ | 43,643,962 \$ | 60,197,058 |
| Component unit activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Albemarle County Public Schools: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | Ś | 6,227,087 \$ | 6,103,355 \$ | 6,500,393 \$ | 5,906,669 \$ | 6,583,247 \$ | 6,104,492 \$ | 5,721,410 \$ | 6,196,353 \$ | 4,790,755 \$ | 1,212,995 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 7 | 50,950,750 | 52,162,077 | 51,535,786 | 53,440,814 | 55,447,030 | 58,701,661 | 59,187,971 | 58,530,559 | 61,839,647 | 74,674,431 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 752,000 | 752,000 | 1,804,000 | 300,000 | 1,026,000 | 1,752,000 | 1,000,000 | 960,000 | 960,000 | 960,000 |
| capital grants and contributions | _ | 732,000 | 732,000 | 1,004,000 | 300,000 | 1,020,000 | 1,732,000 | 1,000,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 |
| Total component unit activities program revenues | \$ | 57,929,837 \$ | 59,017,432 \$ | 59,840,179 \$ | 59,647,483 \$ | 63,056,277 \$ | 66,558,153 \$ | 65,909,381 \$ | 65,686,912 \$ | 67,590,402 \$ | 76,847,426 |
| Net (expense) / revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Covernmental activities | \$ | (200,692,620) \$ | (207,078,232) \$ | (226,906,002) \$ | (223,138,963) \$ | (231,766,803) \$ | (265,497,248) \$ | (231,449,775) \$ | (258,410,657) \$ | (283,931,530) \$ | (311,527,650) |

| | _ | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|----|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes, real and personal | \$ | 139,954,858 \$ | 140,017,949 \$ | 145,022,794 \$ | 152,302,505 \$ | 165,115,649 \$ | 174,980,809 \$ | 184,916,636 \$ | 195,223,133 \$ | 206,274,520 \$ | 216,284,089 |
| Local sales and use taxes | | 12,227,842 | 13,117,767 | 13,573,237 | 14,405,992 | 15,093,147 | 16,229,409 | 16,858,642 | 16,996,773 | 18,492,964 | 19,806,666 |
| Business license tax | | 10,068,058 | 10,397,250 | 10,370,971 | 10,883,364 | 11,952,487 | 12,849,303 | 13,231,145 | 13,480,638 | 13,834,555 | 13,811,085 |
| Consumer utility taxes | | 4,143,933 | 4,266,095 | 4,346,059 | 4,439,504 | 4,404,363 | 4,462,769 | 4,607,616 | 4,570,646 | 4,493,304 | 4,540,578 |
| Meals tax | | 5,965,206 | 6,168,335 | 6,361,972 | 6,950,994 | 7,415,331 | 7,971,041 | 8,580,284 | 8,849,721 | 7,909,209 | 7,332,394 |
| Motor vehicle licenses taxes | | 3,720,119 | 3,773,475 | 3,672,607 | 3,566,011 | 3,732,953 | 3,910,692 | 3,925,015 | 4,224,340 | 3,945,530 | 4,007,434 |
| Other local taxes | | 4,707,925 | 5,264,614 | 5,763,656 | 5,709,797 | 6,137,652 | 7,258,368 | 6,593,424 | 6,626,738 | 6,006,504 | 7,546,429 |
| Unrestricted grants and contributions | | 20,844,755 | 21,045,744 | 21,255,810 | 21,120,038 | 21,017,419 | 21,113,223 | 20,816,629 | 20,389,874 | 20,497,314 | 19,402,652 |
| Unrestricted revenues from use | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of money and property | | 608,377 | 842,474 | 692,400 | 985,769 | 1,631,677 | 1,653,038 | 2,515,915 | 3,504,029 | 2,691,171 | 1,665,951 |
| Miscellaneous | | 319,380 | 649,297 | 506,060 | 1,362,906 | 481,659 | 282,926 | 1,774,308 | 1,042,099 | 3,103,735 | 1,488,500 |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 202,560,453 \$ | 205,543,000 \$ | 211,565,566 \$ | 221,726,880 \$ | 236,982,337 \$ | 250,711,578 \$ | 263,819,614 \$ | 274,907,991 \$ | 287,248,806 \$ | 295,885,778 |
| Component Unit - School Board activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payment from COA: Education Unrestricted revenues from use | \$ | 104,535,840 \$ | 106,361,725 \$ | 117,082,861 \$ | 117,153,017 \$ | 122,891,483 \$ | 162,121,149 \$ | 110,978,380 \$ | 133,748,641 \$ | 149,352,216 \$ | 181,794,643 |
| of money and property | | 885,422 | 765,199 | 914,242 | 926,260 | 1,206,650 | 1,123,464 | 1,294,270 | 1,418,504 | 680,369 | 149,533 |
| Miscellaneous | | 2,794,627 | 3,028,065 | 2,841,684 | 3,186,514 | 3,244,419 | 3,653,968 | 3,130,408 | 2,943,003 | 3,515,742 | 2,045,740 |
| Total component unit activities | \$ | 108,215,889 \$ | 110,154,989 \$ | 120,838,787 \$ | 121,265,791 \$ | 127,342,552 \$ | 166,898,581 \$ | 115,403,058 \$ | 138,110,148 \$ | 153,548,327 \$ | 183,989,916 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | 1,867,832 \$ | (1,535,233) \$ | (15,340,436) \$ | (1,412,083) \$ | 5,215,534 \$ | (14,785,670) \$ | 32,369,839 \$ | 16,497,334 \$ | 3,317,276 \$ | (15,641,872) |
| Component Unit activities | _ | (3,349,472) | (3,928,361) | (933,647) | (2,354,670) | 1,698,377 | 26,301,608 | (21,431,548) | (2,484,150) | (3,130,165) | 37,623,335 |
| Total reporting entity | \$ | (1,481,640) \$ | (5,463,594) \$ | (16,274,083) \$ | (3,766,753) \$ | 6,913,911 \$ | 11,515,938 \$ | 10,938,291 \$ | 14,013,184 \$ | 187,111 \$ | 21,981,463 |

