County of Albemarle, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Prepared By:

Department of Finance

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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December 16, 2011

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, the Citizens of the County of Albemarle, and the Financial Community:

We are pleased to present the County of Albemarle's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the data presented and the fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that it is designed and presented in a manner to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All the necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs. This report also may be found online at www.albemarle.org.

The financial statements of Albemarle County are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting and reporting principles as determined by the <u>Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)</u>, using the financial reporting model as prescribed by the GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements*, and *Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* (GASB 34).

In accordance with GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles), a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The County of Albemarle's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

Albemarle County is located in central Virginia, 110 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. and 70 miles west of the state capital in Richmond. At the center of the County is the ten-square mile City of Charlottesville. Albemarle County's urban areas include the development area around Charlottesville, as well as the Town of Scottsville. Albemarle County is located within the Charlottesville Metropolitan Statistical Area, which includes Albemarle County, Fluvanna County, Greene County, and the City of Charlottesville.

The County of Albemarle was formed from the County of Goochland in 1744 by an act of the Virginia General Assembly. The County is named for William Anne Keppel, the Second Earl of Albemarle, who was at that time the Governor-General of Virginia. Scottsville was the original County seat until 1761 when the County Government was moved to Charlottesville. The original land area included today's counties of Amherst, Buckingham, Fluvanna, Nelson, and portions of Appomattox and Campbell Counties. The present boundaries of the County were established in 1777. The development of the County and its 726 square miles is such that although it contains a large urban area, it also has a considerable amount of agricultural, commercial and industrial land.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: (CONTINUED)

The County adopted the County Executive form of government and organization in 1933. Under this form of government, the County is governed by a popularly elected six-member Board of Supervisors representing each of the County's magisterial districts. A County Executive, appointed by the Board of Supervisors, serves as the County's chief executive officer. The County Executive is responsible for implementing policies set by the Board of Supervisors, and for directing, coordinating, and supervising the daily activities of County government. A seven-member School Board elected by County voters oversees school issues. A Superintendent of Schools is appointed by the School Board and is responsible for providing leadership and oversight of Albemarle's Public Schools. The County contains the independent Town of Scottsville, which is governed by an elected six-member town council.

The County provides a full range of governmental services. Major programs include administration, judicial, public safety, public works, human development, parks and recreation, education, and community development. The County also serves as fiscal agent for several City/County jointly governed entities that include the Charlottesville-Albemarle Joint Health Center Building Fund, the Charlottesville/UVA/Albemarle County Emergency Communications Center, and Darden Towe Memorial Park. The County serves as fiscal agent for the Commission on Children and Families, the Albemarle-Charlottesville Regional Jail Authority and the Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission.

Public Schools

Albemarle County Public Schools include 16 elementary, 6 middle, and 4 high schools. In addition, the County and the City of Charlottesville jointly operate the Charlottesville-Albemarle Technical Education Center (CATEC), which provides vocational education for local students. Albemarle County also partners with other jurisdictions to operate lvy Creek School, which provides alternative K-12 education for individuals with special learning needs.

Over the past ten years, the number of enrolled students in Albemarle County's public schools has risen 4.6 percent from 12,237 in 2001 to 12,800 in 2011. Since 2006, the school system has experienced a 2.8 percent increase in the number of students. All Albemarle County schools remained fully accredited by the Commonwealth of Virginia in school year 2010-2011. The dropout rate decreased for 2009/10 to 0.92 percent compared with a 1.02 percent rate for school year 2008/09.

Higher Education

The County is also home to two institutions of higher learning, the University of Virginia and Piedmont Virginia Community College.

Founded in 1819 by Thomas Jefferson, the University of Virginia is situated on 188 acres and has a current student enrollment of over 21,000. In 2011, the U.S. News and World Report ranked the University as the nation's second best public university (tying with UCLA) and 25th best among all national universities (tying with UCLA and Wake Forest). The University is comprised of the Schools of Architecture, Business, Commerce, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Nursing, and Education; and the College of Arts and Sciences.

Piedmont Virginia Community College offers two-year Associates Degrees and also several four-year degree programs in conjunction with the University of Virginia, Mary Baldwin College and Old Dominion University. Each year more than 500 students transfer from PVCC to a four-year college or university. Since establishment in 1972, more than 108,000 students have attended classes. Currently there have been over 10,100 associates degrees and certificates awarded. PVCC also offers extensive workforce training programs for local employees.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: (CONTINUED)

Travel and Tourism

The County and immediate areas contain numerous cultural and recreational facilities and historic sites. The travel and tourism industry contributes significantly to the local economy, generating over \$274 million in revenues in 2010 and over 2,800 jobs in the County.

Albemarle has a wealth of historic resources, including prehistoric archaeological sites, Monticello, Ash Lawn-Highland, and the University of Virginia. Four sites are National Historic Landmarks, and Monticello and the University of Virginia's "Academical Village" are on the World Heritage list.

Jefferson's home, Monticello, is located within the County and attracts over 500,000 visitors annually. In addition to Monticello, the County's historical heritage includes James Monroe's home, Ashlawn-Highland; Dr. Thomas Walker's 1765 Plantation, Castle Hill; the birth site of George Rogers Clark; Patrick Henry's family tavern, Michie Tavern; and Albemarle County's 1830 Court House.

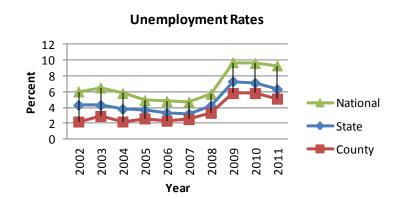
Located partially within the City of Charlottesville's corporate limits, though legally within the jurisdiction of the County, is the University of Virginia. The Lawn, Ranges and Rotunda, comprising the original academic buildings of the University, were designed by Thomas Jefferson. Monroe Hill, the home occupied by James Monroe when he was rector of the University, is also on the University grounds.

Other area attractions include Skyline Drive, Blue Ridge Parkway, and Shenandoah National Park, all located in the western part of the County. The County is serviced by Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport (CHO), a non-hub, commercial service airport offering 50 daily non-stop flights to and from Charlotte, Philadelphia, New York/LaGuardia, Washington/Dulles, Chicago, and Atlanta.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

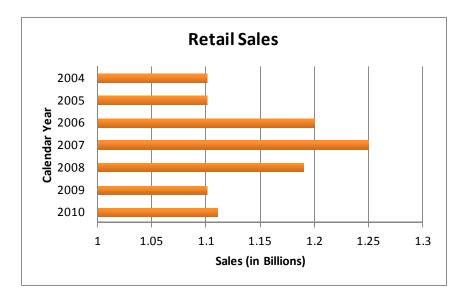
Albemarle County's rich historical heritage plays a part in the area's economic growth. Its location, rural character, urban conveniences, strong educational system and superior quality of life combine to make Albemarle an attractive, vital community. The predominant economic sectors are education, service, manufacturing, tourism, and retail trade. Among the largest employers are the University of Virginia, County of Albemarle, UVA Health Services, State Farm Mutual Insurance, and Northrup Grumman Corporation.

According to the Virginia Employment Commission, as of June, 2011, unemployment for Albemarle County was at 5.1 percent. The area continues to have one of the lower unemployment rates and was ranked tenth lowest in the Commonwealth (tied with Fluvanna County). For the same period, Virginia's unemployment rate was 6.3 percent and ranked ninth lowest in the nation. The national unemployment rate was 9.3 percent.

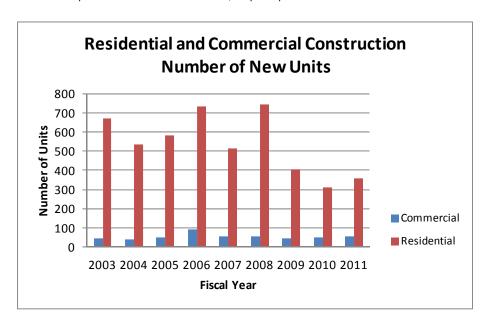


ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: (CONTINUED)

Retail sales in the County increased slightly in 2010. As of December 31, 2010, the increase was less than 1.0%, with \$1.11 billion compared to \$1.10 billion in 2009. Retail sales figures for the first and second quarters of 2011 increase 6.74%, with \$570 million being reported compared to \$534 million in the first and second quarters of 2010.



The value of new residential construction activity in calendar year 2010 increased for the first time since 2007. Permits issued for new residential construction rose 14 percent from 313 in 2009 to 357 in 2010, and the value of this construction was \$121,935,573. The number of new commercial permits rose 10 percent from 48 in 2009 to 53 in 2010, with a total value of \$48,777,952.



As of June 2011, the median sales price of homes in the County of Albemarle was \$275,975. The median sales price of homes in the City of Charlottesville during the same period was \$233,500, a slight decline for both jurisdictions from the previous year.

Although tax revenues have declined over the past three fiscal years due largely to global economic issues, the County has taken timely and appropriate measures to maintain its solid financial position. The County has one of the highest per capita income levels in the Commonwealth, with a large presence of highly educated individuals and owner occupied homes.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK: (CONTINUED)

Demographic Information

The U.S. Census Bureau calculated Albemarle County's population to be 94,908 in 2009 and currently estimates the 2010 population to be 98,970. Within the 2010 estimated population, 73 percent of Albemarle County is comprised of individuals over the age of 18 with 14 percent age 65 and older. The median age for Albemarle is 37.

Single-family detached housing units continued to account for the majority of the housing units within the County, representing 63.68 percent of total dwellings. Multi-family units, including condominiums, accounted for 20.97 percent, single-family townhouses 6.66 percent, single-family attached units 3.72 percent, mobile homes 4.27 percent; and duplexes comprised 0.70 percent of housing units.

The total number of families awaiting general housing assistance from the County as of June 2011 is 331. Approximately 320 families are currently being assisted, either with rental or project-specific assistance.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County's Financial Management Policies provide a solid framework from which sound financial decisions can be made for the long-term betterment and stability of the County. The County has a long standing history of adherence to its fiscal policies, which effectively insulate the County from fiscal crises and enhances the County's credit worthiness. The County achieved the highest credit and bond rating possible from both Moody's and S&P credit rating agencies, Aaa and AAA respectively. Albemarle is one of the smallest jurisdictions in the United States to achieve AAA ratings; our excellent credit rating benefits our citizens because highly-rated jurisdictions enjoy the most competitive interest rates on long-term borrowing, thus saving interest costs.

The County also adheres to the operating budget policies consistent with guidelines established by the Government Finance Officers Association. The County approves an annual capital budget in accordance with the Capital Improvements Program.

The management of Albemarle County is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. Estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that (1) County assets are safeguarded against unauthorized use or disposition and, (2) financial transactions are conducted properly and in accordance with County policy.

Budgetary controls are established to ensure compliance with the annual appropriation ordinance adopted by the Board of Supervisors. General, School, Debt Service, and School Self-Sustaining Funds are included in this ordinance. A separate appropriation, approved by the Board of Supervisors, is adopted for the General Government and Education Capital Improvement Funds.

Budgetary controls are maintained at the department level. All purchase orders are reviewed prior to issuance to confirm sufficient appropriated balances exist. Purchase orders that would result in over-expenditures are not released until additional funds are appropriated. Open encumbrances are carried forward at year-end and generally reappropriated.

The local government Five-Year Financial Plan is an important long term planning tool that provides the Board of Supervisors with reasonable projections for the next five years so they can provide staff with direction regarding their long range goals and priorities. The Plan is based on a set of assumptions regarding how the County's revenues and expenditures are likely to change over time, based on the best information available at the time the Plan is reviewed. While the plan is not a budget document, it sets directions that will influence budget decisions in the years to come. The plan is reviewed and updated on an annual basis.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current Initiatives

The County's major initiatives are focused on enhancing its strategic goals and building a premier community. During fiscal year 2011, the County undertook or continued initiatives in the following areas:

- Mobile Data Computers This project provides patrol vehicles with laptop computers and mobile data technology. The computers give officers access to motor vehicle and driver's license information, local criminal history information, warrants and wanted person checks nationwide. This technology also allows access to regional records managements systems and reporting templates for completing reports in police vehicles that can be reviewed by supervisors in the field and later uploaded. The goal of this project is to increase safety and efficiency for officers, allow dispatchers to determine patrol car locations, increase dispatch efficiency, and overall streamline operations.
- County Facilities Maintenance/Replacement These are on-going projects that include the interior as
 well as the exterior of County facilities. They are intended to maintain, repair, replace, or
 otherwise add value to capital assets in accordance with the facility management plan derived from
 the facility assessment and energy audit. These projects protect the physical property from
 deterioration, maximizing the life of each structure and exterior ground surfaces. Individual projects
 include: boiler replacement, climate control program, and parking lot maintenance.
- Parks & Recreation Maintenance/Replacement These projects relate to the recent recreation needs assessment report which recommended the Parks & Recreation Department continue the upkeep and maintenance of existing parks as a top priority. The result of these projects is to make the facilities more enjoyable as well a safer while also improving efficiency and in many cases reducing operating expenses. Individual projects include: Elementary school playground replacement, road resurfacing at park locations, and athletic field maintenance.
- Infrastructure Upgrades This is an on-going project to focus on the creation and maintenance of a
 high performance central networked environment. The goal is to support the access to and the
 distribution of information to staff working both within and outside of the County Office buildings.
 Projects include upgrades to the network hardware, server, switches, and routers as well as software
 and application packages.

Future Initiatives

- Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal This project consists of installing a new automated real estate
 mass appraisal system used by the County Assessor. This system will allow the Assessor's office to
 more efficiently appraise residential and commercial/industrial properties, administer the Land Use
 assessment program, and to value all new construction and parcels in the County. The CAMA system
 will assist in keeping accurate property records for every parcel of real property located in the
 County.
- Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) This is a regional project which will be used jointly by the County of Albemarle, City of Charlottesville, and the University of Virginia. The current dispatching system used by the Emergency Communication Center was installed in 2000 and is nearing the end of its life cycle. The new system will not only provide statistical information needed by public agencies but will also incorporate the Police Department and Fire/Rescue Department records management systems.
- Fire/Rescue Volunteer Station #14 This project provides funding for the future construction of the lvy area Fire/Rescue station. This station is needed to meet the response time goals in the western portion of the County due to the area being densely populated (the most populated rural area of the County) as well as to help lower insurance ratings from a ten (worst) to a 4 or 5, saving residents an average of 50% on their annual insurance premiums.

MAJOR INITIATIVES: (CONTINUED)

Future Initiatives: (Continued)

Volunteer Fire & EMS Apparatus Replacement - This is an on-going project to replace volunteer Fire
and EMS apparatus. The apparatus schedule is based on an age and mileage criteria and includes an
initiative to standardize apparatus to address inoperability, reliability, and safety issues. The most
efficient and effective service is provided by apparatus that takes advantage of new technology,
which is updated annually in most emergency services apparatus manufacturers.

AUDIT INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that the financial statements of the County be audited by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates has performed an audit for the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The auditors' opinion is included in this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Albemarle, Virginia, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the Finance Department for their commitment and dedication to the financial management of the County and the preparation of this report. This is the first CAFR produced by the County's new financial system, Great Plains (GP). I am especially grateful to our Finance Department employees who worked tirelessly to ensure a seamless transition from our legacy financial system to GP.

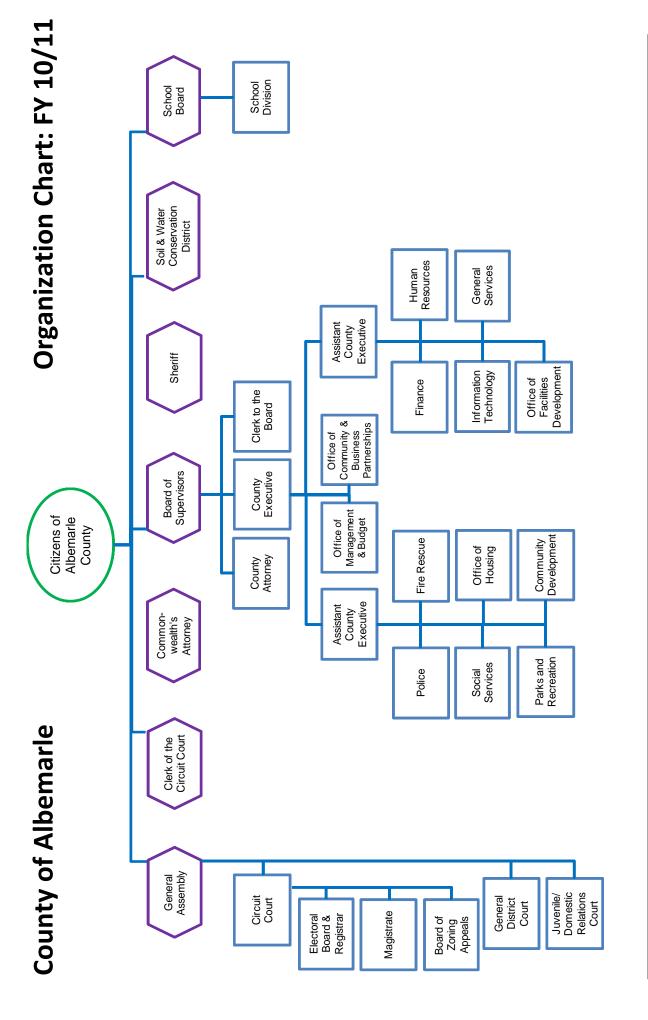
I would also like to thank the County Board of Supervisors and the County Executive Staff for their support of the County's financial operations in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully,

Betty J. Burrell Director of Finance

Burrell





In addition to the above chart, the Board of Supervisors appoints members to the Boards of Architectural Review and Equalization; the Authoritys of Economic Development, Public Recreation Facilities, and Albemarle County Service; as well as the Planning Commission. The County jointly funds and/or operates many regional agencies and authorities in several functions including Public Safety (Emergency Communications Center, Regional Jail, Juvenile Detention Center, SPCA); Public Works (Rivanna Solid Waste Authority, Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority); Human Development (Commission on Children and Families, Jefferson Area Board for Aging, JAUNT, Health Department, Region Ten Community Services Board); Parks, Recreation and Culture (Convention and Visitor's Center, Regional Library); and Community Development (Albemarle Housing Improvement Program, Piedmont Housing Alliance, Charlottesville Transit Service, Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission, Virginia Cooperative Extension).



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Ann H. Mallek, Chairperson Duane E. Snow, Vice-Chair

Kenneth C. Boyd Rodney Thomas Dennis S. Rooker Lindsay G. Dorrier, Jr.

Ella W. Jordan, Clerk

SCHOOL BOARD

Steve H. Koleszar, Chairperson Harley Miles, Vice-Chair

Jason Buyaki Diantha H. McKeel Pamela Moynihan Barbara Massie Mouly Eric Strucko

Jennifer W. Johnston, Clerk

OTHER OFFICIALS

County Executive
School Superintendent
Assistant County Executive
Assistant County Executive
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Judge of the Circuit Court
Commonwealth Attorney
County Attorney

Director of Information Services
Director of Community Development

Extension Agent Director of Finance

Clerk of the General District Court Judge of the General District Court

Director of Zoning

Director of Emergency Communications Center

Director of Parks and Recreation
Director of Human Resources (Acting)

Director of Planning Chief of Police Registrar Sheriff

Director of Social Services Director of General Services

Director of Inspections/Building Official

Director of Housing

Fire Chief

Thomas C. Foley Dr. Pamela Moran Bryan Elliott William M. Letteri Debra Shipp Cheryl Higgins Denise Y. Lunsford Larry W. Davis Michael C. Culp Mark B. Graham Carrie Swanson Betty J. Burrell Phyllis L. Stewart William G. Barkley Amelia G. McCulley Thomas A. Hanson Robert P. Crickenberger Lorna Gerome Vincent W. Cilimberg **Colonel Steve Sellers** Richard J. Washburne J.E. "Chip" Harding Katherine A. Ralston George A. Shadman, Jr. Jay Schlothauer Ron White J. Dan Eggleston

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Albemarle Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE UNITED STATES OF THE UN



Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Albemarle, Virginia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County of Albemarle, Virginia adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, effective July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2011, on our consideration of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Albemarle, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Albemarle, Virginia. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Charlottesville, Virginia
December 5, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the County of Albemarle presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County of Albemarle's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the County's financial statements.

Financial Highlights for the Year

Government-wide Statements (Full Accrual Accounting)

- The County's total assets, excluding its component unit, totaled \$237,753,525. Liabilities totaled \$145,162,511. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$92,591,014, of which \$74,837,691 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets increased by \$1.02 million over the prior year. This increase is primarily a
 result of decreases in governmental expenses when compared to FY 2010, particularly in Education and
 Community Development.

Fund Financial Statements (Modified Accrual Accounting)

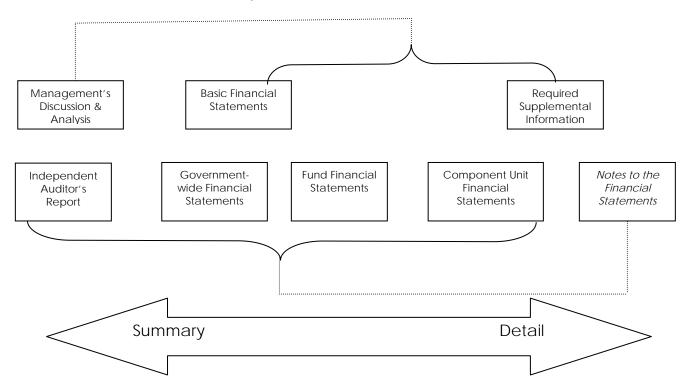
- As of June 30, 2011, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$56,360,859, an increase of \$1,744,630 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55.27% of the combined fund balances, \$31,151,374, is unassigned and available to meet the County's current and future needs.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$31,981,565, an increase of \$7,361,819 from June 30, 2010. General Capital Improvements Fund reported a fund balance of \$15,818,659; and Other Governmental Funds reported \$8,560,635 in total fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance.

- The *introductory section* includes the transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart, a list of principal officers and a copy of the 2010 Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers' Association.
- The *financial section* has five component parts the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (which include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements), required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.
- The *statistical section* includes selected financial and demographic data related to the County, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- The *compliance section* is required under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, <u>Audits of State</u>, <u>Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations</u>.

Components of the Financial Section



In the past, the primary focus of local government financial reports was to provide summarized fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach was modified in fiscal year 2002 and now local government financial reports consist of two kinds of statements, each with a different view of the County's finances. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status. The fund financial statements, which were provided prior to 2002, focus on individual parts of the County's government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The basic financial statements also contain notes to explain, in greater detail, the information found in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net assets and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

The first government-wide statement - the Statement of Net Assets - presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities, net assets, can be used as one way to measure the County's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets can be one indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County facilities.

The second statement - the Statement of Activities - also uses the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the County's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide statements are divided into the following three categories:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u> Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and community development. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants. Governmental funds and internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.

<u>Business-type Activities:</u> Albemarle County does not have any business-type activities.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit:</u> The County includes the Albemarle County Public Schools in its annual financial report. Although a legally separate entity, this component unit is included in the County's financial report because the School System is fiscally dependent on the County.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statements more familiar. These statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements and are used to keep track of specific sources of revenues and expenses for particular purposes. The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds. Governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available to meet current financial needs. The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not include long-term assets and liabilities, additional exhibits provide a reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide statements. The General Fund is the main operating account of the County and therefore, the largest of the governmental funds. All other governmental funds, which include special revenue funds and debt service funds, are collectively referred to as non-major governmental funds. The General Capital Improvements Fund (capital projects) is considered to be a major fund.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Proprietary funds, which consist of enterprise funds and internal service funds, operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both long and short-term financial information. The County does not have an enterprise fund, but does have four internal service funds: health insurance fund, dental plan pool fund, duplication fund, and vehicle replacement fund. These funds are funded by charging County departments and the School Board on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the funds are not available to support the County's programs. The County's fiduciary funds consist of private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The funds are used to account for monies received, held, and disbursed on behalf of certain developers, housing programs, recipients of scholarship funds, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and certain other agencies and governments.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

Summary of Net Assets As of June 30, 2011 and 2010 (\$ in thousands)										
	_	Governm Activit	ies	Compoi Uni	t	Total Entity				
	_	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010			
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$	97,551	91,671 \$	35,880 \$	32,285 \$	133,431 \$	123,956			
Capital Assets (net)	_	140,203	142,734	71,500	70,650	211,703	213,384			
Total Assets	\$_	237,754 \$	234,405 \$	107,380 \$	102,935 \$	345,134 \$	337,340			
Liabilities:										
Other Liabilities	\$	10,667 \$	9,972 \$	22,246 \$	19,028 \$	32,913 \$	29,000			
Long-term liabilities	_	134,495	136,985	5,254	4,306	139,749	141,291			
Total Liabilities	\$_	145,162 \$	146,957 \$	27,500 \$	23,334 \$	172,662 \$	170,291			
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets,										
Net of related debt	\$	17,753 \$	13,677 \$	71,500 \$	70,650 \$	89,253 \$	84,327			
Unrestricted	_	74,838	73,772	8,379	8,951	83,217	82,723			
Total net assets	\$_	92,591 \$	87,449 \$	79,879 \$	79,601 \$	172,470 \$	167,050			

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their fiscally dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public school facilities, for their component units. For the purpose of this financial statement, the debt and correlating asset (or portion therefore) is recorded as an asset and long-term liability of the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, requires that the primary government and its component units, which make up the total reporting entity, be accounted for separately on the face of the basic financial statements. The net assets of the total financial reporting entity best represent the entity's financial position. In the case of the County's reporting entity, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$172,470,674 at June 30, 2011, a 3.25% increase from June 30, 2010. The largest portion of the reporting entity's net assets, \$89,253,705, reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, and equipment), less the outstanding debt associated with the asset acquisition. Total assets increased \$7,793,726 from 2010 primarily as a result of decreases in governmental expenses. Total liabilities increased \$2,372,629 primarily as a result of obligations from the issuance of general obligation bonds through the Virginia Public School Authority.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities

The following table presents revenues and expenses of governmental activities:

Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 (\$ in thousands)						
	_	Governme 2011	Total % Change 2011-2010			
Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General Revenues: General property taxes, real and personal Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted Use of Money and Property		5,132 21,964 282 136,848 45,350 15,691 806 204	\$	3,921 20,764 207 140,241 43,489 15,557 847 937	30.88% 5.78% 36.23% -2.42% 4.28% 0.86% -4.84% -78.23%	
Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues	\$ _	226,277	\$	225,963	0.14%	
Expenses: General Government Judicial Administration Public Safety Public Works Health and Welfare Education Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Community Development Interest on long-term debt	\$	10,817 4,904 32,684 8,792 23,218 103,577 7,192 28,360 5,711	\$	9,702 4,817 31,948 6,348 22,711 108,682 7,477 30,104 6,038	11.49% 1.81% 2.30% 38.50% 2.23% -4.70% -3.81% -5.79% -5.42%	
Total Expenses	\$	225,255	\$	227,827	-1.13%	
Increase (decrease) in net assets Beginning net assets, restated Ending net assets	\$ _ \$	1,021 91,570 92,591	\$ \$	(1,863) 89,312 87,449	-154.80% 2.53% 5.88%	

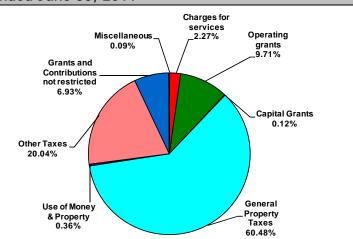
Revenues from charges for services rose over 30% from 2010 primarily as a result of an increase in the EMS Billing as well as the Facilities Development Coordinator fees. Capital grants and contributions increased over 36% due to a grant from the Department of Conservation and Recreation. Miscellaneous Revenues decreased 78% with General fund miscellaneous revenues totaling \$129,610 compared to \$209,148 in FY 2010. Miscellaneous revenue in other governmental funds decreased as well; The Crozet Crossing Trust fund contribution decreased from \$430,800 in FY 2010 to \$44,559 in FY 2011.

General Government experienced an 11.49% increase in total expenses as a result of reorganization and the filling of several vacant positions. Public Works experienced a double-digit increase in total expenditures during FY 2011 due to new capital projects such as Crozet Streetscapes project.

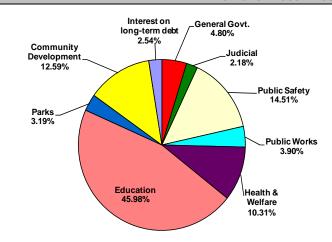
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

total Governmental activities net assets increased by \$1,020,675. This increase is due to a 1.13% decrease in total expenses and a 0.14% increase in total revenues. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$226,277,376 for FY 2011 compared to FY 2010 revenues from governmental activities of \$225,963,638. Taxes comprise the largest source of these revenues, of totaling \$182,198,525 81% or all governmental activities revenue. Of this amount, general property taxes comprise 75% of the taxes collected totaling \$136,848,200.



Governmental Activities - Expenses by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011



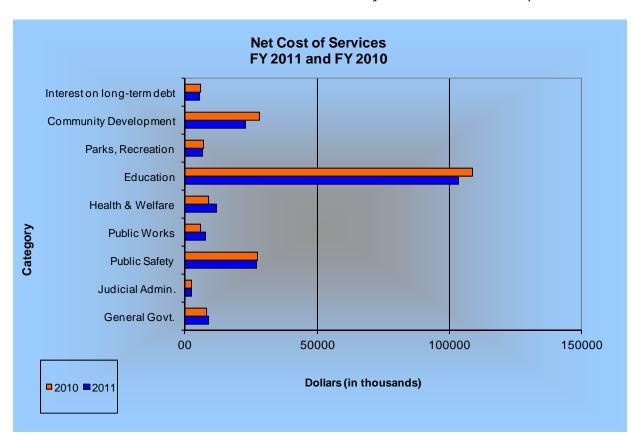
The total cost of all governmental activities for this fiscal year was \$225,256,702. As the chart illustrates, Education continues to be the County's largest program with expenses totaling \$103,576,934. Public Safety expenses, which total \$32,684,377 represents the second largest expense, followed by Community Development at \$28,360,299 and Health and Welfare at \$23,217,827.

For the County's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less associated fees and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table.

Total Cost and Net Cost of Governmental Activities											
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010											
	Total	Cost of Servi	Net (Cost of Servi	es						
			Percentage			Percentage					
	2011	2010	Change	2011	2010	Change					
General Government	\$ 10,817,203 \$	9,701,766	11.50% \$	9,114,963\$	8,055,717	13.15%					
Judicial Administration	4,904,469	4,817,482	1.81%	2,443,946	2,457,457	-0.55%					
Public Safety	32,684,377	31,947,939	2.31%	26,966,545	27,368,156	-1.47%					
Public Works	8,792,358	6,348,136	38.50%	8,029,101	6,052,247	32.66%					
Health & Welfare	23,217,827	22,711,257	2.23%	12,090,642	8,815,469	37.15%					
Education	103,576,934	108,681,711	-4.70%	103,576,934	108,681,711	-4.70%					
Parks, Recreation & Culture	7,191,757	7,477,447	-3.82%	6,865,761	7,096,691	-3.25%					
Community Development	28,360,299	30,103,606	-5.79%	23,079,341	28,369,780	-18.65%					
Interest on long-term debt	5,711,478	6,037,722	-5.40%	5,711,478	6,037,722	-5.40%					
Total	\$ 225,256,702 \$	227,827,066	-1.13% \$	197,878,711 \$	202,934,950	-2.49%					

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE: (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2011, governmental activities generated \$5,132,271 in program revenues from users of services provided by the activity, as compared to \$3,920,772 for FY 2010. The largest percent of charges were generated from Public Safety with 38.91%, while Community Development generated 32.39% of charges for services program revenue. Operating Grant and contribution revenues that subsidize certain programs and activities totaled \$21,963,602 which increased by \$1,199,336 when compared with 2010.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of June 30, 2011, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$56,360,859, an increase of \$1,744,630 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55.27% (\$31,151,374) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable (\$212,094); restricted (\$4,680,990); committed (\$11,343,253); or assigned (\$8,973,148). For further details on Fund Balance, please refer to Exhibit 3 located in the Fund Financial statements section.

The General Fund contributed \$96.1 million in operating funds to finance the Schools operations as well as \$1.6 million to the School Capital Projects Fund.

In the General Capital Improvement Fund, the County expended \$16.1 million with \$2.6 million for roads, sidewalks, and landscaping (including \$812 thousand for the Crozet Streetscapes project); \$1.6 million for Parks and Recreation (including athletic field and park maintenance as well as greenways and trails). The County also expended \$817 thousand for general facility maintenance for both County Office building location and \$576 thousand for Volunteer/EMS apparatus. The General Capital Improvement spent \$7.67 million of VPSA bond proceeds for education capital projects, transferring those funds to the component unit's capital projects fund.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget and actual revenues and expenditures in the general fund:

Budgetary Comparison								
Gen	eral F	und						
For the Fiscal Yea	r Enc	ded June 30, 201	1					
		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual				
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	178,301,218 \$	178,301,218 \$	181,012,451				
Other		5,157,376	5,736,630	6,214,991				
Intergovernmental	_	27,445,543	27,535,449	28,035,373				
Total	\$	210,904,137 \$	211,573,297 \$	215,262,815				
Expenditures:								
Expenditures	\$	193,269,042 \$	195,916,693 \$	190,407,818				
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	\$	17,635,095 \$	15,656,604 \$	24,854,997				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		2,362,161	5,040,652	1,685,860				
Transfers Out		(19,997,256)	(20,697,256)	(19,179,038)				
Total	\$	(17,635,095) \$	(15,656,604) \$	(17,493,178)				
Change in Fund Balance	\$	- \$	- \$	7,361,819				
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	24,619,746				
Fund balance, end of year		-		31,981,565				

The final amended budget appropriations for expenditures exceeded the original appropriations by \$2,647,651. This increase is due primarily to appropriation of funds for uncompleted projects and prior year purchase order commitments.

Actual revenues were \$3,689,518, or 1.74% more than final budget amounts and actual expenditures were \$5,508,875 or 2.89% less than final budget amounts. Highlights of the comparison of final budget to actual figures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, include the following:

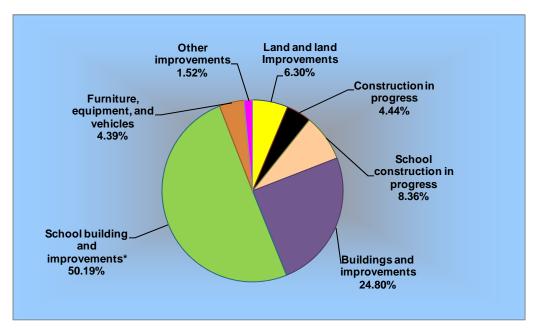
- Actual tax revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$2,711,233 primarily due to conservative budgeting in anticipation of lower property and other local tax collections.
- General government actual expenditures were \$581,259 less than budgeted, Public Safety actual expenditures were \$889,610 less than budgeted, Health and Welfare actual expenditures were \$1,092,863 less than budgeted, and Community Development actual expenditures were \$507,545 less than budgeted. These savings were primarily due to employee retirement and a large number of frozen and unfilled vacancies.
- Expenditures in Public Works were \$537,221 less than budgeted as a result primarily of uncompleted projects carried forward to FY 2012.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2011, the County's investment in capital assets totaled \$140,202,689 as summarized below:

Capital Assets as of June 30, 2011



During Fiscal Year 2011, the County's net capital assets (including additions, decreases, and depreciation) decreased \$6,652,724 as summarized below:

Change in Capital Assets Governmental Funds								
	_	Restated Balance July 1, 2010		Net Additions and Deletions	_	Balance June 30, 2011		
Land and land Improvements Construction in progress School land and construction in progress* Buildings and improvements School building and improvements* Furniture, equipment, and vehicles Other improvements Total Capital Assets	\$ -	8,837,348 4,526,432 12,033,969 54,080,192 91,476,670 33,237,902 7,637,351 211,829,864	_	1,699,906 (306,554) 292,674 (3,736,790) 762,388 71,949 (1,216,427)	_	8,837,348 6,226,338 11,727,415 54,372,866 87,739,880 34,000,290 7,709,300 210,613,437		
Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net	\$ =	(64,974,451) 146,855,413		(5,436,297) (6,652,724)	_	(70,410,748) 140,202,689		

* School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the component unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

This year's major capital asset events included the following:

- Construction and improvements to street areas and sidewalks including Crozet Avenue, Hillsdale, and Route 250/Westminster.
- Parks and Recreation projects including athletic field studies, playground equipment replacement, and walking/bike trails in the Preddy Creek area.
- Acquisition of a tanker truck for East Rivanna Volunteer Fire as well as replacement equipment for Scottsville Fire, Scottsville Rescue, and Western Albemarle Rescue. The preceding apparatus/equipment have been determined as extremely needed based on a risk analysis of the development area and surrounding rural area.
- On-going renovations and additions to several Elementary schools including Brownsville, Crozet and Greer. In addition to regular maintenance projects the replacement of gymnasium HVAC units and lighting are being continued to increase energy efficiency. Replacement of playground equipment is also a priority to ensure the safety of our children.