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (full accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in Thousands)

| Fiscal Year | General Property Tax | Local sales and use Tax | Meals Tax | Consumer Utility Tax | Motor Vehicle License Tax | Bank Franchise Tax | Recordation and Wills Tax | Business License Tax | Utility Company Tax | Seller's Tax | Other | Total |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|---------|
| 2012 \$ | 137,642 \$ | 12,228 \$ | 5,965 \$ | 4,144 \$ | 3,720 \$ | 681 \$ | 1,386 | \$ 9,639 \$ | 197 \$ | 333 \$ | 2,541 \$ | 178,476 |
| 2013 | 140,018 | 13,118 | 6,168 | 4,266 | 3,773 | 644 | 1,706 | 10,198 | 199 | 412 | 2,503 | 183,005 |
| 2014 | 145,023 | 13,573 | 6,362 | 4,346 | 3,673 | 736 | 1,806 | 10,160 | 211 | 539 | 2,682 | 189,111 |
| 2015 | 152,303 | 14,406 | 6,951 | 4,440 | 3,566 | 791 | 1,668 | 10,640 | 244 | 468 | 2,781 | 198,258 |
| 2016 | 165,116 | 15,093 | 7,415 | 4,404 | 3,733 | 836 | 1,679 | 11,692 | 260 | 456 | 3,167 | 213,851 |
| 2017 | 174,981 | 16,229 | 7,971 | 4,463 | 3,911 | 1,035 | 2,308 | 12,626 | 224 | 712 | 3,203 | 227,663 |
| 2018 | 184,917 | 16,859 | 8,580 | 4,608 | 3,925 | 1,105 | 1,830 | 13,231 | - | 587 | 3,071 | 238,713 |
| 2019 | 195,223 | 16,997 | 8,850 | 4,571 | 4,224 | 1,321 | 1,944 | 13,481 | - | 623 | 2,738 | 249,972 |
| 2020 | 206,275 | 18,493 | 7,909 | 4,493 | 3,945 | 1,043 | 2,063 | 13,835 | - | 603 | 2,298 | 260,957 |
| 2021 | 216,284 | 19,807 | 7,332 | 4,541 | 4,007 | 1,326 | 3,203 | 13,811 | - | 811 | 2,207 | 273,329 |

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| General fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 104,517 | 193,590 \$ | 88,554 \$ | 118,063 \$ | 110,587 \$ | 105,800 \$ | 157,766 \$ | 362,776 \$ | 194,447 \$ | 118,095 |
| Committed | 905,080 | 5,138,214 | 2,497,481 | 3,150,271 | 728,372 | 1,065,746 | 1,049,115 | 2,994,658 | 2,086,681 | 1,106,902 |
| Education - School Reserve | - | - | - | - | 1,397,998 | 1,975,506 | 3,177,769 | 3,348,919 | 8,544,517 | 8,602,629 |
| Unassigned | 38,784,996 | 33,519,691 | 34,034,836 | 36,587,173 | 45,696,114 | 53,158,067 | 49,108,973 | 49,071,604 | 48,890,972 | 71,692,134 |
| Total general fund | \$ 39,794,593 | 38,851,495 \$ | 36,620,871 \$ | 39,855,507 \$ | 47,933,070 \$ | 56,305,118 \$ | 53,493,622 \$ | 55,777,957 \$ | 59,716,617 \$ | 81,519,760 |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable Loan receivable | \$ 85,284 \$ | 73,100 \$ | 60,916 \$ | 48,732 \$ | 36,548 \$ | 24,364 \$ | 12,180 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | |
| Restricted | \$ 65,264 | 73,100 \$ | 00,910 3 | 40,732 \$ | 30,340 \$ | 24,304 \$ | 12,100 \$ | - 3 | - 3 | - |
| Grant compliance | 1,776,167 | 1,018,918 | 920,676 | 1,049,763 | 1,966,148 | 3,827,416 | 2,257,492 | 3,147,427 | 5,064,435 | 5,074,713 |
| Capital Projects | - | - | - | - | - | - | -,, | - | - | 9,237,024 |
| Debt service funds | 23,689,814 | 648,765 | 12,019,324 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital projects funds | 5,994,432 | 18,947,621 | 20,052,818 | 17,102,971 | 33,972,293 | 37,441,136 | 36,649,886 | 24,892,624 | 13,330,475 | 8,146,445 |
| Storm water projects | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,906,158 | 3,212,165 | 3,610,836 | 3,486,321 |
| Special revenue | 412,061 | 488,767 | 456,314 | 1,183,677 | 2,535,230 | 3,084,375 | 6,067,502 | 7,416,208 | 5,902,368 | 4,799,387 |
| Unassigned | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | (33,349) | (33,349) |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 31,957,758 | 21,177,171 \$ | 33,510,048 \$ | 19,385,143 \$ | 38,510,219 \$ | 44,377,291 \$ | 48,893,218 \$ | 38,668,424 \$ | 27,874,765 \$ | 30,710,541 |

| | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|----|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Revenues | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes Other local taxes | \$ | 140,607,418 \$ 40,833,083 | 141,211,698 \$ 42,987,536 | 144,087,055 \$ 44,088,502 | 154,708,440 \$ 45,955,663 | 166,478,084 \$ 48,735,933 | 174,497,297 \$ 52,681,579 | 183,727,785 \$ 53,796,125 | 195,682,664 \$ 54,748,856 | 204,574,224 \$ 54,682,066 | 216,599,323 57,044,586 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures | | 1,919,380 990,216 | 1,904,552 735,224 | 1,977,406 668,593 | 1,991,189 609,085 | 2,790,331 472,385 | 2,770,923 440,281 | 3,123,406 487,221 | 2,624,646 515,342 | 2,778,338 410,333 | 2,816,383 199,460 |
| Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services | | 605,097 2,889,682 | 834,373 2,532,525 | 685,900 3,289,771 | 964,609 3,356,766 | 1,607,884 3,712,549 | 1,600,779 3,716,333 | 2,324,936 3,849,659 | 3,033,072 3,959,081 | 2,342,399 3,752,526 | 1,588,670 3,523,231 |
| Miscellaneous Recovered costs | | 319,380 668,751 | 649,297 904,990 | 542,680 539,548 | 1,362,906 1,983,051 | 481,659 421,454 | 282,926 386,582 | 1,774,308 1,020,571 | 1,042,099 536,259 | 3,103,735 805,841 | 1,488,500 993,728 |
| Intergovernmental: Contribution from School Board Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust | | 1,184,346 - | 5,481,172 - | 3,269,415 | 2,761,462 | 3,303,104 | 2,654,940 | 3,486,080 | 2,453,243 | 7,765,466 | 6,475,479 |
| Contribution from other entities Commonwealth | | 32,930,068 | 33,009,455 | 34,581,788 | 35,248,698 | 36,374,530 | 36,176,577 | 36,128,492 | 37,889,849 | 36,319,422 | 36,519,672 |
| Federal Total revenues | _ | 8,779,144 231,726,565 \$ | 8,863,542 239,114,364 \$ | 10,177,967 | 11,401,555 260,343,424 \$ | 12,301,788 276,679,701 \$ | 10,980,211 | 10,963,395 | 11,183,446 313,668,557 \$ | 13,115,191 329,649,541 \$ | 30,065,485 |
| | ٠, | 231,720,303 3 | 237,114,304 3 | 243,900,023 3 | 200,343,424 3 | 270,079,701 3 | 200,100,420 3 | 300,001,970 3 | 313,000,337 3 | 327,047,341 3 | 337,314,317 |
| Expenditures General government administration | \$ | 10,228,576 \$ | 11,032,446 \$ | 11,840,369 \$ | 12,111,158 \$ | 12,362,302 \$ | 12,904,062 \$ | 14,168,560 \$ | 14,784,312 \$ | 16,702,735 \$ | 19,417,583 |
| Judicial administration Public safety | | 4,599,709 30,733,340 | 5,041,859 33,052,196 | 5,254,482 37,341,188 | 5,514,630 38,481,310 | 5,654,087 39,752,946 | 5,736,153 40,684,363 | 5,878,164 42,667,290 | 6,397,668 44,490,384 | 6,768,196 48,044,334 | 6,602,031 48,067,465 |
| Public works Health and welfare | | 4,176,188 22,898,867 | 3,633,473 24,819,930 | 3,712,675 25,606,744 | 3,925,228 26,479,644 | 4,392,018 27,773,579 | 4,545,067 27,482,404 | 4,938,047 28,156,350 | 5,834,937 31,177,577 | 6,230,396 29,911,276 | 8,396,765 35,905,960 |
| Education - local community college Education - public school system | | 22,524 104,964,240 | 22,750 104,622,967 | 24,962 108,788,973 | 24,024 121,104,651 | 23,510 129,982,080 | 23,981 165,748,099 | 164,934 124,103,485 | 164,255 144,618,369 | 164,008 153,197,759 | 24,048 199,661,229 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural Community development | | 6,242,770 27,678,176 | 6,269,155 27,440,538 | 6,608,734 26,145,565 | 7,085,748 26,536,309 | 7,370,670 26,392,792 | 7,662,290 26,553,188 | 8,083,543 28,309,648 | 8,562,105 29,729,320 | 9,029,681 28,419,242 | 8,902,007 34,470,950 |
| Contingencies Capital outlay Debt service | | 892,611 7,311,142 | 682,933 18,574,052 | 726,253 16,440,284 | 605,241 20,247,892 | 632,799 18,537,609 | 621,493 14,557,174 | 605,666 17,661,822 | 548,509 11,299,957 | 523,728 14,086,054 | 596,120 13,329,064 |
| Principal Interest and other fiscal charges | | 16,863,207 6,835,239 | 9,926,100 6,053,924 | 11,610,667 6,995,720 | 12,174,372 6,573,486 | 12,463,533 7,417,869 | 14,273,729 7,991,378 | 14,934,960 9,355,077 | 15,845,231 8,156,393 | 16,031,534 7,395,597 | 36,357,876 7,866,853 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 243,446,589 \$ | 251,172,323 \$ | 261,096,616 \$ | 280,863,693 \$ | 292,755,794 \$ | 328,783,381 \$ | 299,027,546 \$ | 321,609,017 \$ | 336,504,540 \$ | 419,597,951 |
| Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ | (11,720,024) \$ | (12,057,959) \$ | (17,187,991) \$ | (20,520,269) \$ | (16,076,093) \$ | (42,594,953) \$ | 1,654,432 \$ | (7,940,460) \$ | (6,854,999) \$ | (62,283,434) |
| Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Proceeds from VRA Debt Issued | \$ | 22,689,836 \$ | 28,561,430 \$ 362,637 | 25,312,112 \$ | 24,641,685 \$ | 44,275,579 \$ | 47,256,574 \$ | 63,175,156 \$ | 41,695,980 \$ | 40,657,495 \$ | 54,371,006 |
| Transfers out Bonds issued | | (22,831,336) 36,315,000 | (28,589,793) | (25,526,460) 25,550,000 | (24,641,685) 9,630,000 | (44,275,579) 38,880,000 | (47,663,276) 52,675,000 | (63,125,156) | (41,695,980) | (40,657,495) | (54,451,006) 74,945,000 |
| Premium on bonds issued Payment to bond escrow agent | | 4,288,513 (13,350,497) | - | 1,954,592 - | - | 4,398,732 - | 4,565,775 - | - | - | - | 12,057,353 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ | 27,111,516 \$ | 334,274 \$ | 27,290,244 \$ | 9,630,000 \$ | 43,278,732 \$ | 56,834,073 \$ | 50,000 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 86,922,353 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | 15,391,492 \$ | (11,723,685) \$ | 10,102,253 \$ | (10,890,269) \$ | 27,202,639 \$ | 14,239,120 \$ | 1,704,432 \$ | (7,940,460) \$ | (6,854,999) \$ | 24,638,919 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | | 9.92% | 6.79% | 7.43% | 7.03% | 7.01% | 6.93% | 8.37% | 7.58% | 7.13% | 10.70% |

| Fiscal Year | Real Estate (3) | _ | Personal Property (1,2) | _ | _ | Public Service | _ | Total Taxable Assessed Value | Total Direct Tax Rate (4) |
|----------------|------------------------|----|----------------------------|---|---|-------------------|----|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2012 | \$ 14,875,587 | \$ | 880,576 | 9 | 5 | 314,061 | \$ | 16,070,224 | \$ 1.065 |
| 2013 | 14,734,853 | | 905,538 | | | 329,783 | | 15,970,174 | 1.045 |
| 2014 | 14,931,100 | | 932,217 | | | 333,529 | | 16,196,846 | 1.022 |
| 2015 | 15,467,281 | | 951,629 | | | 358,256 | | 16,777,166 | 1.000 |
| 2016 | 16,059,837 | | 998,813 | | | 388,154 | | 17,446,804 | 0.983 |
| 2017 | 16,719,336 | | 1,040,481 | | | 391,501 | | 18,151,318 | 0.972 |
| 2018 | 17,543,064 | | 1,046,359 | | | 397,434 | | 18,986,857 | 0.981 |
| 2019 | 18,459,194 | | 1,098,864 | | | 437,903 | | 19,995,961 | 0.975 |
| 2020 | 19,457,789 | | 1,090,069 | | | 449,544 | | 20,997,402 | 0.978 |
| 2021 | 20,300,083 | | 1,200,642 | | | 473,631 | | 21,974,356 | 0.983 |

- (1) Personal property includes personal property, business personal property, machinery/tools, and mobile homes
- (2) Personal property, machinery and tools, and public service is assessed at 100% fair market value
- (3) Real estate net of exemptions for land use deferral and tax relief for the elderly/disabled
- (4) The total direct tax rate is calculated using the weighted average method

| | | Person | | Pub | lic Ser | vice | _ | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|----|---------------------------------|
| Fiscal Years | Real Property (3) | | Personal Property (3) | Real | | Personal | _ | Total Direct Tax Rate (4) |
| 2012 | \$.742/.762 | \$ | 4.28/4.28 | \$.742/.762 | \$ | 4.28/4.28 | \$ | 1.065 |
| 2013 | .762/.766 | | 4.28/4.28 | .762/.766 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 1.045 |
| 2014 | .766/.799 | | 4.28/4.28 | .766/.799 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 1.022 |
| 2015 | .799/.819 | | 4.28/4.28 | .799/.819 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 1.000 |
| 2016 | .819/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | .819/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.983 |
| 2017 | .839/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | .839/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.972 |
| 2018 | .839/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | .839/.839 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.981 |
| 2019 | .839/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | .839/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.975 |
| 2020 | .854/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | .854/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.978 |
| 2021 | .854/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | .854/.854 | | 4.28/4.28 | | 0.983 |

- (1) Per \$100 of assessed value
- (2) Includes 1st Half Rate/2nd Half Rate
- (3) Mobile homes taxed as personal property using the Real Estate tax rate
- (4) The total direct tax rate is calculated using the weighted average method

Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior (3)

| | Fisca | l Year 2021 | Fiscal Year 2012 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-----|---------------|------|------------|--|
| | 2021 | | % of Total | _ | 2012 | | % of Total | |
| | Assessed | | Assessed | | Assessed | | Assessed | |
| Taxpayer | aluation (1) | Rank | Valuation | _ | Valuation (2) | Rank | Valuation | |
| University Real Estate Foundation (4) | \$ 229,458 | 1 | 1.04% | \$ | 284,917 | 1 | 1.77% | |
| Westminister - Canterbury | 136,778 | 2 | 0.62% | | 108,574 | 3 | 0.68% | |
| 5th Street Station Ventures, LLC | 88,569 | 3 | 0.40% | | | | | |
| Oct Stonefield Property Owner, LLC | 77,851 | 4 | 0.35% | | | | | |
| Reserve At Belvedere, LLC | 62,807 | 5 | 0.29% | | | | | |
| Avemore Associates, LP | 50,988 | 6 | 0.23% | | | | | |
| Brookhill Apartments, LLC | 49,728 | 7 | 0.23% | | | | | |
| Maalp Stonefield Commons, LLC | 48,970 | 8 | 0.22% | | | | | |
| Arden Place Associates, LLC | 47,124 | 9 | 0.21% | | | | | |
| JDM II SF National, LLC | 46,510 | 10 | 0.21% | | | | | |
| Wendell W Wood | - | | - | | 112,929 | 2 | 0.70% | |
| Charles Rotgin Jr | - | | - | | 78,007 | 5 | 0.49% | |
| Shopping Center Associates | - | | - | | 74,894 | 6 | 0.47% | |
| Charles W Hurt | - | | - | | 84,416 | 4 | 0.53% | |
| March Mountain Properties, LLC | - | | - | | 54,138 | 8 | 0.34% | |
| PJP Buildings, LLC | - | | - | | 61,387 | 7 | 0.38% | |
| Neighborhood Investments, LLC | - | | | _ | 49,329 | 9 | 0.31% | |
| | \$ 838,783 | | 3.82% | \$_ | 859,262 | | 5.65% | |

⁽¹⁾ Based on January 1, 2020 real estate tax assessment records

(4) University Real Estate Foundation Combined beginning FY 2015

⁽²⁾ Based on January 1, 2011 real estate tax assessment records

⁽³⁾ Amounts expressed in thousands

| | Total Tax | | Collected witl Year of t | | | | Collections in | | Total Collect | ions to Date |
|--------|---------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----|------------|---|----------------|----|---------------|--------------|
| Fiscal | Levy for | _ | | Per | centage | | Subsequent | _ | | Percentage |
| Year | Fiscal Year (1) | _ | Amount | 0 | f Levy | _ | Years | | Amount | of Levy |
| 2012 | \$ 150,892,028 | \$ | 144,024,192 | | 95.45% \$ | | 6,784,355 | \$ | 150,808,547 | 99.94% |
| 2013 | 152,881,289 | | 146,813,431 | | 96.03% | | 5,971,832 | | 152,785,263 | 99.94% |
| 2014 | 158,501,037 | | 152,862,649 | | 96.44% | | 5,525,134 | | 158,387,783 | 99.93% |
| 2015 | 167,821,725 | | 162,541,808 | | 96.85% | | 5,174,982 | | 167,716,790 | 99.94% |
| 2016 | 177,465,143 | | 171,967,912 | | 96.90% | | 5,361,447 | | 177,329,359 | 99.92% |
| 2017 | 186,788,335 | | 181,098,238 | | 96.95% | | 5,393,960 | | 186,492,198 | 99.84% |
| 2018 | 193,611,195 | | 189,968,058 | | 98.12% | | 3,267,173 | | 193,235,231 | 99.81% |
| 2019 | 205,017,770 | | 199,964,487 | | 97.54% | | 4,223,450 | | 204,187,937 | 99.60% |
| 2020 | 214,696,751 | | 196,210,787 (2 | 2) | 91.39% (2) | | 15,814,446 | | 212,025,233 | 98.76% |
| 2021 | 223,531,251 | | 213,417,187 (2 | 2) | 95.48% (2) | | - | | 213,417,187 | 95.48% |