More detailed information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt

In November 2010, the County participated in the bond sale of the Virginia Public School Authority receiving bond proceeds in the amount of \$7,670,000, plus a premium on the debt issue totaling \$238,717. These bonds will mature incrementally over the next 20 years and will be used to finance several school construction projects.

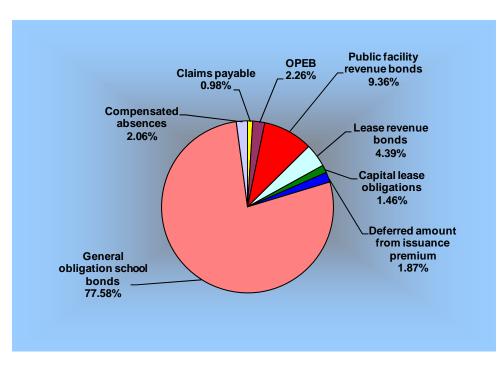
Despite the issuance of this additional debt, the County has a net decrease in its long-term obligations of \$2,489,154, as summarized in the following chart:

Summary of Long-Term Obligation Changes For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011								
		Amounts Payable July 1, 2010		Net Increase (Decrease)		Amounts Payable June 30, 2011		
Primary Government	_	-	-		-			
Claims payable	\$	1,319,321	\$	4,114	\$	1,323,435		
OPEB		2,417,000		616,000		3,033,000		
Public facility revenue bonds		13,395,000		(810,000)		12,585,000		
Lease Revenue Bonds		6,316,772		(406,880)		5,909,892		
Capital lease obligations		2,712,373		(743,753)		1,968,620		
General obligation bonds - schools		105,410,000		(1,075,000)		104,335,000		
Deferred amount for issuance premiums		2,590,322		(71,763)		2,518,559		
Compensated absences		2,823,813		(1,872)		2,821,941		
Total	\$	136,984,601	\$	(2,489,154)	\$	134,495,447		

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

As of June 30, 2011, the County's long-term obligations total \$134,495,447 and can be summarized as follows:



Long-Term Obligations
Primary Government as of June 30, 2011

The County achieved the highest credit and bond rating possible from both Moody's and S&P credit rating agencies, Aaa and AAA respectively. Albemarle is one of the smallest jurisdictions in the United States to achieve AAA ratings; our excellent credit rating benefits our citizens because highly-rated jurisdictions enjoy the most competitive interest rates on long-term borrowing, thus saving interest costs.

General obligation indebtedness must be approved by voter referendum prior to issuance except for debt incurred from the State Literary Fund or the Virginia Public School Authority.

The Board of Supervisors has established the following policies relating to debt:

- The County will not fund current operations from the proceeds of borrowed funds.
- The County will manage its financial resources in a way that prevents borrowing to meet working capital needs.
- The County will confine long-term borrowing and capital leases to capital improvements or projects that cannot be financed by current revenues.
- To the extent feasible, any year that the debt service payment falls below its current level, those savings will be used to finance one-time capital needs.
- When the County finances capital improvements or other projects through bonds or capital leases, it will repay the debt within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

- The County's debt offering documents will provide full and complete public disclosure of financial condition and operating results and other pertinent credit information in compliance with municipal finance industry standards for similar issues.
- Recognizing the importance of underlying debt to its overall financial condition, the County will set target debt ratios, which will be calculated annually and included in the annual review of fiscal trends:
 - Net debt as a percentage of the estimated market value of taxable property should not exceed 2%.
 - The ratio of debt service expenditures as a percent of general fund and school fund revenues should not exceed 10%.

More detailed information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for the County of Albemarle in June 2011 was 5.1%, which is lower than the 5.8% in June 2010. This compares favorably to the state's rate of 6.3% and the national rate of 9.3%.
- According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the estimated population in Albemarle was 98,970, as of July 1, 2010, with an estimated 78.5% of individuals over the age of eighteen. The median was calculated at 36.6 years of age.
- The Fiscal Year 2012 Adopted Budget anticipates general fund revenues and expenditures to be \$215,581,818, a 1.09% increase over the fiscal year 2011 budget. Revenues are comprised primarily of General Property Taxes at 63% with Other Local Taxes comprising 20%. The County's transfer to fund Education operations (including Education debt service) continues to be the largest expenditure area at 45% of total expenditures with Public Safety being the next largest at 14%.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Betty J. Burrell, Director of Finance, County of Albemarle, 401 McIntire Road, Room 149 Charlottesville, VA 22902, telephone (434) 296-5855, or visit the County's web site at www.albemarle.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Government-wide Financial Statements



Statement of Net Assets At June 30, 2011

	_	Governmental Activities		Component Unit School Board
Assets	Φ.	/F 227 /F/	Φ.	0/ 000 507
Cash and investments	\$	65,337,656	\$	26,832,587
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) - Note 4		14,140,262		1,511,625
Due from other governments - Note 5		12,880,421		6,998,452
Prepaid items		7,705		9,765
Inventories		106,921		527,517
Unamortized debt issuance costs		210,166		-
Due from component unit		4,867,705		-
Capital assets - Note 7:				
Land and construction in progress		26,791,101		6,096,992
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	-	113,411,588		65,403,390
Total capital assets, net	\$_	140,202,689	\$	71,500,382
Total assets	\$_	237,753,525	\$	107,380,328
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	5,875,287	\$	17,285,163
Amounts held for others		283,043		· · · · · -
Accrued interest payable		2,704,350		-
Due to primary government		-		4,867,705
Unearned revenue - Note 9		1,804,384		93,334
Long-term liabilities - Note 8:		, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Due within one year		12,880,346		207,447
Due in more than one year	_	121,615,101		5,047,019
Total liabilities	\$_	145,162,511	\$	27,500,668
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	17,753,323	\$	71,500,382
Unrestricted	· _	74,837,691	· -	8,379,278
Total net assets	\$	92,591,014	\$	79,879,660

			Program Revenu	ies	Net (Expense) F Changes in N	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Unit
Primary Government						
Governmental activities						
General government administration	\$ 10,817,203 \$	37,049 \$	1,665,191 \$	- \$	(9,114,963) \$	-
Judicial administration	4,904,469	493,144	1,967,379	-	(2,443,946)	-
Public safety	32,684,377	1,997,033	3,720,799	-	(26,966,545)	-
Public works	8,792,358	621,781	141,476	-	(8,029,101)	-
Health and welfare	23,217,827	-	11,127,185	-	(12,090,642)	-
Education	103,576,934	-	-	-	(103,576,934)	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	7,191,757	320,996	5,000	-	(6,865,761)	-
Community development	28,360,299	1,662,268	3,336,572	282,118	(23,079,341)	-
Interest on long-term debt	5,711,478				(5,711,478)	-
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>225,256,702</u> \$	5,132,271 \$	21,963,602	282,118 \$	(197,878,710) \$	-
Component Unit						
Albemarle County Public Schools	\$ <u>166,692,794</u> \$	6,172,823 \$	52,870,276 \$	700,000 \$	- \$	(106,949,695)
	General Revenue	es				
	Taxes:					
			al and personal	\$,,	-
	Local sales an				12,716,193	-
	Business licen				9,383,798	-
	Consumer util	lity taxes			9,171,347	-
	Meals tax				5,737,476	-
	Motor vehicle	licenses tax			3,538,789	-
	Other taxes	O A II-			4,802,722	-
	Payment from	County of Alb	emarie:			100 554 (00
	Education	4		-161-	-	103,554,633
		itributions not	t restricted to spe	CITIC	15 (01 022	
	programs				15,691,032	-
	Unrestricted us	se or money a	na property		805,955	811,439
	Miscellaneous				203,873	2,862,527
	Total genera	I revenues		\$	198,899,385 \$	107,228,599
	Change in i	net assets		\$	1,020,675 \$	278,904
	Net assets, beg	jinning of yea	r, as restated		91,570,339	79,600,756
	Net assets, end	d of year		\$	92,591,014 \$	79,879,660

Fund Financial Statements



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds At June 30, 2011

	_	General Fund	General Capital Improve- ments	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Govern- mental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	23,120,854 \$	16,415,729 \$	8,326,801 \$	47,863,384
Property taxes receivable, (net of allowance for uncollectibles) - Note 4 Receivables, (net of allowance		10,890,870	-	-	10,890,870
for uncollectibles) - Note 4 Due from other governments - Note 5 Prepaid items Inventories	_	2,115,852 10,755,877 7,705 106,921	97,468 - - -	41,113 2,124,544 - -	2,254,433 12,880,421 7,705 106,921
Total assets	\$_	46,998,079 \$	16,513,197 \$	10,492,458 \$	74,003,734
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,084,114 \$	694,538 \$	1,931,823 \$	5,710,475
Amounts held for others		283,043	-	-	283,043
Unearned revenue - Note 9 Deferred revenue - property taxes - Note 9		1,804,384 9,844,973	-	-	1,804,384 9,844,973
,	_				
Total liabilities	\$_	15,016,514 \$	694,538 \$	1,931,823 \$	17,642,875
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable:	ф	114 (2) ф	ф	Φ.	114 (2)
Inventories and prepaids Loan receivable	\$	114,626 \$	- \$ 97,468	- \$	114,626 97,468
Restricted:		-	77,400	_	77,400
Grant compliance		-	_	2,538,900	2,538,900
Debt service		-	-	2,142,090	2,142,090
Committed:					
General government - various		34,500	-	-	34,500
Sheriff contributions		5,592	-	-	5,592
Public safety - various		100,473	-	-	100,473
Grants levering fund		100,000	-	-	100,000
Economic and job opportunity funds		400,000	-	-	400,000
Community development loan funds		75,000	- 7 470 472	-	75,000 7,479,672
General capital projects - Note 21 Storm water projects		-	7,479,672	- 2,767,641	2,767,641
Special revenue		- -	_	380,375	380,375
Assigned:				000,070	555,575
General capital projects		-	8,241,519	-	8,241,519
Storm water projects		-	-	731,629	731,629
Unassigned:					-
General	_	31,151,374	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	31,151,374
Total fund balance	\$_	31,981,565 \$	15,818,659 \$	8,560,635 \$	56,360,859
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	46,998,079 \$	16,513,197 \$	10,492,458 \$	74,003,734

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets At June 30, 2011

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 3)

56,360,859

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	\$ 8,837,348
Construction in progress	6,226,338
School Board construction in progress	11,727,415
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	34,766,232
Other improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	2,130,778
Furniture, equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	6,149,812
School Board capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 70,364,766

Total capital assets 140,202,689

Debt issuance costs net of amortization

210,166

School bond proceeds for which capital assets have not been constructed or acquired. This adjustment is required to properly report actual debt used to construct or acquire capital assets.

4,867,705

Internal services funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health and dental insurance benefits, vehicle replacement and duplicating costs to individual funds and the School Board. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The internal service funds net assets are:

16,980,984

Some of the County's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.

9,844,973

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Also, the County received a premium on its long-term debt issues and incurred defeasance costs when refunding debt. The premium and defeasance costs will be amortized over the life of the new bond issue as interest is paid. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net assets are as follows:

Accrued interest on debt	\$ (2,704,350)	
General obligation bonds	(104,335,000)	
Public facility revenue bonds	(12,585,000)	
Lease Revenue Bonds	(5,909,892)	
Capital lease obligations	(1,968,620)	
Other post employment benefits	(3,033,000)	
Unamortized bond premium	(2,518,559)	
Compensated absences	(2,821,941)	(135,876,362)

Total net assets of governmental activities (Exhibits 1 and 2)

92,591,014

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		General		General Capital	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	_	Fund		Improvements	Funds	Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	136,906,535	\$	- \$	- \$	136,906,535
Other local taxes		44,105,916		-	1,244,409	45,350,325
Permits, privilege fees and						
regulatory licenses		1,687,480		-	41,939	1,729,419
Fines and forfeitures		622,358		-	-	622,358
Use of money and property		466,484		43,865	277,058	787,407
Charges for services		2,754,714		-	25,780	2,780,494
Miscellaneous		129,610		-	18,247	147,857
Recovered costs		554,345		341,344	122,265	1,017,954
Intergovernmental:						
Contribution from School Board		325,317		1,250,820	1,086,839	2,662,976
Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust		-		-	44,559	44,559
Contribution from other entities		10,300		-	1,157	11,457
Revenue from the Commonwealth		23,087,113		282,118	5,808,011	29,177,242
Revenue from the Federal Government	_	4,612,643		13,056	4,133,811	8,759,510
Total revenues	\$_	215,262,815	\$	1,931,203 \$	12,804,075 \$	229,998,093
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	9,913,420	\$	- \$	- \$	9,913,420
Judicial administration		3,772,916		-	737,623	4,510,539
Public safety		28,790,232		-	664,992	29,455,224
Public works		3,992,932		-	227,278	4,220,210
Health and welfare		14,884,194		-	7,870,463	22,754,657
Education - local community college		22,301		-	-	22,301
Education - public school system		97,616,652		7,670,000	-	105,286,652
Education - trust funds		-		150,000	-	150,000
Parks, recreation and cultural		6,173,877		-	-	6,173,877
Community development		24,646,324		-	3,078,558	27,724,882
Contingencies		594,970		-	-	594,970
Debt service:					10 705 (00	40.705.700
Principal payments		-		-	10,705,633	10,705,633
Interest and fiscal charges		-		- 0 200 221	6,070,159	6,070,159
Capital projects	_	-	-	8,299,331	280,325	8,579,656
Total expenditures	\$_	190,407,818	\$	16,119,331 \$	29,635,031 \$	236,162,180
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	\$	24,854,997	\$_	(14,188,128)	(16,830,956) \$	(6,164,087)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of debt	\$	-	\$	7,670,000 \$	- \$	7,670,000
Bond premium	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	238,717	238,717
Transfers in		1,685,860		999,557	18,219,890	20,905,307
Transfers (out)	_	(19,179,038)		=	(1,726,269)	(20,905,307)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(17,493,178)	\$	8,669,557	516,732,338_\$	7,908,717
Net change in fund balance	\$	7,361,819	\$	(5,518,571) \$	(98,618) \$	1,744,630
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	24,619,746		21,337,230	8,659,253	54,616,229
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	31,981,565	\$	15,818,659	8,560,635	56,360,859

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)

\$ 1,744,630

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as deprecation expense. The amount by which depreciation was exceeded by capital outlays in the current period is as follows:

Capital outlay
Depreciation expense

\$ 3,024,666

(8,508,599) (5,483,933)

School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County and School Board. The County share of School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship increased the transfers to the School Board.

2,199,021

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, revenues are recorded when measurable and realizable to pay current obligations. However, in the statement of net assets revenues are reported when earned. This requires adjustments to convert the revenues to the accrual basis.

(58, 335)

Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases the long term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.

Debt issued:

Net adjustment

General obligation school bonds

Premium on debt:
General obligation school bonds

Repayments:
General obligation school bonds

Repayments:
General obligation school bonds
Public facility revenue bonds
Capital leases
Lease revenue bonds

\$ (7,670,000)
\$ (238,717)
\$ 8,745,000
\$ 810,000
\$ 406,880

2,796,916

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:

Compensated absences
Amortization of bond premium
Amortization of debt issuance costs
Other post employment benefits
Accrued interest on bonds and loans

\$ 1,872 310,481 (17,887) (616,000)

ued interest on bonds and loans 66,087

Net adjustment (255,447)

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of health and dental insurance benefits, vehicle replacement and duplicating costs to individual funds. The change in net assets of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

77,823

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

1,020,675

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 17,474,272	
Receivables, (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)	994,959	
Total assets	\$ 18,469,231	
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 164,812	
Claims payable	1,323,435	
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,488,247	
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$ 16,980,984	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Governmental Activities
		Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues	-	
Charges for services, net	\$	27,628,799
Operating expenses		
Benefits and related expenses	\$	26,946,236
Services and supplies	-	623,288
Total operating expenses	\$	27,569,524
Operating income (loss)	\$	59,275
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Interest income	\$	18,548
Change in net assets	\$	77,823
Net assets, beginning of year	-	16,903,161
Net assets, end of year	\$	16,980,984

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Governmental Activities
		Internal Service Funds
	-	runus
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from insured	\$	26,147,971
Receipts from services		503,884
Payments to suppliers	-	(27,458,949)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(807,094)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income	\$	18,548
	•	7,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(788,546)
Net merease (decrease) in easir and easir equivalents	Ψ	(700,340)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	18,262,818
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	17,474,272
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	59,275
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net		(976,944)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		106,461
Claims payable	_	4,114
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(807,094)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets At June 30, 2011

	-	Private Purpose Trust Funds	-	Agency Funds
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	1,547,945	\$	5,253,966
Investments with trustee		289,147		-
Accounts receivable		20,826		626,810
Total assets	\$ _	1,857,918	\$	5,880,776
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	15,547	\$	380,992
Amounts held for others		-		5,499,784
Total liabilities	\$	15,547	\$	5,880,776
Net Assets	\$	1,842,371	\$	-

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions		
Investment earnings (losses)	\$	49,001
Donations		909,425
Miscellaneous		19,725
Proffers		247,556
Contribution from school board		150,000
Total additions	\$ -	1,375,707
Deductions		
General	\$	1,092,906
Contributions	_	44,559
Total deductions	\$.	1,137,465
Change in net assets	\$	238,242
Net assets, beginning of year	-	1,604,129
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,842,371



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Narrative Profile

The County of Albemarle, located in central Virginia and bordered by the counties of Augusta, Buckingham, Fluvanna, Greene, Louisa, Nelson, Orange and Rockingham, was founded in 1744. The County has a population of 98,970 and a land area of 726 square miles.

The County is governed under the County Executive - Board of Supervisors form of government. Albemarle County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety and administration of justice, education, health, welfare, human service programs, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, and historic activities.

The financial statements of the County of Albemarle, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments established requirements and a reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easy to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis: GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.
- Government-wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.
- <u>Statement of Net Assets:</u> The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and report depreciation expense the cost of "using up" capital assets in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

- <u>Statement of Program Activities:</u> The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).
- <u>Budgetary Comparison:</u> Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments will provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the government's original budget to the current comparison of final budget and actual results for its major funds.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The County has no component units that meet the requirements for blending. The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

Inclusions in the Reporting Entity:

1. Component Unit:

Albemarle County School Board

The Albemarle County School Board is elected to four year terms by the County voters. The School Board may hold property and the County issues general obligation debt for the School Board's capital projects. The School Board provides public primary and secondary education services to the County residents. The primary funding sources of the School Board are state and federal grants, and appropriations from the County, which are significant since the School Board does not have separate taxing authority. The County also approves the School Board budget. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity:

1. <u>Jointly Governed Organizations:</u>

Jointly governed organizations are regional governments or other multi-governmental arrangements that are governed by representation from each of the governments that create the organizations, and the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the organization.

The financial activities of the following organizations are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

Jefferson-Madison Regional Library

The Jefferson-Madison Regional Library provides library services to the Counties of Albemarle, Louisa, Madison, Greene and the City of Charlottesville. The participating localities provide annual contributions for operations based on book circulation. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Library's funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The County appropriated to the Library \$3,173,138 in operating funds in fiscal year 2011. The County has no equity interest in the Library.

Albemarle-Charlottesville Jail Authority

The City of Charlottesville, the County and Nelson County provide the financial support for the Authority and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The localities are charged on a per diem rate for their respective prisoner days. Other localities, the state and the federal government also reimburse the Authority for prisoner care. The Authority is excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over Authority fiscal matters. The County has no equity interest in the Jail Authority.

Emergency Communications Center

The University of Virginia, the City of Charlottesville, and the County provide the financial support for the Center and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality or organization contributes more than 50% of the Center's funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The County has no equity interest in the Center.

Albemarle County Service Authority

The Authority was created by the Board of Supervisors to operate the County's water and sewer system. The County has no control over Authority fiscal matters, board members have no continuing relationship with the County, the Authority's board approves its own budget and appoints management, the County is neither legally nor morally obligated for the Authority's debt, the County has no claim on surpluses nor responsibility for financing deficits, and the Authority sets its own rates. The County has no equity interest in the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

1. Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)

Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport Authority

The Authority is excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over Authority fiscal matters. Board members have no continuing relationship with the County, the Authority board approves its own budget and appoints management, and the County is neither legally nor morally obligated for the Authority's debt, the County has no claim on surpluses nor responsibility for financing deficits and the Authority sets its own rates. The County has no equity interest in the Authority.

Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority

The Authorities are excluded from the reporting entity because the County has no control over either Authority's fiscal matters. Both Authority boards approve their own budget and appoint management; the County has no claims on surpluses, or responsibility for financing deficits, and the Authorities set their own rates. The County has no equity interest in either Authority.

Region Ten Community Services Board

The Region Ten Community Services Board was created to provide Health, Intellectual Disability and Substance Abuse Services to the residents of the City of Charlottesville and the Counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna, Greene, and Nelson. The Board members are appointed by each participant locality. No locality appoints a majority of the Board members. The participating localities contribute annual operating grants to the Board, but are not required to do so. The participants have no ongoing financial responsibilities to or equity interest in the Board.

Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission

The Commission was created to construct and operate a juvenile detention center for the Counties of Albemarle, Fluvanna and Greene, and the City of Charlottesville. Commission members are appointed by each participant locality. No locality appoints a majority of the Board Members. The participating localities contribute operating and capital grants to the Commission for its operations and debt service. In 2011 the County contributed \$707,036 in operating grants to the Commission. The County has no equity interest in the Commission.

Commission on Children and Families

The Commission on Children and Families was created to improve services to children, youth and families and to be accountable for the efficient use of public/private resources and to be responsive to the changing needs of the community for the County of Albemarle and the City of Charlottesville. The Commission has twenty-eight voting members and neither locality appoints a majority of the Board Members. The participating localities contribute towards the operation of the Commission. In 2011 the County contributed \$85,721 in operating grants to the Commission. The County has no equity interest in the Commission.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity: (Continued)

1. Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)

Financial reports for the jointly governed organizations that issue separate financial statements can be obtained as follows:

Albemarle-Charlottesville Jail Authority, the Emergency Communications Center, Commission on Children and Families and the Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Center Director of Finance County of Albemarle 401 McIntire Road Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 Jefferson-Madison Regional Library Director of Finance City of Charlottesville City Hall Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Albemarle County Service Authority 168 Spotnap Road Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Rivanna Water & Sewer Authority and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority Franklin Street Charlottesville, Virginia 22901 Charlottesville-Albemarle Airport Authority Airport Road Charlottesville, Virginia 22901

Region Ten Community Services Board 800 Preston Avenue Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. In the current reporting model the focus is on either the County as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). The focus is on both the County as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category) and the component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information. The County generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The County may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Proprietary fund operating revenues consist of charges for services and related revenues. Nonoperating revenues consist of contribution, grants, investment earnings and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services. Internal service charges are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities are allocated to the various functional expense categories based on the internal charges to each function.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in fiscal year 2011.

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental Funds account for the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Funds are:

- a. <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County that accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.
- b. <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds include the following funds:

<u>Federal/State Grants Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various federal and state grant funds including the funding for the Comprehensive Services Act program, criminal justice grants, Section 8 housing program and other related programs. This fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Enhanced 911 Fund</u> - This fund accounts for County revenues assessed for the operation and maintenance of the Enhanced 911 emergency response system.

 $\underline{\text{Courthouse Maintenance Fund}} \text{ - This fund accounts for courthouse maintenance fees collected resulting from traffic and related fines}.$

<u>Visitor Center Fund</u> - This fund accounts for lease payments from the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Foundation and are used for capital maintenance items.

<u>Stream Buffer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received in relation to stream protection projects.

Tourism Fund - This fund accounts for funds appropriated for tourism projects.

<u>Old Crozet School Fund</u> - This fund accounts for rental revenues and maintenance and operational expenditures for the Old Crozet School.

c. <u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt service funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds are also used to report financial resources that are being accumulated for future debt service. Debt service funds include the following funds:

<u>General Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for resources accumulated to pay debt service for all general obligation debt incurred for general capital projects. Financing is provided by transfers from the General Fund.

<u>School Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for debt service expenditures for the school system for the payments of principal and interest on the school system's general long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

d. <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital project funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Capital project funds include the following:

<u>General Capital Improvements Fund</u> - This fund accounts for capital project expenditures for general public improvements and large equipment acquisitions. Financing is provided by governmental grants, capital leases and general fund revenues. This fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

e. <u>Storm Water Control Fund</u> - This fund accounts for expenditures for drainage and other systems for storm water control. Financing is provided primarily from General Fund revenues.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Internal Service Funds.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - These funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. The Internal Service Funds consist of the Health Insurance Fund, Dental Plan Pool Fund, Duplication Fund and the Vehicle Replacement Fund. A description and nature of each fund follows:

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all activities of the County and Component Unit School Board employee health insurance program. Other jointly governed organizations also participate in the program.

<u>Dental Plan Pool Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all activities of the County and Component Unit School Board employee dental insurance program. Other jointly governed organizations also participate in the program.

<u>Duplication Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received for copying, printing and related services.

<u>Vehicle Replacement Fund</u> - This fund accounts for activity of the County for the purchase and disposal of County vehicles.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The funds include Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. Private purpose trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the Proprietary Funds presentation. Agency funds also utilize the accrual basis of accounting. The Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds consist of the following:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds): (Continued)

a. Private Purpose Trust Funds:

<u>H. & L. Graves Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by a private donor, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used by property owners in the Walnut Creek Park area in the event that flooding extends beyond the boundaries of an easement. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>McIntire Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by a private donor, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest and other earnings on assets may be used for educational purposes. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Juanise Dyer Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for college scholarships for a graduate of one of the County high schools.

<u>Weinstein Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for the installation of traffic control devices for a certain area of the County. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>Crozet Crossings Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided by private donors, the corpus of which is nonexpendable. Interest earned on assets may be used to provide for assistance to persons who qualify for the purchase of homes in the Crozet Crossings project. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

<u>WAHS/AHS/MHS Synthetic Turf Field Funds</u> - These funds account for monies provided by private donors to be accumulated for purchase of synthetic turf fields.

<u>Proffer Trust Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received for proffers for seven communities located in the County. Earnings on these funds may be used for the construction of or upgrade of certain public improvements in the communities. The County does not control the activity of this fund or utilize these funds for County operations.

b. Agency Funds:

<u>Special Welfare Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies provided primarily through private donors for assistance of children in foster care, needy senior citizens and others. This fund is also used to account for monies received from other governments and individuals (i.e., social security and child support) to be paid to special welfare recipients.

<u>Hunting and Fishing License Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds maintained for state hunting and fishing licenses. The funds are remitted to the state on a periodic basis.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds): (Continued)

b. Agency Funds: (Continued)

<u>Drug Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies received from state and federal authorities for the prevention of drug abuse and distribution of illegal substances.

<u>Payroll Suspense Fund</u> - This fund accounts for various employee payroll withholdings and payments of employee benefits.

<u>Performance Bond Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursements of performance bonds required by the County for erosion and sediment control, and other items relative to construction by private developers.

<u>HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for families participating in the County housing programs.

<u>County Contribution Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for charitable and other purposes.

<u>ACE Contribution Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received as private citizens donations and will be used in combination with the funding from the County's ACE (Acquisition of Conservation Easements) program to obtain conservation easement acquisitions.

<u>CATEC Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received from various sources for Charlottesville-Albemarle Vocational Technical Education Center. The County processes the payroll for the Center.

Appeal Bond Fund - This fund accounts for appeal bonds held for others.

Sheriff Reserve Fund - This fund accounts for funds held for use of the Sheriff's Department.

<u>Belvedere/Avemore Projects</u> - This fund accounts for Developer Funding held for the completion of these projects.

<u>Natural Heritage Fund</u> - This fund accounts for contributions held for the Natural Heritage Committee.

<u>Economic Development Authority Fund</u> - This fund accounts for amounts to be used for economic development purposes.

<u>Commonwealth Attorney Commission Fund</u> - This fund accounts for commissions held by the Commonwealth Attorney for others.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

4. Component Unit:

Albemarle County School Board:

The Albemarle County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Albemarle and State and Federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Food Services Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales, and State and Federal grants. The School Food Services Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for school construction and related expenditures of the public school system. Funding is primarily from investment earnings and appropriations from the County of Albemarle. The School Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide statements of net assets and statements of activities, all proprietary funds, and private purpose trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are either included on the statement of net assets or on the statement of fiduciary net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting: (Continued)

The statements of net assets, statements of activities, financial statements of the Internal Service Funds, Fiduciary Funds and Agency Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash.

The fund financial statements of the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects, (for the primary government and component unit School Board) are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year-end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year-end but which are not available are deferred. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and State reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenue when related eligible expenditures are incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component unit School Board. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary government funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to reserve an applicable portion of an appropriation, is used as an extension of formal budgetary control in the primary government and component unit School Board. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year. These encumbrances are subject to reappropriation by the Board of Supervisors in the succeeding fiscal year.

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to April 1, the County Executive submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances: (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings and open-houses are conducted to obtain citizen comments. Also, several work sessions between the Board of Supervisors and School Board were conducted on the School Board budget.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function and departmental level. The appropriation for each fund, function and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories. Supplemental appropriations in addition to the appropriated budget were necessary during the year. Supplemental appropriations may not be made without amending the budget.
- 5. The County legally adopted budgets for the following funds:

General, Federal/State Grants, Courthouse Maintenance, Visitor Center, Tourism, General Debt Service, School Debt Service, Stormwater Control, School Operating, School Food Services and School Capital Projects Funds.

The County may adopt budgets for other funds, such as the Internal Service and Trust and Agency Funds, for use as a management control device over such funds. There was no legally adopted budget for the General Capital Improvements Fund.

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County and School Board funds.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget as of June 30, 2011, as adopted, appropriated and legally amended.
- 9. The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. State law requires that if budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following procedures used in the adoption of the original budget. There were eleven budget amendments during the year that exceeded the 1% or \$500,000 limitations. The Board of Supervisors must approve all appropriations and transfers of appropriated amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of reporting cash flows for proprietary-type funds, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, money market funds, certificates of deposit and investments with maturities of three months or less.

The County maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on average monthly balances. The majority of funds in the County's accounts are invested at all times.

F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

G. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$2,010,000 at June 30, 2011 and is comprised of the following:

General Fund-Taxes receivable \$ 2,010,000

H. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Inventories

Inventories are reported at average cost using the consumption method.

J. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds of the primary government and Component Unit School Board and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's and School Board's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met. The County and Component Unit School Board do not have any infrastructure in their capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 10 to 40 years Furniture and other improvements 3 to 20 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets: (Continued)

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

K. Compensated Absences

The County and Component Unit School Board accrue compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested.

The County and School Board have accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims and judgments and compensated absences.

Primary Government

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various amounts depending on the length of service. Benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave or retirement bonus upon termination. There are various restrictions both for sick leave and retirement bonus upon termination of employment. Accumulated vacation up to 320 hours is paid upon termination. The County has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$2,821,941.

Component Unit School Board

Certain School Board employees accrue vacation and sick leave.

The School Board has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$2,074,466.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value. The face value of the debt is believed to approximate fair value. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

N. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance / resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the General Fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance plus the committed fund balance to equal to no less than 8% of the County's total operating revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk

State statutes require that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investor Service. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2011 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Locality's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings				
	_	AAA		AAAm		Unrated
Mutual Fund U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program Local Government Investment Pool	\$	- 1,377,268 - -	\$	- 4,875,715 39,239,126	\$	283,867 - - -
Total	\$_	1,377,268	\$	44,114,841		283,867

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2011, there is no portion of the County's portfolio, excluding the LGIP and SNAP that exceed 5% of the total portfolio. At present the County does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk.

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair values of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County limits the investment of operating funds to investments.

Investment Maturities

Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year
U.S. Treasury Money Market Funds	\$_	1,377,268 \$	1,377,268
Total	\$	1,377,268 \$	1,377,268

Interest rate risk does not apply to the Local Government Investment Pool or the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 3—PROPERTY TAXES:

Real property taxes are assessed on property values as of January 1, and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date levied by the Board of Supervisors. Personal property taxes are assessed on a prorated basis for the period the property is located in the County and also attach as an enforceable lien on the property.

Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments, the first on June 5 and the second on December 5.

A ten percent penalty is levied on all taxes not collected on or before their due date. An interest charge of ten percent per annum is also levied on such taxes beginning on their due date.

Property taxes for calendar year 2010 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors on March 17, 2010, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2010.

Property taxes for calendar year 2011 were levied by the County Board of Supervisors on April 6, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011.

Property taxes levied in the current and prior year have been recorded as receivables as of the date the County has the legal right to receive payments thereon. The receivables collected during the fiscal year and during the first 45 days of the succeeding fiscal year are recognized as revenues in the current fiscal year. Taxes receivable as of the end of the year (June 30) and not collected until the succeeding year are reported as deferred revenues.

NOTE 4—RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

Primary Government							Component		
	_	Governmental Activities							Unit
	-	General		Federal/ State Grants	ı	General Capital mprovements	Internal Service	Total	School Board
Property taxes Utility taxes Other	\$	12,900,870 641,500 1,474,352	\$	- \$ - 41,113	\$ _	- \$ - 97,468	- \$ - 994,959	12,900,870 \$ 641,500 2,607,892	- - 1,511,625
Total	\$	15,016,722	\$	41,113	\$	97,468\$	994,959\$	16,150,262	1,511,625
Allowance for uncollectibles	_	(2,010,000)			_		<u> </u>	(2,010,000)	
Net receivables	\$	13,006,722	\$	41,113	\$_	97,468 \$	994,959 \$	14,140,262	1,511,625

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 5—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

Due from other governments at June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

			Prima	ary Governme	ent		Component Unit
	_		Special	Capital	Debt		School
	_	General	Revenue	Projects	Service	Total	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia							
Local sales taxes	\$	2,162,434 \$	- 5	- \$	- \$	2,162,434 \$	_
State sales taxes	Ψ	Σ,102,434 ψ	_ `	φ - ψ -	- ψ	Ζ,10Ζ,434 ψ	1,197,559
PPTRA		6,783,357	_		_	6,783,357	1,177,337
Communications tax		734,738		_	_	734,738	_
Recordation taxes		134,730	_	<u>-</u>	_	134,730	_
Comprehensive Services Act		134,001	- 736,581	-	-	736,581	_
-		- 160,224	730,361		-	160,224	-
Shared expenses			-	-	-		-
Public assistance grants		274,074	-	-	-	274,074	- 745 / 10
State school funds		-	-	-	-	-	745,610
VPSA technology funds		-	-	-	-	-	1,400,000
Other state funds		79,055	2,420	378,531	-	460,006	-
Federal government:							
School funds		-	-	-	-	-	3,655,283
Public assistance grants		427,034	-	-	-	427,034	-
Other federal funds		880	332,563	-	-	333,443	-
Other governmental entities:							
City of Charlottesville		-	_	-	615,194	615,194	-
Charlottesville-Albemarle							
Airport Authority	_	<u> </u>			59,255	59,255	
Total	\$_	10,755,877 \$	1,071,564	\$ 378,531 \$	674,449 \$	12,880,421 \$	6,998,452

NOTE 6—INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY:

Primary Government	
Balances Due To/From Other Funds	
There are no balances due to or from other funds at June 30, 2011.	
Transfers To/From Other Funds	
General Fund Federal/State Grants Fund for HUD Section 8 costs Federal/State Grants Fund for other costs Tourism Fund for tourism program costs expended by General Fund	\$ 331,282 105,828 1,248,750
Total General Fund	\$ 1,685,860
Federal/State Grants Fund General Fund for local match funds for various grant programs	\$ 2,921,852
Total Federal/State Grants Fund	2,921,852
General Debt Service General Fund for debt service expenditures	\$ 2,621,800
School Debt Service General Fund for anticipated School debt service payments	\$ 12,399,537
General Capital Projects General Fund for capital projects Courthouse Maintenance Fund for building renovations and other costs	 959,148 40,409
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$ 999,557
Stormwater Control Fund General Fund for capital project expenditures	\$ 261,250
Old Crozet School Fund General capital projects fund for expenditures	\$ 15,451
Total transfers	\$ 20,905,307
Component Unit School Board	
Transfers To/From Other Funds	
School Operating Fund: School Cafeteria fund for various school expenditures	\$ 75,000
Total transfers	\$ 75,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

Governmental Activities:

		Restated Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	8,837,348 \$ 4,526,432	- \$ 1,699,906	- \$	8,837,348 6,226,338
Construction in progress School construction in progress*	_	12,033,969	868,400	1,174,954	11,727,415
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	25,397,749 \$	2,568,306 \$	1,174,954 \$	26,791,101
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	54,080,192 \$	292,674 \$	- \$	54,372,866
Other improvements School buildings and improvements *		7,637,351 91,476,670	71,949 2,430,740	- 6,167,530	7,709,300 87,739,880
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		33,237,902	1,095,140	332,752	34,000,290
• •	-		.,676,		0.10001270
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	186,432,115 \$	3,890,503 \$	6,500,282 \$	183,822,336
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	17,921,294 \$	1,685,340 \$	- \$	19,606,634
Other improvements School buildings and improvements *		5,297,049 16,987,947	281,474 3,129,545	- 2,742,378	5,578,523 17,375,114
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		24,768,161	3,412,240	329,924	27,850,477
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	64,974,451 \$	8,508,599 \$	3,072,302 \$	70,410,748
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	\$	121,457,664 \$	(4,618,096) \$	3,427,980 \$	113,411,588
Governmental activities	_				
capital assets, net	\$	146,855,413 \$	(2,049,790) \$	4,602,934 \$	140,202,689
Depreciation expense was allocated as for	ollov	WS:			
General government administration		\$	1,638,012		
Judicial administration			342,874		
Public safety			2,788,895		
Public works			84,886		
Health and welfare Education			58,778 3,129,978		
Parks, recreation and cultural			3,129,976 414,151		
Community development			51,025		
Total depreciation expense		\$ 	8,508,599		

NOTE 7-CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board:

		Balance July 1, 2010		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:	-	July 1, 2010	-	Additions	_	Defetions	Julie 30, 2011
Land and land improvements	\$	6,096,992	\$	_	\$	- \$	6,096,992
Construction in progress		12,033,969		868,400	•	1,174,954	11,727,415
School construction in progress							
allocated to County *	_	(12,033,969)	_	(868,400)	_	(1,174,954)	(11,727,415)
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$_	6,096,992	\$_	-	\$	\$	6,096,992
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	221,744,554	\$	2,076,430	\$	- \$	223,820,984
Other improvements		7,683,597		1,573,317		-	9,256,914
School buildings and improvements*		(91,476,670)		(2,430,740)		(6,167,530)	(87,739,880)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	_	32,008,559		3,411,169	_	1,345,776	34,073,952
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	169,960,040	\$	4,630,176	\$_	(4,821,754) \$	179,411,970
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	91,935,292	\$	7,586,192	\$	- \$	99,521,484
Other improvements		3,853,345		482,064		-	4,335,409
School buildings and improvements *		(16,987,947)		(3,129,545)		(2,742,378)	(17,375,114)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		26,606,541	_	2,223,083	_	1,302,823	27,526,801
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	105,407,231	\$_	7,161,794	\$_	(1,439,555) \$	114,008,580
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$	64,552,809	\$	(2,531,618)	\$	(3,382,199) \$	65,403,390
School board capital assets, net	\$	70,649,801	\$	(2,531,618)	\$_	(3,382,199) \$	71,500,382
Depreciation expense allocated to educat	ion		\$	7,161,794			

^{*} School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the component unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

Reconciliation of primary government net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt:

Net capital assets		\$_	140,202,689
Long-term debt applicable to capital assets at June 30, 2011:	\$	\$	127,317,071
General obligation school bonds	104,335,000		
Deferred amount for issuance premiums	2,518,559		
Public facility revenue bonds	12,585,000		
Capital lease obligations	1,968,620		
Lease Revenue Bonds	5,909,892		
Less - debt proceeds received but not expended on capital assets at June 30, 2011:			
Lease revenue debt		_	(4,867,705)
Net long-term debt, as adjusted		\$_	122,449,366
Net assets invested in capital assets, less related debt		\$	17,753,323

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Total long-term obligations

Primary Government

General Fund revenues are used to pay all long-term general obligation debt, capital leases and governmental activities compensated absences as well as any net pension obligations and other postemployment benefit obligations.

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2011:

		Amounts Payable July 1,			Amounts Payable June 30,	Amounts Due Within
	_	2010	Increases	Decreases	2011	One Year
General obligation school bonds Add deferred amount for	\$	105,410,000 \$	7,670,000 \$	8,745,000 \$	104,335,000 \$	8,930,000
issuance premiums	_	2,590,322	238,717	310,480	2,518,559	315,400
Total general obligation school bonds	\$	108,000,322 \$	7,908,717 \$	9,055,480 \$	106,853,559 \$	9,245,400
Public facility revenue bonds		13,395,000	-	810,000	12,585,000	835,000
Lease revenue bonds		6,316,772	-	406,880	5,909,892	426,003
Capital lease obligations		2,712,373	-	743,753	1,968,620	768,314
Claims payable		1,319,321	1,323,435	1,319,321	1,323,435	1,323,435
OPEB		2,417,000	616,000	-	3,033,000	-
Compensated absences		2,823,813	280,509	282,381	2,821,941	282,194
Total primary government	\$	136,984,601 \$	10,128,661 \$	12,617,815 \$	134,495,447 \$	12,880,346
Reconcilation to Exhibit 1:						
Long-term liabilities due within	า	ne year:		\$	12,880,346	
Long-term liabilities due in mo		-			121,615,101	

\$ 134,495,447

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize general obligation long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Schoo	ol Boi	nds		Public Facility Revenue Bonds		
June 30,		Principal		Interest	_	Principal	Interest	
					_			
2012	\$	8,930,000	\$	4,859,457	\$	835,000 \$	537,613	
2013	,	8,210,000	•	4,405,718	•	865,000	507,553	
2014		8,140,000		4,018,926		900,000	475,980	
2015		8,055,000		3,628,774		935,000	441,780	
2016		8,030,000		3,239,623		970,000	404,380	
2017		7,630,000		2,851,876		1,010,000	365,580	
2018		7,335,000		2,475,820		1,050,000	324,170	
2019		6,310,000		2,137,478		1,100,000	276,920	
2020		5,950,000		1,834,128		1,150,000	226,320	
2021		5,810,000		1,555,890		1,200,000	173,420	
2022		5,680,000		1,287,853		1,255,000	118,220	
2023		4,660,000		1,039,291		1,315,000	60,490	
2024		4,245,000		827,350		-	-	
2025		3,910,000		632,071		-	-	
2026		3,460,000		454,940		-	-	
2027		3,095,000		297,778		-	-	
2028		2,345,000		167,773		-	-	
2029		1,780,000		69,188		-	-	
2030		380,000		20,235		-	-	
2031	_	380,000		6,745	_		-	
	\$	104,335,000	\$	35,810,912	\$_	12,585,000 \$	3,912,425	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Year Ending		Lease Revenu	e Bonds	Capital Lease Obligations				
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2012	\$	426,003 \$	267,754 \$	768,314 \$	58,242			
2013		446,026	247,261	793,687	32,869			
2014		466,989	225,805	406,619	6,659			
2015		488,938	203,341	-	-			
2016		511,917	179,821	-	-			
2017		205,425	162,963	-	-			
2018		215,080	153,082	-	-			
2019		225,189	142,735	-	-			
2020		235,773	131,903	-	-			
2021		246,854	120,561	-	-			
2022		258,456	108,686	-	-			
2023		270,603	96,253	-	-			
2024		283,322	83,236	-	-			
2025		296,638	69,607	-	-			
2026		310,580	55,337	-	-			
2027		325,177	40,397	-	-			
2028		340,460	24,755	-	-			
2029	_	356,462	8,377	 _	-			
	\$_	5,909,892 \$	2,321,874 \$	1,968,620 \$	97,771			

Equipment in the amount of \$7,190,000 was acquired under capital leases.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of general long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Public Facilities Revenue Bonds:		Amount Outstanding
\$18,535,000, issued March 19, 2003, maturing in various annual installments through January 15, 2023, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2.0% to 4.60%	\$.	12,585,000
General Obligation School Bonds:		
\$2,885,000, 1992B Series, issued December 17, 1992, maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2012, interest payable semi-annually at various interest rates from 5.85% to 8.1%	\$	195,000
\$11,900,000 general obligation school bonds, 1993 series issued November 18, 1993, maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2013, interest rates from 4.475% to 5%		310,000
\$450,000 issued November 22, 1994, due in various annual installments of \$20,000 and \$25,000 through July 15, 2014 interest payable semi-annually at rates from 6.1% to 6.6%		80,000
\$24,710,000 general obligation school bonds, refunding series 1994A, issued January 3, 1994 maturing in various annual installments through December 15, 2011, interest at rates from 6.069% to 7.169%		600,000
\$7,850,000, 1995C Series, issued December 21, 1995, maturing in various annual installments of \$395,000 and \$390,000 through July 15, 2015, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 5.1% to 6.1%		1,950,000
\$5,900,000, 1996B Series, issued November 14, 1996, maturing in annual installments of \$295,000 through July 15, 2017, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 5.1% to 6.1%		1,770,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of general long-term obligations: (Continued)

betails of general long-term obligations. (continued)		
		Amount Outstanding
General Obligation School Bonds: (Continued)	•	
\$20,455,000, 1997I Series, issued November 20, 1997, maturing in various annual installments through January 15, 2018, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.35% to 5.35%	\$	7,140,000
\$7,245,000, 1998B Series, issued November 19,1998, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2019, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.6% to 5.1%		2,880,000
\$2,835,000, 1999B, Series issued November 19,1999, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2020, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 5.10% to 6.10%		1,260,000
\$2,605,000, 2000B Series, issued November 16, 2000, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.975% to 5.85%		1,300,000
\$20,330,000, 2001A series, issued November 15, 2001, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.1% to 5.1%		11,165,000
\$8,365,000, 2002A Series, issued October 15, 2002, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2022, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2.35% to 5.10%		5,005,000
\$6,760,000, 2003A Series, issued November 6, 2003, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2023, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.10% to 5.35%		4,380,000
\$8,950,000, 2004B Series, issued November 10, 2004, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.10% to 5.60%		6,250,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)		
Details of general long-term obligations: (Continued)		Amount Outstanding
General Obligation School Bonds: (Continued)	-	
\$7,380,000, 2005A Series, issued November 10, 2005, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2025, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.10% to 5.60%	\$	5,530,000
\$15,020,000, 2006B Series, issued November 9, 2006, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2026, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.23% to 5.10%		12,000,000
\$11,325,000, 2007A Series, issued November 8, 2007, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2028, interest payable semi-annually at 5.10%		9,615,000
\$28,045,000, 2008A Series, issued December 11, 2008, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2028, interest payable semi-annually at 4.66%		25,235,000
\$7,670,000, 2010D Series, issued November 10, 2010, maturing in various annual installments through July 15, 2030, interest payable semi-annually at 2.867%		7,670,000
Total general obligation school bonds	\$	104,335,000
Lease Revenue Bond:	-	
\$6,841,021 lease revenue bonds dated June 10, 2009, due in various semi- annual installments through January 1, 2029, interest at 4.7%	\$	5,909,892
Capital Lease Agreement:		
\$7,000,000 radio lease purchase dated November 6, 2003, due in semi-annual installments of \$413,278 through November 6, 2013, interest at 3.28% (1)	\$	1,968,620
Compensated absences	\$	2,821,941
Claims payable	\$	1,323,435
OPEB	\$	3,033,000
Unamortized bond premium	\$	2,518,559
Total long-term obligations	\$	134,495,447

⁽¹⁾ The lease proceeds were passed through to a related joint activity that purchased and/or constructed the capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Prior Year Advance Refunding of Debt:

On January 3, 1994, the County issued \$24,710,000 General Obligation Bonds, Refunding 1994A Series to advance refund \$14,095,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 1991 and \$10,615,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1989B. As a result, the 1991 Series and the 1989B Series bonds are considered fully defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed. At June 30, 2011, \$600,000 of the 1994 Series bonds is still outstanding.

Federal Arbitrage Regulations:

The County is in compliance with federal arbitrage regulations. Any potential liabilities arising from arbitrage are estimated to be immaterial in relation to the financial statements.

Component Unit—School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011.

	Amounts Payable July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	Amounts Payable June 30, 2011	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 2,122,018 \$	164,650 \$	212,202	\$ 2,074,466 \$	207,447
Other post employment benefits	2,184,000	996,000	-	3,180,000	-
Total	\$ 4,306,018 \$	1,160,650 \$	212,202	\$ 5,254,466 \$	207,447
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1: Long-term liabilities due within o Long-term liabilities due in more Total long-term debt	•			\$ 207,447 5,047,019 \$ 5,254,466	

School fund revenues and appropriations from the General Fund are used to pay its compensated absences.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 9—DEFERRED REVENUE:

The following is a summary of deferred revenue for the year ended June 30, 2011.

	Government- wide Statements Governmental Activities	Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	Component Unit School Board
Primary Government:			
Deferred property tax revenue:			
Deferred revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures \$ Prepaid summer school tuition Miscellaneous school grants	- \$ - -	5 9,844,973 - -	\$ - 61,979 31,355
Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget year	1,804,384	1,804,384	
Total primary government \$	1,804,384	11,649,357	\$ 93,334

NOTE 10—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board:

A. Federal programs in which the County and School Board participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 10-COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

- B. The County was named as a party along with the City of Charlottesville and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority as defendants relating to the operation of the lvy Landfill. The plaintiffs allege that pollutants have been and are being discharged into the air, and underground and surface waters in violation of various federal and state laws. The plaintiffs sought injunctive relief of \$25,000 per day in civil penalties for violations of federal and state environmental laws and \$5,000,000 in compensatory damages, and payment of all attorneys' fees. The lawsuit has been settled and dismissed by all plaintiffs except for two. Those lawsuits were dismissed without prejudice and may be refiled. The County has no identified insurance coverage for the claim if it is refiled. Counsel is of the opinion that the lawsuit, if re-filed, has potential liability for the County primarily arising from the claim, which could require removal of pollutants from the landfill if they are contaminating adjacent properties, and for related attorney fees. Counsel is of the opinion that the County's liability appears to be limited by the ability of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority to fund appropriate remediation and settlement of the claims.
- C. Blue Ridge Juvenile Detention Commission The County, the City of Charlottesville and the Counties of Greene and Fluvanna formed the Commission to construct and operate the facility. At June 30, 2002 the facility construction was complete and operations commenced in July, 2002. The County and the City of Charlottesville have morally guaranteed the revenue bonds for the facility which were \$4,165,000 at June 30, 2011.
- D. On June 27, 2003 the County entered into an agreement with Motorola, Inc. for the purchase of a communication system (basic emergency services radio system and communications towers). The City of Charlottesville and University of Virginia are also parties to this agreement. The financing of the project was provided by a lease/purchase agreement with Motorola in the amount of \$7,000,000 in which the County was the bearer of the debt. The City of Charlottesville received a grant from the federal government in the amount of \$6,000,000 for the project and will pass through a portion of these funds to the County as fiscal agent for the Emergency Communications Center (the operator of the system) as the project is completed. Each locality will be responsible for the purchase and maintenance of the radio equipment that will be installed in their law enforcement and emergency services facilities and vehicles. The County has committed to provide its share of the local funding for this project and for the purchase and maintenance of radio equipment to be installed in the County's law enforcement and emergency services facilities and vehicles.
- E. There are a number of matters of litigation involving the County Police Department and certain police officers. All of these matters have been referred to the County's insurance carriers which are handling the matters. Counsel is of the opinion that the County has no liability in the matters other than the financial responsibilities to the insurance carriers.
- F. Fire Services Contract The County has a ten year fire service contract with the City of Charlottesville. This agreement has been in effect since July 1, 2000 with a base cost of \$644,427 for the first year. Additional charges or credits are dependent on the number of calls answered in the County by City firefighters. Annual adjustments shall not exceed 5% per year or the published change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is greater. The amount paid in fiscal year 2011 was \$794,776.
- G. There are a number of other ongoing capital projects that have been approved and for which funds have been designated to finance them.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11—PART-TIME EMPLOYEE PENSION PLANS:

The County contributes to the County of Albemarle Pension Plan for Permanent Part-time Employees, a defined contribution plan for its permanent part-time employees. Under the terms of the plan administered by Qualified Plans Services, employees are eligible to participate following five years of service. Between five and ten years of service, participants receive a contribution of five percent (5%) of covered payroll. Between ten and fifteen years of service, participants receive a contribution of seven percent (7%) of covered payroll. Between fifteen and twenty years of service, participants receive a contribution of nine percent (9%) of covered payroll. Participants with over twenty (20) years of service receive a contribution of eleven percent (11%) of covered payroll.

The County and School Board provide all contributions to the plan (the employee makes no contributions to the plan). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings.

The County and School Board's contributions to the plan for fiscal year 2011 were \$17,211 and \$247,229, respectively. Total payroll for covered County employees was \$229,580 and for School Board employees was \$4,132,452. The contribution averaged 7.45% and 5.98% of the covered payrolls of the County and School Board, respectively. The County and School Board had no investments with the plan at any time during the year.

NOTE 12-ANNEXATION AND REVENUE SHARING AGREEMENT:

An Annexation and Revenue Sharing Agreement dated February 17, 1982 between the County and the City of Charlottesville, Virginia was approved in a public referendum on May 18, 1982. The agreement requires the County and City annually to contribute portions of their respective real property tax bases and revenues to a Revenue and Economic Growth Sharing Fund. Distribution of the fund and the resulting net transfer of funds shall be made on each January 31 while this agreement remains in effect.

During the time this agreement is in effect, the City will not initiate any annexation procedures against the County. Also, pursuant to this agreement, a committee was created to study the desirability of combining the governments and the services presently provided by them.

This agreement became effective July 1, 1982 and remains in effect until:

- 1. The County and City are consolidated into a single political subdivision, or
- 2. The concept for independent cities presently existing in Virginia is altered by State law in such a manner that real property in the City becomes a part of the County's tax base, or
- 3. The County and City mutually agree to cancel or change the agreement.

During the fiscal year, the County paid \$18,038,878 to the City as a result of this agreement. Amounts to be paid pursuant to this agreement are to be funded from revenues of the fiscal year in which paid.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 13-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

The County and Component Unit School Board participate in the Virginia Retirement System defined benefit pension plan.