⁽¹⁾ Net of Land Use and Tax Relief

⁽²⁾ The due date for the 1st half installment of 2020 taxes was moved from June 5th to June 30th due to COVID-19. As a result, there was a significant increase in tax collections after year end.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Go | overnmental Activ | ities | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|------------|------------|---------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | General | School | County | Unamortized | Literary | | Virginia | Lease | Total | Percentage | |
| Fiscal | Obligation | Pub. Facility | Pub. Facility | Bond | Fund | Capital | Resource | Revenue | Outstanding | of Personal | Per |
| Years | Bonds | Bonds | Bonds | Premium | Loans | Leases | Authority | Bonds | Debt | Income (1) | Capita (1) |
| 2013 \$ | 89,195,000 \$ | 4,581,909 \$ | 27,593,091 \$ | 5,469,057 \$ | - \$ | 406,619 \$ | 325,223 \$ | - \$ | 127,570,899 | 1.70% \$ | 1,256 |
| 2014 | 81,055,000 | 13,009,414 | 50,410,585 | 6,972,293 | - | - | 322,794 | - | 151,770,086 | 1.95% | 1,477 |
| 2015 | 82,630,000 | 12,542,312 | 46,797,688 | 6,037,843 | - | - | 283,423 | - | 148,291,266 | 1.69% | 1,430 |
| 2016 | 64,970,000 | 34,075,077 | 69,381,923 | 9,231,886 | - | - | 242,890 | - | 177,901,776 | 1.94% | 1,693 |
| 2017 | 87,575,000 | 44,572,048 | 74,722,952 | 12,498,227 | - | - | 201,161 | - | 219,569,388 | 2.34% | 2,077 |
| 2018 | 79,450,000 | 42,519,246 | 70,008,755 | 10,774,451 | - | - | 158,200 | - | 202,910,652 | 1.93% | 1,884 |
| 2019 | 71,930,000 | 40,296,516 | 63,950,483 | 9,260,373 | - | - | 113,971 | - | 185,551,343 | 1.59% | 1,708 |
| 2020 | 64,670,000 | 37,934,072 | 57,586,927 | 7,884,707 | - | - | 68,437 | - | 168,144,143 | 1.38% | 1,538 |
| 2021 | 57,515,000 | 79,709,164 | 61,600,837 | 18,023,808 | - | - | 21,559 | - | 216,870,368 | 1.78% | 1,962 |

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

Percentage of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Real Estate Assessed Value (1) | Net Bonded Debt (3) | Net General Bonded Debt as % of Assessed Value | Net Bonded Debt per Capita (2) |
|----------------|--|---------------------------|--|---|
| 2012 | \$ 14,875,587,841 \$ | 99,608,160 | 0.67% \$ | 988 |
| 2013 | 14,734,853,452 | 91,106,736 | 0.62% | 897 |
| 2014 | 14,931,099,687 | 82,696,120 | 0.55% | 805 |
| 2015 | 15,467,280,583 | 84,021,531 | 0.54% | 810 |
| 2016 | 16,059,836,557 | 66,133,135 | 0.41% | 630 |
| 2017 | 16,719,336,669 | 91,218,535 | 0.55% | 863 |
| 2018 | 17,543,064,000 | 79,450,000 | 0.45% | 738 |
| 2019 | 18,459,193,250 | 71,930,000 | 0.39% | 662 |
| 2020 | 19,457,789,000 | 64,670,000 | 0.33% | 592 |
| 2021 | 20,300,083,000 | 57,515,000 | 0.28% | 520 |

- (1) Real estate net of exemptions for land use deferral and tax relief for the elderly/disabled
- (2) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics Table 13
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and literary fund loans only.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|-----|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Debt limit | \$ | 1,487,558,784\$ | 1,473,485,345\$ | 1,493,109,969\$ | 1,546,728,058\$ | 1,605,983,656\$ | 1,671,933,667\$ | 1,754,306,200\$ | 1,845,919,325\$ | 1,945,778,900\$ | 2,030,008,300 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | | 99,608,160 | 91,106,736 | 82,696,120 | 84,021,531 | 66,133,135 | 91,218,535 | 79,450,000 | 71,930,000 | 64,670,000 | 57,515,000 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ | 1,387,950,624\$ | 1,382,378,609 \$ | 1,410,413,849 \$ | 1,462,706,528 \$ | 1,539,850,521\$ | 1,580,715,132 \$ | 1,674,856,200 \$ | 1,773,989,325 \$ | 1,781,249,325\$ | 1,972,493,300 |
| Total net debt applicable to the lim as a percentage of debt limit | nit | 6.70% | 6.18% | 5.54% | 5.43% | 4.12% | 5.46% | 4.53% | 3.90% | 3.50% | 2.83% |
| Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Δ | ssessed value | | | | | \$ | 18,459,193,250 | |

| Assessed value | \$ 10,459,195,250 |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) | \$ 1,845,919,325 |
| Net debt applicable to limit | 57,515,000 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ 1,788,404,325 |

| | | | | Per Capita | | | |
|--------|----------------|---------------------|----|---------------|---------|----------------|--------------|
| Fiscal | | Personal | | Personal | Median | School | Unemployment |
| Year | Population (1) | Income (2)(5) | - | Income (2)(5) | Age (1) | Enrollment (3) | Rate (4) |
| 2012 | 100,780 | \$ 6,778,562,000 | \$ | 47,052 | 37.9 | 13,104 | 4.5% |
| 2013 | 101,575 | 7,493,869,000 | | 51,255 | 38.2 | 13,263 | 5.2% |
| 2014 | 102,731 | 7,764,329,000 | | 52,693 | 39.0 | 13,420 | 4.8% |
| 2015 | 103,707 | 8,795,194,000 | | 58,603 | 38.4 | 13,680 | 4.7% |
| 2016 | 105,051 | 9,182,721,000 | | 60,294 | 37.7 | 13,767 | 3.6% |
| 2017 | 105,715 | 9,375,633,000 | | 60,964 | 38.2 | 13,790 | 3.7% |
| 2018 | 107,697 | 10,531,351,000 | | 67,630 | 38.1 | 13,927 | 3.0% |
| 2019 | 108,639 | 11,702,008,000 | | 74,613 | 38.6 | 13,994 | 2.7% |
| 2020 | 109,330 | 12,160,700,000 | | 77,650 | 39.7 | 14,435 | 2.9% |
| 2021 | 110,545 | 12,160,701,000 | | 77,657 | 39.7 | 13,532 | 3.9% |

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau (estimates based on July 1)
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis (estimates based on prior calendar year)
- (3) Albemarle County Public Schools
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission
- (5) Includes the City of Charlottesville

| | Fisca | l Year 2021 | Fiscal Year 2012 | | |
|--|-------|-------------|------------------|------------|--|
| Employer | Rank | Employees | Rank | Employees | |
| University of Virginia/Blue Ridge Hospital | 1 | 1,000 + | 1 | 1,000 + | |
| County of Albemarle | 2 | 1,000 + | 2 | 1,000 + | |
| Sentara Healthcare (Formerly Martha Jefferson) | 3 | 1,000 + | | | |
| U.S. Department of Defense | 4 | 500 to 999 | 6 | 500 to 999 | |
| State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance | 5 | 500 to 999 | 4 | 1,000 + | |
| Atlantic Coast Athletic Club | 6 | 500 to 999 | 10 | 250 to 499 | |
| Northrup Grumman Corporation | 7 | 500 to 999 | 5 | 500 to 999 | |
| Piedmont VA Community College | 8 | 250 to 499 | 9 | 250 to 499 | |
| Crutchfield Corporation | 9 | 250 to 499 | | | |
| Wal Mart | 10 | 250 to 499 | 7 | 250 to 499 | |
| UVA Health Services Foundation | | | 3 | 1,000 + | |
| Lakeland Tours | | | 8 | 250 to 499 | |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Full-time Equivalent County Government Authorized Positions by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Board of Supervisors | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.00 |
| County Executive (1) | 7.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 14.0 | 20.8 | 20.79 |
| Yancey School Community Center Grant | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.00 |
| Human Resources | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 3.00 |
| County Attorney | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 90.0 | 9.00 |
| Finance (1) | 49.8 | 52.8 | 53.3 | 54.8 | 55.8 | 55.8 | 58.8 | 60.8 | 62.8 | 62.80 |
| Information Technology | 21.0 | 20.0 | 21.0 | 21.0 | 22.0 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 23.0 | 27.0 | 27.00 |
| Board of Elections (Registrar) | 5.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.80 |
| Judicial | | | | | | | | | | |
| Circuit Court | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.00 |
| Clerk of the Circuit Court | 10.0 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 12.50 |
| Commonwealth's Attorney | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 26.0 | 27.00 |
| Sheriff | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 25.0 | 13.5 | 13.50 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 147.5 | 147.5 | 151.5 | 156.5 | 163.5 | 163.5 | 166.5 | 169.5 | 173.0 | 173.00 |
| Victim Witness | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.00 |
| Crime Analysis Grant | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| Problem Oriented Policing | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| Fire/Rescue | 80.0 | 93.5 | 96.0 | 98.6 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 113.0 | 119.5 | 121.5 | 142.50 |
| FEMA Grant (4) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| Public Works (5) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Facilities & Environmental Services | 22.4 | 22.1 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 26.3 | 26.3 | 27.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 29.25 |
| Facilities - Project Mgmt | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 11.50 |
| Human Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Social Services | 103.2 | 103.7 | 107.3 | 110.1 | 115.2 | 117.2 | 126.7 | 135.3 | 137.8 | 137.75 |
| Bright Stars | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 23.50 |
| Parks, Recreation, and Culture | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 21.75 |
| Towe Park | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.00 |
| Community Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community Development | 59.0 | 58.0 | 58.0 | 63.5 | 66.5 | 68.5 | 72.5 | 76.5 | 75.5 | 75.50 |
| Economic Development (3) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.00 |
| Housing | 7.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| Soil and Water Conservation | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.00 |
| Totals | 607.7 | 621.4 | 642.8 | 666.4 | 693.6 | 698.1 | 720.4 | 758.1 | 868.2 | 811.14 |

⁽¹⁾ Management & Budget relocated from County Executive to Finance FY 09/10

⁽²⁾ Management & Budget relocated from Finance to Independent Office FY 10/11

⁽³⁾ Independent Office Established FY 14/15

⁽⁴⁾ FEMA Grant Ended - Positions Incorporated into Fire/Rescue FY 15/16

⁽⁵⁾ General Services & Facilities Development Combined & Restructured FY 15/16

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police department: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical arrests | 3,480 | 3,064 | 3,035 | 3,268 | 3,157 | 2,753 | 2,278 | 3,120 | 2,094 | 2,855 |
| Traffic violations | 13,573 | 8,223 | 9,991 | 10,251 | 6,939 | 9,243 | 9,083 | 9,368 | 6,048 | 3,698 |
| Fire and rescue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of calls answered | 11,467 | 12,666 | 12,385 | 13,053 | 13,507 | 13,263 | 14,336 | 15,152 | 15,302 | 14,329 |
| Zoning & Current development | | | | | | | | | | |
| New residential construction (unit #) | 411 | 345 | 468 | 474 | 449 | 592 | 664 | 661 | 909 | 701 |
| New commercial construction (unit #) | 56 | 57 | 36 | 29 | 42 | 48 | 53 | 46 | 26 | 11 |
| Health and welfare | | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Social Services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Caseload | 18,640 | 19,442 | 17,519 | 17,336 | 16,612 | N/A | 13,647 | 21,229 | 15,682 | 15,682 |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Middle school sports program participants | 1,100 | 1,093 | 1,074 | 1,114 | 1,106 | 1,036 | 1,076 | 1,002 | 951 | 200 |
| Fee based classes/camps | 1,888 | 1,747 | 1,583 | 1,899 | 1,767 | 1,850 | 2,758 | 3,095 | 766 | 394 |
| Summer playground program | 393 | 389 | 382 | 347 | 298 | 293 | 365 | 418 | - | 600 |
| Men's Basketball | 320 | 350 | 300 | 340 | 340 | 350 | 320 | 320 | 320 | - |
| Component Unit - School Board | | | | | | | | | | |
| Education: | | | | | | | | | | |
| School enrollment | 13,104 | 13,263 | 13,420 | 13,680 | 13,737 | 13,790 | 13,927 | 14,013 | 14,435 | 13,532 |
| Number of central office instructors (1) | 37 | 43 | 42 | 51 | 63 | 66 | 84 | 74 | 88 | 99 |
| Number of elementary instructors | 541 | 563 | 571 | 571 | 562 | 568 | 580 | 590 | 608 | 602 |
| Number of secondary instructors | 593 | 603 | 615 | 610 | 608 | 616 | 626 | 629 | 647 | 694 |