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered
 under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit
 beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of
 service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 10 years of
 service credit or age 50 with at least five years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 13-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

A. Plan Description

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2011 were 10.14% and 6.48% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$2,872,887, \$4,688,633 and \$6,547,942, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively and these contributions represented 3.93%, 8.81% from July 2009 through March 2010 and 0% for April 2010 to June 2010, and 8.81%, respectively, of current covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2011, the County's annual pension cost of \$3,164,984 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2011, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$461,234 which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Trend Information											
Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation						
County:											
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	3,164,984 2,733,110 2,836,709	100% 100% 100%	\$	- - -						

(1) Employer portion only

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 13—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

C. Annual Pension Cost: (Continued)

Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual Pension ost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
School Board: Non-professional: June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$ 461,234 445,906 457,221	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -

(1) Employer portion only

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2010 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.0%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and the School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 20 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 74.33% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$122,851,848, and the actuarial value of assets was \$91,320,369, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$31,531,479. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$31,955,989, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 98.67%.

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's plan was 86.90% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$22,568,880, and the actuarial value of assets was \$19,612,193, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,956,687. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$7,183,585, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 41.16%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 14-LEGAL COMPLIANCE:

A. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2011.

B. Fund Deficits

There are no funds with deficit balances at June 30, 2011.

NOTE 15—SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County administers employee health, dental and unemployment insurance programs. The health and dental insurance activity has accounting in an internal service fund. Unemployment programs have accounting in the General and School funds.

Employee Health Insurance:

Albemarle County, Albemarle County School Board, Albemarle County Water and Sewer Authority, and several other entities established a public entity risk pool to provide consolidated health care benefits for their employees. The plan is based on a service contract with a private carrier in which bills are derived from actual expenses incurred or claims filed. The participating agencies have established a reserve fund to meet any potential liability. Each participating agency is responsible for paying amounts billed by the County.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors.

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Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past three years are as follows:

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	Fiscal Year		Liability Beginning of Year	Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims and Other Payments	Claims Liability End of Year
-	2011	- -	1,237,554 \$	25,491,775 \$	25,487,311	 \$ 1,242,018
	2010 2009		1,221,818 1,589,222	25,380,010 24,259,093	25,364,274 24,626,497	1,237,554 1,221,818

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 15—SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

Employee Health Insurance: (Continued)

The following is a summary of revenues and claims expenses for the pool for the last ten years. The pool was formed in fiscal year 1995.

Fiscal	Operating	Non-operating		Claims and Related
Year	 Revenue	Revenue		Expenses
2011	\$ 25,487,311	\$ 17,197	5	25,659,622
2010	25,364,274	25,778		22,931,951
2009	22,077,528	188,852		24,626,497
2008	22,715,606	467,415		24,385,297
2007	21,400,349	537,733		18,542,025
2006	19,691,975	311,494		17,903,263
2005	17,547,100	43,620		14,778,482
2004	15,463,231	38,440		14,500,090
2003	12,750,485	35,888		12,278,717
2002	10,003,540	100,882		10,631,713

Employee Dental Insurance:

Albemarle County, Albemarle County School Board, Albemarle County Water and Sewer Authority and several other entities established a public entity risk pool to provide consolidated Dental Care benefits for their employees. The plan is based on a service contract with a private carrier in which bills are derived from actual expenses incurred or claims filed. The participating agencies have established a reserve fund to meet any potential liability. Each participating agency is responsible for paying amounts billed by the County.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors.

Fiscal Year	3 3		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims and Other Payments	Claims Liability End of Year
2011	\$	81,767 \$	1,286,264 \$	1,286,614 \$	81,417
2010		104,357	1,241,579	1,264,169	81,767
2009		38,415	1,419,074	1,353,132	104,357

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 15—SELF INSURANCE/RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of revenues and claims expenses for the pool.

Fiscal Year	Operating Revenue	Non-operating Revenue	Claims and Related Expenses		
2011 \$	1,637,338 \$	1,047 \$	1,286,614		
2010	1,550,765	1,187	1,264,169		
2009	1,447,166	6,563	1,353,132		

Unemployment Insurance:

The County and School Board are responsible for employment claims. The Virginia Employment Commission bills the County for all unemployment claims. The liability for billed but unpaid claims has been accrued in the General and School Funds. No liability has been recorded for estimated unreported claims. The amount of estimated unreported claims is not expected to be significant.

Property and Casualty Insurance:

The County contracts with the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association and the School Board contracts with School Systems of Virginia to provide workers compensation insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all assets and available insurance of the Pools, the Pools may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The School Board contracts with private insurance carriers for property damage, employee crime and dishonesty and general liability coverage. The property coverage value amounts are for specific amounts based on values assigned to the insured properties. Liability coverage is \$10,000,000.

The County contracts with the Virginia Association of Counties for property, employee crime and dishonesty, general liability, public officials and law enforcement liability coverage. This program is similar to the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association as described above. Liability coverage is \$4,000,000.

Other:

The County has not had reductions in insurance coverage or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 16—SURETY BONDS:

The following County officials are covered by surety bonds in the following amounts:

Thigh had be partition to think management.	
Debra Shipp, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 3,000,000
Betty J. Burrell, Director of Finance	750,000
J.E. "Chip" Harding, Sheriff	30,000
Director of Finance and Subordinate Employees—Blanket Bond	500,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company - Surety:	
Clerk of the School Board	10,000

Clerk of the School Board 10,000

Deputy Clerk of the School Board 10,000

Virginia Association of Counties:

Virginia Department of Risk Management:

All County Employees,

Clerk of the Circuit Court, County Executive and Board of

Supervisors—Blanket Bond 500,000

NOTE 17-ACCRUED LANDFILL COSTS:

In 1991 the County transferred its share of the joint City-County landfill operations and the related assets and liabilities (including post-closure care and corrective account costs) to the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 the City and County entered in a Cost Sharing Agreement for purposes of paying any of the post-closure care and corrective action costs that the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority may not have the financial resources to pay. Although the County has entered into a Local Government Guarantee on behalf of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority, the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality has no legal recourse against the County under this guarantee. The Rivanna Solid Waste Authority has the taxing authority to levy a utility tax on each parcel of real estate in the City and County to generate revenue to pay the post-closure care and corrective actions costs.

The County's percentage of shared costs pursuant to the Agreement is 64.5%. The estimated share of the County's post-closure care and corrective action costs is \$3,802,440. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the County paid \$507,000 to the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority under the terms and contributions of the Cost Sharing Agreement.

NOTE 18-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM:

A. Plan Description

The Albemarle County Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program (VERIP) is a single-employer defined benefit plan. VERIP benefits are paid monthly for a period of five years or until age 65, whichever comes first. In addition to the monthly stipend, the County will pay an amount equivalent to the Board's annual contribution toward medical insurance. Participants may accept it as a cash payment, or apply it toward the cost of the continuation of their County medical/dental benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 18-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM:

A. Plan Description: (Continued)

To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for reduced VRS retirement and be a current employee at least 50 years of age and have been employed by the County in a benefits-eligible position for 10 of the last 13 years prior to retirement.

The plan is administered by the County and does not have a separate financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The Albemarle County Government establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated cost for OPEB benefits is \$1,025,000 for the County and \$3,109,000 for the Component Unit School Board for fiscal year 2011. The County and School Board have elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The County and School Board are required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

			School
	_	County	 Board
Annual required contribution	\$	1,021,000	\$ 3,106,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		97,000	87,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(93,000)	(84,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	1,025,000	\$ 3,109,000
Contributions made		409,000	2,113,000
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	\$	616,000	\$ 996,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		2,417,000	2,184,000
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	3,033,000	\$ 3,180,000
	=		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 18-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost. For 2011, the County's expected cash payment of \$409,000 and School Board's expected cash payment of \$2,113,000 are less than the OPEB cost (expense) of \$1,025,000 and \$3,109,000 respectively and were \$616,000 and \$996,000 short of the ARC. The Government's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2011 are as follows:

				Primary G	Sovernment		
		Annual			Percentage of		Net
Fiscal Year		Pension		Estimated	Annual OPEB		Pension
Ended	_	Cost	_	Contribution	Cost Contributed		Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$	1,025,000	\$	409,000	40%	\$	3,033,000
June 30, 2010		962,000		402,000	55%		2,417,000
June 30, 2009		1,012,314		559,039	55%		906,550
				Component U	nit School Board		
		Annual			Percentage of		Net
Fiscal Year		Pension		Estimated	Annual OPEB		Pension
Ended	_	Cost	_	Contribution	Cost Contributed		Obligation
·		·		·	·	_	·

Ended	 Cost	Contribution	Cost Contributed	· <u>-</u>	Obligation
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$ 3,109,000 \$ 2,951,000 2,732,101	2,113,000 2,088,000 1,508,772	68% 55% 55%	\$	3,180,000 2,184,000 2,446,658

Funded Status and Funding Progress.

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Acturial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 38,919,000
Acturial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	38,919,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	-
Covered payroll (active plan members)	123,942,040
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	31.40%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 18—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Cost Method

The valuation uses the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement.

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse

Actual medical coverage status was used in the valuation. Females are assumed to be 3 years younger than male spouses. Employees with individual coverage are assumed to elect individual coverage at retirement while those with family / spouse coverage are assumed to continue family / spouse coverage at retirement. All of the active participants who are eligible to retire under the County's Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program (VERIP) will take the flat dollar subsidy, which for FY 11 is \$7,045. The VERIP Subsidy is assumed to increase at a flat rate of 3% per year. It is assumed that 50% of active employees currently enrolled in the County's health care plan will continue in the plan upon retiring from active service. Medical and prescription drugs are assumed to increase at rates ranging from 8.50% in FY 11 to 6.40% in FY 20.

The assumptions and calculations are based on the past three years of premium rates at the time of the valuation and the sharing of costs between the employer and plan members.

	Percentage
Discount rate	4.00%
Payroll Growth	4.00%
Inflation rate	4% to 5% per year
Investment return	4.00%
VERIP increase	3% plus 1/2 % increase from 3% to 7%

The unfunded liability is amortized over a closed 28 year period (as of July 1, 2010) as a level percentage of payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 18-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

Medical Trend Assumption

Based on the Society of Actuaries long-term medical trend model, as revised April 2010, trends for the next ten years are as follows:

Fiscal			Fiscal		
Year Ended	Percentage	_	Year Ended		Percentage
2011	8.50%		2016		6.60%
2012	8.00%		2017		6.50%
2013	7.50%		2018		6.50%
2014	7.00%		2019		6.50%
2015	6.60%		2020		6.40%
Total c	osts		Single		Family
4.5.11.11.0.1					
1. Explicit Costs		.	, , , , ,	_	0.400
a. Pre-medicare	;	\$	6,668	\$	9,402
b. Medicare age			-		-
2. Total Medical Cos	sts				
a. Under 50	:	\$	3,740	\$	7,817
b. Age 50-54			4,480		9,363
c. Age 55-59			5,192		10,851
d. Age 60-64			6,188		12,933
e. Over Age 65			-		-
2. Total Drug Costs					
a. Under 50	•	\$	1,408	\$	2,943
b. Age 50-54		Ψ	1,794	Ψ	3,749
c. Age 55-59			2,126		4,443
d. Age 60-64			2,429		5,077
<u> </u>			2,72/		-
e. Over Age 65			-		-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 19—NET ASSET RESTATEMENTS:

Net assets were restated as of July 1, 2010 as follows:

	Prin	nary Government	
		Net Assets	
Net assets as previously reported:	\$	87,448,821	
Adjustment for unrecorded capital assets		4,121,518	
Balance July 1, 2010, as restated	\$	91,570,339	

NOTE 20—SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

The County has entered into a Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality and Virginia Resources Authority on a disbursement of loan and principal forgiveness arrangement in the total amount of \$400,000. Total loan proceeds are \$400,000 and total principal forgiveness are \$400,000 on this project. As of June 30, 2011 loan proceeds total \$21,469 and are not recorded in the long-term obligations as the County may repay the entire obligation prior to project completion. This project will extend into fiscal year 2013 before it is completed.

On November 30, 2011 the County of Albemarle, Virginia issued \$34,315,000 of 2011 Public Facility Revenue and Refunding Bonds to refund 2003 Public Facility Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$12,585,000 and 2009 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$5,909,892 and to fund General Government and School CIP projects.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 21—FUND BALANCE COMMITMENTS:

The following is a summary of the commitments as of June 30, 2011:

		General Capital Projects
Fund Balances:	-	
Committed to:		
Access Albemarle	\$	447,540
Court facilities repair & maintenance		161,529
Police technology upgrade		450,000
Police equipment		302,821
Fire/Rescue equipment and building		1,049,070
County records management		246,920
Crozet Street Phase 2 construction		1,200,000
Streets & Sidewalks		915,951
Ivy Landfill		615,519
Parks and recreation projects & maintenance		230,798
Library maintenance projects		318,571
Crozet Library		1,080,566
County maintenance projects		36,665
GIS Project		415,382
City View Project		8,339
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	7,479,672

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

Teal Ended Julie 30, 2011	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	136,225,118	\$	136,225,118 \$	136,906,535 \$	
Other local taxes		42,076,100		42,076,100	44,105,916	2,029,816
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		1,464,150		1,464,150	1,687,480	223,330
Fines and forfeitures		600,165		600,165	622,358	22,193
Use of money and property		712,455		723,955	466,484	(257,471)
Charges for services		2,118,527		2,671,648	2,754,714	83,066
Miscellaneous		55,779		57,979	129,610	71,631
Recovered costs		206,300		218,733	554,345	335,612
Intergovernmental:		404 (05		404 (05	205 247	(0/ 070)
Contribution from School Board		421,695		421,695	325,317	(96,378)
Contribution from other entities		-		14,500	10,300	(4,200)
Revenue from the Commonwealth		22,686,644		22,686,644	23,087,113	400,469
Revenue from the Federal Government	_	4,337,204	_	4,412,610	4,612,643	200,033
Total revenues	\$_	210,904,137	\$_	211,573,297 \$	215,262,815 \$	3,689,518
Expenditures Current:						
General Government Administration	ф	E02 /0E (ተ	E00 (0E ¢	F2/ 120 ¢	/2 55/
Board of supervisors	\$	582,695	Ъ	589,695 \$	526,139 \$	
County executive		1,073,789		1,348,335	1,318,987	29,348
Human resources		673,346 912,860		673,346 912,860	664,032 899,906	9,314 12,954
County attorney Finance		4,158,557		3,998,275	3,920,623	77,652
Information technology		2,492,866		2,492,866	2,152,554	340,312
Voter registration		462,346		479,302	431,179	48,123
Total general government administration	\$	10,356,459	_ ¢	10,494,679 \$	9,913,420 \$	
	Ψ_	10,330,437	Ψ_	10,474,077 φ	<u> </u>	301,237
Judicial Administration	Φ.	102.0/1.6	ф	100 007 ¢	111 227 ф	10 401
Circuit court	\$	103,061	\$	123,827 \$	111,336 \$	
General district court		22,806		22,806	21,313	1,493
Magistrate Juvenile and domestic relations court		4,425		4,425	3,315	1,110
		148,717		148,717	144,868	3,849
Clerk of the circuit court Sheriff		708,680		712,448 2,035,088	651,644 1,940,349	60,804 94,739
Commonwealth attorney		1,988,555 911,601		911,601	900,091	11,510
•	_		_	-		
Total judicial administration	\$_	3,887,845	\$_	3,958,912 \$	3,772,916 \$	185,996
Public Safety						
Police department	\$	12,456,084	\$	12,537,296 \$	11,856,236 \$	681,060
E-911 service		1,982,766		1,982,766	1,982,766	-
Fire and rescue services		9,156,001		9,390,486	9,247,795	142,691
Regional jail		3,154,209		3,297,165	3,297,165	-
Inspections		1,072,951		1,072,951	991,227	81,724
Contributions from public safety	_	1,378,288	_	1,399,178	1,415,043	(15,865)
Total public safety	\$	29,200,299	\$_	29,679,842 \$	28,790,232 \$	889,610
Public Works	Φ.	000 077 (φ	1 005 000 *	000 077 4	105 100
Facilities development	\$	999,077	\$	1,005,990 \$	900,867 \$	
Sanitation and waste removal Maintenance of buildings and grounds		520,500 2,986,372		520,500 3,003,663	221,594 2,870,471	298,906 133,192
· · ·	_		_			
Total public works	\$_	4,505,949	\$	4,530,153 \$	3,992,932 \$	537,221