Source: Individual county departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration vehicles | 8 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Judicial | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sherriff's department patrol units | 37 | 36 | 43 | 40 | 39 | 44 | 44 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police department patrol units | 189 | 195 | 190 | 227 | 220 | 223 | 223 | 243 | 244 | 244 |
| Fire/Rescue department vehicles | 34 | 39 | 51 | 54 | 52 | 63 | 63 | 64 | 62 | 62 |
| Community Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Economic Development (3) | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Building codes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration (2) | - | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Inspections vehicles | 12 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Planning (2) | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zoning vehicles (2) | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General maintenance vehicles | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 |
| Facilities Development | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Pool vehicles | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Health and welfare | | | | | | | | | | |
| Social Services vehicles | 18 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| Parks and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community centers | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Vehicles | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 34 | 34 |
| Parks (1) | 37 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 |
| Parks acreage (1) (4) | 4,634 | 4,634 | 5,044 | 5,044 | 5,044 | 5,044 | 6,234 | 6,234 | 6,234 | 6,234 |
| Tennis courts | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Community development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Housing vehicles | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Source: Individual county departments

(1) Includes schools which serve as community and district parks

(2) Combined Divisions FY 12/13

(3) New to Vehicle Inventory FY 16/17

(4) FY18 Parks acreage increase attributable to the County's signing of a lease for the Biscuit Run Park.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Albemarle, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Albemarle, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated December 7, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management, or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Albemarle, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Asbinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

December 7, 2021



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Albemarle, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Albemarle, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. County of Albemarle, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Albemarle, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Albemarle, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Albemarle, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Albemarle, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Albemarle, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Arbinson, Farmel, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

December 7, 2021

| Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Expenditures | | Expenditures to Subrecipients |
|---|---------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Primary Government: | | | | | |
| Department of Agriculture: | | | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Virginia Department of Social Services: | | | | | |
| State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental | | 10115, 10116 | | | |
| Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster) | 10.561 | 40115, 40116 | \$_ | 1,940,717 \$ | |
| Total Department of Agriculture | | | \$_ | 1,940,717 \$ | |
| Department of Health and Human Services: | | | | | |
| Direct Payments: | | | | | |
| COVID-19 Provider Relief Fund | 93.498 | N/A | \$ | 105,113 \$ | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | * | ,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| Department of Social Services: | | | | | |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | 93.558 | 400115, 400116 | \$ | 396,631 \$ | _ |
| Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care | 75.555 | , | * | 370,00. 4 | |
| and Development Fund (CCDF Cluster) | 93.596 | 760115, 760116 | | 82,570 | |
| Foster Care - Title IV-E | 93.658 | 1100115, 1100116 | | 1,177,997 | |
| Adoption Assistance | 93.659 | 1120115, 1120116 | | 1,131,304 | |
| MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program | 93.556 | 500115, 500116 | | 47,590 | |
| Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement | 93.330 | 300113, 300110 | | 47,390 | - |
| Designee Administered Programs | 93.566 | 500115, 500116 | | 29,785 | - |
| Low-Income Home Energy Assistance | 93.568 | 600415, 600416 | | 57,421 | - |
| Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program | 93.599 | 9160115, 9160116 | | 16,700 | - |
| Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program | 93.645 | 900115, 900116 | | 139 | - |
| Social Services Block Grant | 93.667 | 1000115, 1000116 | | 540,351 | - |
| John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful | | , | | , | |
| Transition to Adulthood | 93.674 | 9150115, 9150116 | | 12,978 | - |
| Children's Health Insurance Program | 93.767 | 540115, 540116 | | 41,866 | _ |
| Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) | 93.778 | 1200115, 1200116 | | 1,976,202 | |
| Total Department of Health and Human Services | | | \$_ | 5,616,647 \$ | |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development: | | | | | |
| Direct Payments: | | | | | |
| Lower Income Housing Assistance Program Section 8 | | | | | |
| Moderate Rehabilitation | 14.856 | N/A | \$ 611,119 | | |
| Housing Voucher Cluster: | | | | | |
| Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers | 14.871 | N/A | \$ 2,601,585 | | |
| COVID-19 - Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers | 14.871 | N/A | 120,648 | | |
| Total 14.871 | | | \$ 2,722,233 | | |
| COVID-19- Mainstream Vouchers | 14.879 | N/A | 9,566 | | |
| Mainstream Vouchers | 14.879 | N/A | 345,976 | | |
| Total 14.879 | | : | \$ 355,542 | 3,688,894 | |
| Total Department of Housing and Urban Development | | | \$_ | 3,688,894 \$ | |
| Department of Justice: | | | | | |
| Direct Payments: | | | | | |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program | 16.034 | N/A | \$ | 13,322 \$ | - |
| Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program | 16.585 | N/A | | 20,425 | - |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Crime Victim Assistance | 16.575 | N/A | | 76,709 | - |
| | 16.738 | 39001-41000 | | 8,832 | _ |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 10.730 | 37001 41000 | _ | 0,032 | |