Health and Welfare Family Services \$1,004,070 \$1,		_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Semily Services									
Contribution human development 4,220,186 4,220,186 4,136,394 83,792 Social services 10,721,044 10,752,801 756,493 996,308 Total health and welfare \$15,945,300 15,977,057 14,884,194 1,092,863 Education \$96,316,652 \$97,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,616,652 \$9,618,				_		_		_	40.740
Social services 10,721,044 10,752,801 9,756,493 996,308 Total health and welfare 15,945,300 15,977,057 14,884,194 1,092,884 Education 496,316,652 97,616,652 97,616,652 97,616,652 97,616,652 97,616,652 97,616,652 97,638,953<		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total health and welfare									
Education	Social Sci Vices	_	10,721,011	-	10,702,001		7,700,170	_	770,000
Appropriation to public school system Community college 96,316,652 2,301 97,616,652 2,301 97,616,652 2,301 97,638,753 2,2301 97,638,753 2,2301 97,638,753 2,2301 97,638,953 2,23,303 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,303 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,303 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,303 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,638,953 2,23,301 97,97,91 2,23,301 97,97,91 2,23,301 97,97,91 2,23,301 97,97,91 2,23,301 97,97,97,91 2,23,23,301 97,97,97,91 2,23,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,23 2,23,23 2,23,23,23 2,23,	Total health and welfare	\$	15,945,300	_	15,977,057		14,884,194	_	1,092,863
Community college 22,301 22,301 22,301 - Total education \$ 96,338,953 \$ 97,637,953 \$ 97,617,953 \$ 97,617,953 \$ 97,617,953 \$ 97,617,943 \$ 92,63,481 \$ 93,727,973 \$ 93,777,914 \$ 92,621,481 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Total education \$ 96,338,953 \$ 97,638,953 \$ 96,613 \$ 98,6318 \$ 98,6318 \$ 108,66,961 \$ 98,631,313 \$ 31,313,318 3,731,318 \$ 76,01		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Parks, Recreation and Cultural Parks and recreation \$ 2,198,752 \$ 2,209,772 \$ 2,153,634 \$ 56,138 Towe park Regional library 156,838 156,838 136,958 19,880 Regional library 3,173,138 3,173,138 3,173,138 1,710,147 710,147 70,0147 20,618 226,348 226,348 20,0148 20,0148 20,014 20,014 80,014 80,014 80,014 80,014 80,014 80,014 80,014 80,	Community college	_	22,301	_	22,301		22,301	_	-
Parks and recreation \$ 2,198,752 \$ \$ 2,209,772 \$ \$ 2,153,634 \$ 56,138 19,80 1	Total education	\$	96,338,953	\$_	97,638,953	\$_	97,638,953	\$_	<u>-</u>
Parks and recreation \$ 2,198,752 \$ \$ 2,209,772 \$ \$ 2,153,634 \$ \$ 56,138 \$ Towe park 156,838 156,838 3 136,958 136,958 19,880 \$ 19,880 \$ Regional library 3,173,138 3,	Parks Recreation and Cultural								
Towe park Regional library Regional library Miscellaneous contributions 156,838 156,838 136,958 19,880 Regional library Miscellaneous contributions 3,173,138 3,173,148 3,183,18 3,183,18 3		\$	2.198.752	\$	2,209,772	\$	2,153,634	\$	56,138
Regional library Miscellaneous contributions 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 710,147 3,173,138 71 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,173,138 71 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147 3,171,147		·				·			
Miscellaneous contributions 710,147 710,147 710,147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0147 76,0148 77,01417 710,147 710,147 76,0148 76									-
Community Development 4,066,961 3,998,291 3,771,943 226,348 Housing 528,130 867,311 782,051 85,260 Contributions to other agencies 1,328,447 1,328,447 1,328,447 1,328,447 Revenue sharing agreement - City of Charlottesville 18,454,658 18,454,658 18,454,658 - Soil and Water Conservation District 96,372 96,372 95,360 1,012 Cooperative extension program 201,290 201,290 113,874 87,416 Other 207,500 207,500 99,991 107,509 Total community development \$24,883,358 \$25,153,869 \$24,646,324 \$507,545 Contingencies \$1,912,004 \$2,233,333 \$594,970 \$1,638,363 Total contingencies \$193,269,042 \$195,916,693 \$190,407,818 \$5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$17,635,095 \$15,656,604 \$24,854,997 \$9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$2,362,161 \$5,040,652 \$1,685,860 \$(3,354,792)		_	710,147	_	710,147		710,147	_	<u>-</u> _
Planning and community development \$ 4,066,961 \$ 3,998,291 \$ 3,771,943 \$ 226,348 Housing 528,130 867,311 782,051 85,260 Contributions to other agencies 1,328,447	Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$	6,238,875	\$_	6,249,895	\$_	6,173,877	\$_	76,018
Planning and community development \$ 4,066,961 \$ 3,998,291 \$ 3,771,943 \$ 226,348 Housing 528,130 867,311 782,051 85,260 Contributions to other agencies 1,328,447	Community Development								
Contributions to other agencies 1,328,447 1,012 200,402 90,372 96,372 95,360 1,012 1,012 200,200 201,290 113,874 87,416 37,416 201,500 207,500 99,991 107,509 107,609 107,609 107,609 107,609 </td <td>Planning and community development</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,066,961</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,998,291</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,771,943</td> <td>\$</td> <td>226,348</td>	Planning and community development	\$	4,066,961	\$	3,998,291	\$	3,771,943	\$	226,348
Revenue sharing agreement - City of Charlottesville Soil and Water Conservation District 18,454,658 18,454,658 18,454,658 18,454,658 1,012 Cooperative extension program Other 201,290 201,290 113,874 87,416 Other 207,500 207,500 99,991 107,509 Total community development \$ 24,883,358 \$ 25,153,869 \$ 24,646,324 \$ 507,545 Contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total contingencies \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>528,130</td> <td></td> <td>867,311</td> <td></td> <td>782,051</td> <td></td> <td>85,260</td>			528,130		867,311		782,051		85,260
Soil and Water Conservation District 96,372 96,372 95,360 1,012 Cooperative extension program 201,290 201,290 113,874 87,416 Other 207,500 207,500 99,991 107,509 Total community development \$ 24,883,358 25,153,869 \$ 24,646,324 \$ 507,545 Contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total contingencies \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year - \$ - \$ 24,619,746 24,619,746									-
Cooperative extension program Other 201,290 207,500 201,290 207,500 113,874 99,991 87,416 107,509 Total community development \$ 24,883,358 \$ 25,153,869 \$ 24,646,324 \$ 507,545 \$ 507,545 Contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total contingencies \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers in \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year \$ - 24,619,746 \$ 24,619,746									-
Other 207,500 207,500 99,991 107,509 Total community development \$ 24,883,358 \$ 25,153,869 \$ 24,646,324 \$ 507,545 Contingencies Total contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total expenditures \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) (19,997,256) (20,697,256) (19,179,038) (1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ 7,361,819 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year - 24,619,746 24,619,746 24,619,746									
Total community development \$ 24,883,358 \$ 25,153,869 \$ 24,646,324 \$ 507,545 Contingencies Total contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total expenditures \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year - 24,619,746 24,619,746									
Contingencies Total contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total expenditures \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year - 24,619,746 24,619,746	Other	_	207,500	_	207,500		99,991	_	107,509
Total contingencies \$ 1,912,004 \$ 2,233,333 \$ 594,970 \$ 1,638,363 Total expenditures \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (20,697,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year 24,619,746 24,619,746 24,619,746	Total community development	\$	24,883,358	\$_	25,153,869	\$_	24,646,324	\$_	507,545
Total expenditures \$ 193,269,042 \$ 195,916,693 \$ 190,407,818 \$ 5,508,875 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792)	Contingencies								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 17,635,095 \$ 15,656,604 \$ 24,854,997 \$ 9,198,393 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	Total contingencies	\$	1,912,004	\$_	2,233,333	\$_	594,970	\$_	1,638,363
Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) Transfers (out) (19,997,256) (20,697,256) (19,179,038) 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year 24,619,746 24,619,746	Total expenditures	\$	193,269,042	\$_	195,916,693	_\$_	190,407,818	\$_	5,508,875
Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year 24,619,746 24,619,746	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	17,635,095	\$_	15,656,604	\$_	24,854,997	\$_	9,198,393
Transfers in Transfers (out) \$ 2,362,161 \$ 5,040,652 \$ 1,685,860 \$ (3,354,792) \$ (19,997,256) \$ (19,179,038) \$ 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year 24,619,746 24,619,746	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out) (19,997,256) (20,697,256) (19,179,038) 1,518,218 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (17,635,095) \$ (15,656,604) \$ (17,493,178) \$ (1,836,574) Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year 24,619,746 24,619,746		\$	2,362,161	\$	5,040,652	\$	1,685,860	\$	(3,354,792)
Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ 7,361,819 \$ 7,361,819 Fund balance, beginning of year - - - 24,619,746 24,619,746	Transfers (out)	_		_				_	
Fund balance, beginning of year	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(17,635,095)	\$_	(15,656,604)	\$_	(17,493,178)	\$_	(1,836,574)
· · · · — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Net change in fund balance	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	7,361,819	\$	7,361,819
Fund balance, end of year \$\$ 31,981,565 \$ 31,981,565	Fund balance, beginning of year	_		_	-		24,619,746	_	24,619,746
	Fund balance, end of year	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	31,981,565	\$_	31,981,565

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Virginia Retirement System and Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

County - Virginia Retirement System:

	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL
	Value of	Accrued	(Excess Funded)	Funded	Annual	as % of
Valuation	Assets	Liability	Actuarial Accrued	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	Liability (UAAL)	(2) / (3)	Payroll	(4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2010 \$	91,320,369 \$	122,851,848 \$	31,531,479	74.33% \$	31,955,989	98.67%
6/30/2009	89,252,513	108,874,977	19,622,464	81.98%	33,006,099	59.45%
6/30/2008	85,264,039	99,058,267	13,794,228	86.07%	32,328,016	42.67%

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

School Board Non-Professionals - Virginia Retirement System:

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2010 \$	19,612,193 \$	22,568,880 \$	2,956,687	86.90% \$	7,183,585	41.16%
6/30/2009	19,473,921	20,584,039	1,110,118	94.61%	7,570,996	14.66%
6/30/2008	18,860,316	19,002,808	142,492	99.25%	7,125,895	2.00%

County and School Board - Other Post-Employment Benefits

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll *	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2010 \$ 6/30/2009 6/30/2008	- \$ - -	38,919,000 \$ 37,159,000 37,280,000	38,919,000 37,159,000 37,280,000	0.00% \$ 0.00% 0.00%	123,942,040 123,942,040 123,942,040	31.40% 29.98% 30.08%

^{*} Information provided by the Department of Finance



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds At June 30, 2011

				Storm Water					
		Special		Debt		Control			
	_	Revenue	_	Service		Fund	_	Total	
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	3,053,909	\$	1,607,001	\$	3,665,891	\$	8,326,801	
Receivables, (net of allowance									
for uncollectibles) - Note 4		41,113		_		-		41,113	
Due from other governments	_	1,071,564		674,449		378,531		2,124,544	
Total assets	\$	4,166,586	\$	2,281,450	\$	4,044,422	\$	10,492,458	
	=		_						
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	1,247,311	\$	139,360	\$	545,152	\$_	1,931,823	
Total liabilities	\$_	1,247,311	\$	139,360	\$	545,152	\$_	1,931,823	
Fund Balance									
Restricted:									
Debt service	\$	-	\$	2,142,090	\$	-	\$	2,142,090	
Grant compliance		2,538,900		-		-		2,538,900	
Committed:									
Stormwater projects		-		-		2,767,641		2,767,641	
Special revenue		380,375		-		-		380,375	
Assigned:									
Stormwater projects		-		-		731,629		731,629	
Total fund balance	\$	2,919,275	\$	2,142,090	\$	3,499,270	\$	8,560,635	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	4,166,586	\$	2,281,450	\$	4,044,422	\$	10,492,458	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	-	Special Revenue	. <u>-</u>	Debt Service		Storm Water Control Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
Revenues								
Other local taxes	\$	1,244,409	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,244,409
Use of money and property		61,204		211,106		4,748		277,058
Permits, fees, and licenses		41,939		-		-		41,939
Charges for services		-		-		25,780		25,780
Miscellaneous		18,247		-		-		18,247
Recovered costs		93,897		28,368		-		122,265
Intergovernmental:		1 00/ 020						1 007 020
Contribution from School Board		1,086,839		-		-		1,086,839
Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust		44,559 1,157		-		-		44,559 1,157
Contribution from County Contribution Fund Revenue from the Commonwealth		4,563,687		1,222,855		21,469		5,808,011
Revenue from the Federal Government		4,133,811		1,222,000		21,409		4,133,811
Revenue from the rederal Government	-	4,133,011				-	_	4,133,011
Total revenues	\$_	11,289,749	\$	1,462,329	\$_	51,997	\$_	12,804,075
Expenditures								
Current:								
Judicial administration	\$	737,623	\$	-	\$	-	\$	737,623
Public safety		664,992		-		-		664,992
Public works		227,278		-		-		227,278
Health and Welfare		7,870,463		-		-		7,870,463
Community Development		3,078,558		-		-		3,078,558
Debt service:								
Principal payments		-		10,705,633		-		10,705,633
Interest and fiscal charges		-		6,070,159		-		6,070,159
Capital projects	_	-		-		280,325	_	280,325
Total expenditures	\$_	12,578,914	\$_	16,775,792	\$	280,325	\$_	29,635,031
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$	(1,289,165)	\$	(15,313,463)	\$	(228,328)	\$	(16,830,956)
	_		_					
Other financing sources (uses)								
Premiums on debt	\$	-	\$	238,717	\$	-	\$	238,717
Transfers in		2,937,303		15,021,337		261,250		18,219,890
Transfers (out)	-	(1,726,269)	-	-		-	_	(1,726,269)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	1,211,034	\$_	15,260,054	\$	261,250	\$_	16,732,338
Net change in fund balance	\$	(78,131)	\$	(53,409)	\$	32,922	\$	(98,618)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	2,997,406	_	2,195,499		3,466,348	_	8,659,253
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	2,919,275	\$_	2,142,090	\$	3,499,270	\$_	8,560,635

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds At June 30, 2011

	Federal/ State Grants Fund	E-911 Fund	Courthouse Maintenance Fund	Visitor Center Fund	Stream Buffer Fund	Tourism Fund	Old Crozet School Fund	Total
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables, (net of allowance	\$ 2,662,293 \$	2,042 \$	32,601 \$	36 \$	3,062 \$	342,634 \$	11,241	\$ 3,053,909
for uncollectibles) - Note 4	41,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,113
Due from other governments - Note 5	1,071,564		-	<u> </u>	-			1,071,564
Total assets	\$ 3,774,970 \$	2,042 \$	32,601 \$	36 \$	3,062 \$	342,634 \$	11,241	4,166,586
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,236,070 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	\$	11,241	1,247,311
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,236,070</u> \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	11,241	1,247,311
Fund Balance								
Restricted: Grant compliance Committed:	\$ 2,538,900 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	\$ 2,538,900
Special revenue		2,042	32,601	36	3,062	342,634		380,375
Total fund balance	\$ 2,538,900 \$	2,042 \$	32,601 \$	36 \$	3,062 \$	342,634 \$		2,919,275
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,774,970 \$	2,042 \$	32,601 \$	36 \$	3,062 \$	342,634 \$	11,241	4,166,586

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Federal/ State Grants Fund	E-911 Fund		Courthouse Maintenance Fund	Visito Cente Fund	r	Stream Buffer Fund	Tourism Fund	Old Crozet School Fund	Total
Revenues											
Other local taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	1,244,409 \$	- \$	1,244,409
Use of money and property		1,051	3		-	-		-	-	60,150	61,204
Permits, fees, and licenses		-	-		41,939	-		-	-	-	41,939
Miscellaneous		18,247	-		-	-		-	-	-	18,247
Recovered costs		93,897	-		-	-		-	-	-	93,897
Intergovernmental:											
Contribution from School Board		1,086,839	-		-	-		-	-	_	1,086,839
Contribution from Crozet											
Crossings Trust		44,559	_		-	_		_	_	_	44,559
Contribution from County											
Contribution Fund		1,157	_		-	_		_	_	_	1,157
Revenue from the Commonwealth		4,563,687	_		-	_		_	_	_	4,563,687
Revenue from the Federal Government		4,133,811	_		-	_		_	_	_	4,133,811
		.,,					_				.,,
Total revenues	\$	9,943,248	3	\$_	41,939 \$		\$	\$	1,244,409 \$	60,150 \$	11,289,749
Expenditures											
Current:											
Judicial administration	\$	737,623	· -	\$	- \$	_	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	737,623
Public safety	•	664,992	_	•	-	_		-	-	-	664,992
Public works		151,607	_		-	_		_	_	75,671	227,278
Health and Welfare		7,870,463	_		-	_		_	_	-	7,870,463
Community Development		3,078,558	_		_	_		_	_	_	3,078,558
oommanity bevelopment		0,0,0,000					_				0,070,000
Total expenditures	\$	12,503,243	S <u>-</u>	\$_	\$		\$	\$	\$	75,671 \$	12,578,914
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	\$	(2,559,995)	S3	\$_	41,939 \$		\$	\$	1,244,409 \$	(15,521) \$	(1,289,165)
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in	\$	2,921,852		\$	- \$		\$	- \$	- \$	15,451 \$	2,937,303
Transfers (out)	Ф		-	Ф	- » (40,409)	_	Ф	- \$		15,451 \$	
Hansiers (out)		(437,110)			(40,409)		_	 -	(1,248,750)		(1,726,269)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,484,742	S <u>-</u>	\$	(40,409) \$		_\$	- \$	(1,248,750) \$	15,451 \$	1,211,034
Net change in fund balance	\$	(75,253) \$	3	\$	1,530 \$	-	\$	- \$	(4,341) \$	(70) \$	(78,131)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,614,153	2,039) _	31,071	3	6	3,062	346,975	70	2,997,406
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,538,900	2,042	\$	32,601 \$	3	<u>6</u> \$	3,062 \$	342,634 \$	\$	2,919,275

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds At June 30, 2011

			[Debt Service	
		General		School	Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	1,393,322	\$	213,679	\$ 1,607,001
Due from other governments		674,449	_	-	 674,449
Total assets	\$	2,067,771	\$	213,679	\$ 2,281,450
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	139,360	\$	-	\$ 139,360
Total liabilities	\$	139,360	\$	-	\$ 139,360
Fund Balance					
Restricted for:					
Debt service	\$	1,928,411	\$	213,679	\$ 2,142,090
Total fund balances	\$	1,928,411	\$	213,679	\$ 2,142,090
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	2,067,771	\$	213,679	\$ 2,281,450

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_		Debt Service		
	_	General	School	_	Total
Revenues					
Use of money and property	\$	25 \$	211,081	\$	211,106
Recovered costs		28,368	-		28,368
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth		-	1,222,855	_	1,222,855
Total revenues	\$	28,393 \$	1,433,936	\$	1,462,329
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal payments	\$	1,960,633 \$	8,745,000	\$	10,705,633
Interest and fiscal charges	_	955,918	5,114,241	_	6,070,159
Total expenditures	\$	2,916,551 \$	13,859,241	\$	16,775,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	\$	(2,888,158) \$	(12,425,305)	\$	(15,313,463)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Bond premium	\$	- \$	238,717	\$	238,717
Transfers in		2,621,800	12,399,537	_	15,021,337
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,621,800 \$	12,638,254	\$	15,260,054
Net change in fund balance	\$	(266,358) \$	212,949	\$	(53,409)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,194,769	730	_	2,195,499
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,928,411 \$	213,679	\$	2,142,090

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds At June 30, 2011

		Health Insurance Fund	Dental Plan Pool Fund	•	licating Fund	Vehicle Replacement Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
Assets	_					1		
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	15,890,190 \$	1,240,796	\$	5,163	338,123	\$	17,474,272
Accounts receivable	_	993,555	50		1,354		_	994,959
Total assets	\$_	16,883,745 \$	1,240,846	\$	6,517	338,123	\$	18,469,231
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	7,459 \$	9,309	\$	6,517	141,527	\$	164,812
Claims payable	_	1,242,018	81,417				_	1,323,435
Total current liabilities	\$	1,249,477 \$	90,726	\$	6,517	141,527	\$	1,488,247
Net assets								
Unrestricted	\$_	15,634,268 \$	1,150,120	\$	- (196,596	\$	16,980,984
Total net assets	\$_	15,634,268 \$	1,150,120	\$	- (196,596	\$_	16,980,984