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

| Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Expenditures | | Expenditures to Subrecipients |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Primary Government: (Continued) Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 | Unknown | | 46,846 | - |
| Department of Motor Vehicles: State and Community Highway Safety (Highway Safety Cluster) | 20.600 | Unknown | \$ 5,123 | \$ 5,123 \$ | - |
| Alcohol Open Container Requirements | 20.607 | 154AL-11-51263 | | 11,646 | |
| Total Department of Transportation | | | | \$ 63,615 | <u>-</u> |
| Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19- Coronavirus Relief Fund | 21.019 | SLT0022 | | \$ 18,068,032 \$ | 5 7,970,591 |
| Election Assistance Commission: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Election Commission: Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| COVID-19 HAVA Election Security Grants | 90.404 | Unknown | | \$ 80,637 | 5 |
| Total Department of Election Assistance Commission | | | | \$ 80,637 | <u>-</u> |
| Department of Homeland Security: Department of Emergency Services: Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) | 97.083 | Unknown | | \$ 305,130 \$ | - |
| Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Assistance to Firefighters Grant | 97.036 97.044 | Unknown Unknown | | 79,907 85,109 | - - |
| Total Department of Homeland Security | | | | \$ 470,146 | <u>-</u> |
| Total Federal Expenditures - Primary Government | | | | \$ 30,047,976 | 7,970,591 |
| Component Unit - School Board: Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | |
| Department of Education: Summer Food Service Program for Children COVID-19-Summer Food Service Program for Children Total 10.559 | 10.559 10.559 | Unknown Unknown | \$ 3,556,638 434,914 \$ 3,991,552 | \$ \$ | 5 - - - |
| Total Department of Agriculture | | | | \$ 3,991,552 | <u>-</u> |

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

| Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Exp | Expenditures to Subrecipients | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) | | | | | |
| Department of Treasury: | | | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Virginia Department of Education: | | | | | |
| COVID-19- Coronavirus Relief Fund | 21.019 | SLT0218 | \$ | 2,490,443 \$ | |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Pass Through Payments: | | | | | |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | 17901-42901 | \$ | 1,668,923 \$ | - |
| Title I Grants - State Agency Program for Neglected | | | | | |
| and Delinquent Children and Youth | 84.013 | | | 2,682 | - |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): | | | | | |
| Special Education - Grants to States | 84.027 | 17901-43071 | \$ 3,104,647 | | |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants | 84.173 | 17901-62521 | 67,096 | 3,171,743 | - |
| Adult Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.002 | 17901-42801 | | | - |
| | | 17901-61380 | | | |
| Migrant Education-State Grant Program | 84.011 | 17901-42910 | | 131,389 | - |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048 | 17901-61095 | | 144,709 | - |
| Migrant Education Coordination Program | 84.144 | 17901-61399 | | 13,329 | - |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth | 84.196 | 17901-42940 | | 73,296 | - |
| English Language Acquisition State Grants | 84.365 | 17901-60512 | | 111,553 | - |
| Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program | 84.424 | S424A200048 | | 163,609 | - |
| COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: | | | | | |
| Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund | 84.425D | S425D200008 | 1,973,203 | | - |
| Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund | 84.425C | S425C200042 | 53,711 | 2,026,914 | - |
| Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving | | | | | |
| Teacher Quality State Grants) | 84.367 | 17901-61480 | - | 301,619 | - |
| Total Department of Education | | | \$ | 7,809,766 \$ | |
| Total Federal Expenditures - Component Unit- School Board | | | \$ | 14,291,761 \$ | |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ | 44,339,737 \$ | 7,970,591 |

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Albemarle, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the reporting requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County of Albemarle, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 6 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

| Primary government: | | |
|---|-----|------------|
| General Fund | \$ | 7,499,237 |
| Federal/State Grants Fund | | 4,160,363 |
| CARES ACT Fund | | 18,278,883 |
| General Capital Improvements | | 46,846 |
| Other Governmental Funds | _ | 80,156 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 30,065,485 |
| Component Unit School Board: | | |
| School Operating Fund | \$ | 10,300,209 |
| School Food Services Fund | _ | 3,991,552 |
| Total Component Unit School Board | \$ | 14,291,761 |
| Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements | \$ | 44,357,246 |
| Amounts required to reconcile federal revenues to expenditures: | | |
| Add: Provider Relief Funds reported on prior year SEFA | | 105,113 |
| Less: Payment in lieu of taxes | | (42,466) |
| Less: QCSB federal credit in debt service fund | _ | (80,156) |
| Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | \$_ | 44,339,737 |

Note 7 - Provider Relief Funds

For fiscal years ended (FYE) on or before June 29, 2021, no Provider Relief Fund (PRF) expenditures (including lost revenue) should have been reported on the SEFA. Due to guidance available when the FYE 2020 report was issued, the entity reported \$105,113 of PRF expenditures on the FYE 2020 SEFA with no significant impact on the SEFA. Based on current guidance from the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), PRF expenditures (including lost revenue) are to be reported on the SEFA based upon PRF reports submitted through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) reporting portal. Therefore, the amount of PRF expenditures included on the FYE June 30, 2021 SEFA is based upon the PRF reporting portal guidelines for Period 1, as specified by HHS.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

| CFDA # | Name of Federal Program or Cluste | er |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------|
| 20.019 | COVID-19-Coronavirus Relief Fund | |
| 10.559 | Child Nutrition Cluster | |
| 84.425 | Education Stabalization Fund | |
| 93.778 | Medical Assistance Program | |
| Dollar threshold used to distingu | ish between Type A and Type B programs. | \$ 1,330,192 |

Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There are no findings from the prior year.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

As with many of the programs of the County of Albemarle, the compilation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is a Finance & Budget Department team effort. This acknowledgement identifies those key individuals who shared in the development of this report; many others who assisted are not individually identified.

Chandler Arrington, Tax Revenue Analyst Cecilia Baber, Controller Andy Bowman, Chief of Budget Chase Chandler, Accountant IV Alan Couture, Revenue Manager-Collections Lisa Davis, Accountant II Kimberly Gardner, Grants Leader Daniel Greene, Chief of Treasury Lindsay Huff, Chief Accountant-Accounting Tisha Jaudon, Deputy Chief of Treasury Tanya Johnson, Accounts Payable/Receivable Manager Jian Lin, Chief of Revenue Administration Vicki Malamphy, Accountant IV – Grants Allison McNally, Chief of Procurement Jill Preddy, Purchasing Card Program Administrator Staci Smith, Accountant II Valoree Smith, Interim Chief Accountant - Payroll Laura Vinzant, Senior Budget Analyst Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates-Auditing Firm