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Health Insurance Fund	Dental Plan Pool Fund	 Duplicating Fund		Vehicle Replacement Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues								
Charges for services, net	\$_	25,487,311 \$	1,637,338	\$ 158,656	\$_	345,494 \$	2	27,628,799
Operating expenses								
Benefits and related expenses	\$	25,659,622 \$	1,286,614	\$ -	\$	- \$	2	.6,946,236
Services and supplies	_		-	 165,920	_	457,368		623,288
Total operating expenses	\$_	25,659,622 \$	1,286,614	\$ 165,920	\$_	457,368 \$	2	27,569,524
Operating income (loss)	\$	(172,311) \$	350,724	\$ (7,264)	\$	(111,874) \$		59,275
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest income	\$_	17,197 \$	1,047	\$ 	\$_	304 \$		18,548
Change in net assets	\$	(155,114) \$	351,771	\$ (7,264)	\$	(111,570) \$		77,823
Net assets, beginning of year	_	15,789,382	798,349	 7,264	_	308,166	1	6,903,161
Net assets, end of year	\$_	15,634,268 \$	1,150,120	\$ 	\$_	196,596 \$	1	6,980,984

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Health Insurance Fund	Dental Plan Pool Fund	Duplicating Fund	Vehicle Replacement Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from insured	\$	24,510,000 \$	1,637,971 \$	- \$	- \$	26,147,971
Receipts from services		-	-	158,390	345,494	503,884
Payments to suppliers	_	(25,688,920)	(1,286,920)	(167,268)	(315,841)	(27,458,949)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(1,178,920) \$	351,051 \$	(8,878) \$	29,653 \$	(807,094)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income	\$	17,197 \$	1,047 \$	- \$	304 \$	18,548
	_					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and						
cash equivalents	\$	(1,161,723) \$	352,098 \$	(8,878) \$	29,957 \$	(788,546)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	17,051,913	888,698	14,041	308,166	18,262,818
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	15,890,190 \$	1,240,796 \$	5,163 \$	338,123 \$	17,474,272
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(172,311) \$	350,724 \$	(7,264) \$	(111,874) \$	59,275
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:						
Receivables, net		(977,311)	633	(266)	-	(976,944)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(33,762)	44	(1,348)	141,527	106,461
Claims payable	_	4,464	(350)			4,114
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(1,178,920) \$	351,051 \$	(8,878) \$	29,653 \$	(807,094)

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds At June 30, 2011

	_	H & L Graves Trust Fund		McIntire Trust Fund	Juanise Dyer Trust Fund	Weinstein Trust Fund		Crozet Crossings Trust Fund
Assets	_							
Cash and investments	\$	2,929	\$	-	\$ 12,400	\$ 83,434	\$	14,760
Investments with trustee		-		289,147	-	-		-
Accounts receivable	_	-	_	-	 	 -		-
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	2,929	\$_	289,147	\$ 12,400	\$ 83,434	\$	14,760
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$_	5,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ =	5,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$_	-
Net Assets	\$	2,929	\$	283,867	\$ 12,400	\$ 83,434	\$	14,760

-	AHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund	 WAHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund	 MHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund	 Proffer Trust Fund	Total
\$	12,901	\$ 2,073	\$ 908	\$ 1,418,540	\$ 1,547,945
	-	-	-	-	289,147
	-	-	-	20,826	20,826
\$	12,901	\$ 2,073	\$ 908	\$ 1,439,366	\$ 1,857,918
\$	10,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,547
\$	10,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,547
\$	2,634	\$ 2,073	\$ 908	\$ 1,439,366	\$ 1,842,371

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	H & L Graves Trust Fund		McIntire Trust Fund	<u> </u>	Juanise Dyer Trust Fund		Weinstein Trust Fund
Additions								
Investment earnings (losses)	\$	3	\$	47,135	\$	17	\$	92
Donations		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Proffers		-		-		-		-
Contribution from general government	_	-		-		-		
Total additions	\$	3	\$_	47,135	\$_	17	\$_	92
Deductions								
General	\$	-	\$	5,280	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions	_	-		-	_	-		
Total deductions	\$ _	-	\$_	5,280	\$_	-	\$_	
Change in net assets	\$	3	\$	41,855	\$	17	\$	92
Net assets, beginning of year	_	2,926		242,012		12,383		83,342
Net assets, end of year	\$ _	2,929	\$_	283,867	\$	12,400	\$_	83,434

_	Crozet Crossings Trust Fund	 AHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund	 WAHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund		MHS Synthetic Turf Field Fund		Proffer Trust Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
\$	51 29,200	\$ 436,353	\$ - 443,872	\$	-	\$	1,703	\$	49,001 909,425
	19,725 -	-	-		-		247,556		19,725 247,556
_		 75,000	 75,000		-	· -	-		150,000
\$_	48,976	\$ 511,353	\$ 518,872	\$_	-	\$	249,259	\$_	1,375,707
\$	- 44,559	\$ 543,145 -	\$ 544,481 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,092,906 44,559
\$	44,559	\$ 543,145	\$ 544,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,137,465
\$	4,417	\$ (31,792)	\$ (25,609)	\$	-	\$	249,259	\$	238,242
-	10,343	 34,426	 27,682		908	· -	1,190,107		1,604,129
\$_	14,760	\$ 2,634	\$ 2,073	\$	908	\$	1,439,366	\$	1,842,371

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Agency Funds At June 30, 2011

	Special Welfare Fund	Hunting and Fishing License Fund	Drug Fund	Payroll Suspense Fund	Performance Bond Fund	•	HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund	 County Contribution Fund
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 28,559 \$	171 \$	96,145 \$	204,996 \$	1,220,086	\$	24,128	\$ 35,083
Accounts receivable	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	600	_	-	-	 45
Total assets	\$ 28,559 \$	171 \$	96,145 \$	205,596 \$	1,220,086	\$	24,128	\$ 35,128
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ - \$	171 \$	667 \$	205,596 \$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Amounts held for others	28,559		95,478		1,220,086		24,128	 35,128
Total liabilities	\$ 28,559 \$	171 \$	96,145 \$	205,596 \$	1,220,086	\$	24,128	\$ 35,128

(Ace Contribution Fund		CATEC Fund	-	Appeal Bond Fund	Sheriff Reserve Fund		Belvedere/ Avemore Projects Fund		Natural Heritage Fund	Economic Developmen Authority Fund	Commonwealth Attorney Commission Fund	Total
\$	20,032	\$	(451,607) 626,165	\$	4,250 \$	5 5,975 S	\$	3,841,486 \$	\$	1,086 \$	100,000	\$ 123,576 \$ -	5,253,966 626,810
\$	20,032	\$_	174,558	\$ =	4,250 \$	5,975	\$ _	3,841,486 \$	= =	1,086	100,000	\$ 123,576 \$	5,880,776
\$	- 20,032	\$	174,558 -	\$	- \$ 4,250	5 - S 5,975	\$	- \$ 3,841,486	\$	- \$ 1,086	100,000	\$ - \$ 123,576	380,992 5,499,784
\$	20,032	\$_	174,558	\$_	4,250 \$	5,975	\$_	3,841,486 \$	\$	1,086	100,000	\$ 123,576 \$	5,880,776



•	•			
Year	Ended	June	30,	2011

	Balance July 1, 2010		Additions	 Deletions	. <u>-</u>	Balance June 30, 2011
Special Welfare Fund: Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 30,584	\$_	149,592	\$ 151,617	\$_	28,559
Liabilities:						
Amounts held for others	\$ 30,584	\$_	149,592	\$ 151,617	\$=	28,559
Hunting and Fishing License Fund: Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 171	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	171
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 171	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	171
Drug Fund: Assets:						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 96,401 11	\$	44,556 -	\$ 44,812 11	\$	96,145 <u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ 96,412	\$_	44,556	\$ 44,823	\$_	96,145
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	-		667	-		667
Amounts held for others	\$ 96,412	\$	43,889	\$ 44,823	\$	95,478
Total liabilities	\$ 96,412	\$_	44,556	\$ 44,823	\$_	96,145
Payroll Suspense Fund: Assets:						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 217,671 -	\$	204,996 600	\$ 217,671 -	\$	204,996 600
Total assets	\$ 217,671	\$_	205,596	\$ 217,671	\$_	205,596
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 217,333	\$	205,596	\$ 217,333	\$	205,596
Amounts held for others	338	_	-	 338	_	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	\$ 217,671	\$_	205,596	\$ 217,671	\$_	205,596
Performance Bond Fund: Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 575,874	\$	1,027,287	\$ 383,075	\$_	1,220,086
Liabilities:						
Amounts held for others	\$ 575,874	\$_	1,027,287	\$ 383,075	\$_	1,220,086

Year Ended June 30, 2011	(Continued)

	_	Balance July 1, 2010	_	Additions	. <u>-</u>	Deletions	_	Balance June 30, 2011
HUD Family Self Sufficiency Fund:								
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ _	24,128	\$_		\$	-	\$	24,128
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$ _	24,128	\$_		\$		\$_	24,128
County Contribution Fund: Assets:								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	33,550	\$	7,990 45	\$	6,457 -	\$ 	35,083 45
Total assets	\$_	33,550	\$_	8,035	\$	6,457	\$_	35,128
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$_	33,550	\$_	8,035	\$	6,457	\$_	35,128
Ace Contribution Fund: Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	20,032	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	20,032
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$_	20,032	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	20,032
CATEC:								
Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	- 168,874	\$	1,417,646 457,291	\$	1,869,253	\$	(451,607) 626,165
Total assets	\$_	168,874	\$_	1,874,937	\$	1,869,253	\$_	174,558
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ <u></u>	168,874	\$_	1,874,937	\$	1,869,253	\$_	174,558
Appeal Bond Fund: Assets:		1.000		0.050				
Cash and investments	\$ <u></u>	1,000	\$=	3,250	\$	-	\$ =	4,250
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$_	1,000	\$_	3,250	\$		\$_	4,250
Sheriff Reserve Fund: Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	5,500	\$_	5,475	\$	5,000	\$_	5,975
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$=	5,500	\$_	5,475	\$	5,000	\$_	5,975

	-	Balance July 1, 2010	. <u>-</u>	Additions	. <u>.</u>	Deletions	. <u>-</u>	Balance June 30, 2011
Belvedere/Avemore Projects Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	3,864,227	\$_	15,259	\$	38,000	\$_	3,841,486
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$_	3,864,227	\$_	15,259	\$	38,000	\$_	3,841,486
Natural Heritage Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	1,085	\$_	1	\$	-	\$_	1,086
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$ =	1,085	\$_	1	\$	-	\$_	1,086
Economic Development Authority Fund: Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	-	\$_	100,000	\$	-	\$_	100,000
Liabilities:	•			100.000	•			100.000
Amounts held for others	\$ =	-	\$ =	100,000	\$	-	\$ _	100,000
Commonwealth Attorney Commission Fund:								
Assets:	Φ.			400 57/				400 57/
Cash and investments	\$ =	<u>-</u>	\$_	123,576	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	123,576
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$_	-	\$	123,576	\$	-	\$_	123,576
TotalsAll Agency Funds: Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	4,870,223	\$	3,099,628	\$	2,715,885	\$	5,253,966
Accounts receivable	-	168,885	_	457,936		11	_	626,810
Total assets	\$_	5,039,108	\$_	3,557,564	\$	2,715,896	\$_	5,880,776
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	386,378	\$	2,081,200	\$	2,086,586	\$	380,992
Amounts held for others	-	4,652,730	_	1,476,364		629,310	_	5,499,784
Total liabilities	\$_	5,039,108	\$_	3,557,564	\$	2,715,896	\$	5,880,776

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_		Special Reve	nue Funds							
		Courthouse Maintenance Fund									
	-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Other local taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_						
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	·	40,409	40,409	41,939 - -	1,530 - -						
Intergovernmental: Contribution from School Board Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust Contribution from County Contribution Fund Revenue from the Commonwealth Revenue from the Federal Government	_	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -						
Total revenues	\$_	40,409 \$	40,409 \$	41,939 \$	1,530						
Expenditures Current: Judicial Administration Sheriff's office	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Public Safety Police department	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Public Works Energy efficiency	\$_	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Health and Welfare Day care program Comprehensive Services Act programs At-risk 4 year olds Other	\$	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	- - -						
Total health and welfare	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Community Development Planning and community development Housing programs	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- -						
Total community development	\$_	- \$	\$	- \$							
Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Capital projects	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ - -	- - -						
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	- \$_	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u> \$	-						
Other financing sources (uses): Bond premiums Loan proceeds Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$	- \$ - - (40,409)	- \$ - - (40,409)	- \$ - - (40,409)	- - - -						
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(40,409) \$	(40,409) \$	(40,409) \$	-						
Net changes in fund balances	\$	- \$	- \$	1,530 \$	1,530						
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	<u> </u>	-	31,071	31,071						
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	\$	\$	32,601 \$	32,601						

			Federal and S	tate	Grants Fund				Tourism	n Fund			
_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,248,750	\$	1,248,750 \$	1,244,409	\$	(4,341)
	-		-		1,051		1,051	-		-	-		-
	5,000 35,000		12,497 95,577		18,247 93,897		5,750 (1,680)	-		- - -	- - -		-
	1,135,535 - - 4,468,638		1,135,535 44,559 579 4,509,935		1,086,839 44,559 1,157 4,563,687		(48,696) - 578 53,752	- - - -		- - -	- - - -		- - - -
\$_	3,060,717 8,704,890	\$	5,185,776 10,984,458	\$_	4,133,811 9,943,248	\$_	(1,051,965) (1,041,210) \$	1,248,750	\$	1,248,750 \$	1,244,409	_ _ \$_	(4,341)
\$	763,590	\$	787,338	\$	737,623	\$	49,715 \$	_	\$	- \$	_	\$	_
* - \$	110,656		920,028		664,992	_	255,036 \$	-	_	- \$		- · - \$	-
\$	-		383,523		151,607	_	231,916	-	\$	- \$	-	- \$	-
\$	_		25,127		25,127	_		_	\$	- \$			_
Ψ	7,250,000 1,094,577 5,000	Ψ	7,250,000 1,094,577 206,874	Ψ	6,599,454 1,034,805 211,077	Ψ	650,546 59,772 (4,203)	- - -	•	- - -	- - -	•	- - -
\$	8,349,577	\$	8,576,578	\$	7,870,463	\$	706,115	-	\$	\$		_ \$ _	-
\$	- 2,680,200	\$	747,203 2,680,200	\$	299,054 2,779,504	\$	448,149 (99,304)	-	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	-
\$_	2,680,200	\$_	3,427,403	\$	3,078,558	\$_	348,845	-	\$_	\$		_ \$ _	-
	- -		-		- - -		- \$ - -	-	\$	- \$ - -	- - -	\$	- - -
\$	11,904,023	\$	14,094,870	\$	12,503,243	\$	1,591,627 \$	-	\$	\$		\$	-
\$_	(3,199,133)	\$_	(3,110,412)	\$_	(2,559,995)	\$_	550,417 \$	1,248,750	\$_	1,248,750 \$	1,244,409	_\$_	(4,341)
\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	- -	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	- -
_	3,507,913 (308,780)	\$	3,516,988 (406,576)		2,921,852 (437,110)		(595,136) (30,534)	- (1,248,750)	_	(1,248,750 <u>)</u>	(1,248,750	<u>) </u>	-
\$_	3,199,133	\$	3,110,412	\$	2,484,742	\$_	(625,670) \$	(1,248,750)	\$_	(1,248,750) \$	(1,248,750) \$ _	0
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(75,253) 2,614,153	\$	(75,253) \$ 2,614,153	-	\$	- \$	(4,341) 346,975		(4,341) 346,975
\$		\$	_	\$	2,538,900	- <u>-</u> \$	2,538,900 \$	-	\$	- \$			342,634
Φ=		^Φ =		• [•] =	2,030,900	• [‡] =	2,000,900 \$		Φ_		342,034	_ • =	342,03

1,928,411 \$

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Fund balances at end of year

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

	_										
		Debt Service Funds General Debt Service Fund									
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Other local taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$							
Revenue from use of money	Ψ	- Ψ	- Ψ	- ψ	-						
and property		-	-	25	25						
Charges for services		-	-	-	-						
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		283,178	283,178	28,368	(254,810)						
Intergovernmental:		-	-		(254,610)						
Contribution from School Board		=	-	-	-						
Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust		-	-	-	-						
Contribution from County Contribution Fund Revenue from the Commonwealth		-	-	-	-						
Revenue from the Federal Government		- -	- -	- -	_						
Total revenues	\$_	283,178 \$	283,178 \$	28,393 \$	(254,785)						
Expenditures											
Current:											
Judicial Administration Sheriff's office	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_						
Public Safety	· <u>-</u>			·_							
Police department	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Public Works	_										
Energy efficiency	\$	- \$	- \$	\$_	-						
Health and Welfare											
Day care program	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Comprehensive Services Act programs		-	-	-	-						
At-risk 4 year olds Other		-	- -	- -	-						
Total health and welfare	<u> </u>	- \$	- \$	- \$	_						
Community Development	<u> </u>										
Planning and community development	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_						
Housing programs		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-						
Total community development	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	=						
Debt service:											
Principal payments		2,257,522	2,257,522	1,960,993	296,529						
Interest and fiscal charges Capital projects		1,206,938 -	1,206,938	955,558	251,380						
Total expenditures	\$	3,464,460 \$	3,464,460 \$	2,916,551 \$	547,909						
	Ψ	σ,404,400 ψ	σ, τοτ, του φ	Σ,710,331 ψ	347,707						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(3,181,282) \$	(3,181,282) \$	(2,888,158) \$	293,124						
Other financing sources (uses):	· -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(/ / 2 2 / 2 2 / 1	,						
Bond premiums	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-						
Loan proceeds		-	-	-	-						
Transfers in		3,181,282	3,181,282	2,621,800	(559,482)						
Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,181,282 \$	3,181,282 \$	2,621,800 \$	(559,482)						
	* <u>-</u>	- \$									
Net changes in fund balances	\$	- \$	- ⊅	(266,358) \$	(266,358)						
Fund balances at beginning of year	_			2,194,769	2,194,769						

						Capital Projec	ts Fund	
		School Debt Se	rvice Fund			Stormwater (Control	
_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_ :	\$ - \$	- \$	-
	211,081	211,081	211,081	-	-	-	4,748	4,748
	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,780	25,780
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	=	=	=	-	_	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- -	- - -	1,222,855 -	1,222,855 -	- -	400,000 160,200	21,469	(378,531) (160,200)
\$	211,081 \$	211,081 \$	1,433,936 \$	1,222,855 \$	- :	\$ 560,200 \$	51,997 \$	(508,203)
\$_	\$_	\$_	\$_	\$		\$ \$	- \$	-
\$_	\$_	\$_	\$	\$!	\$ \$	- \$	-
\$_	\$_	\$_	\$	\$	= .	\$ \$	\$	-
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- !	\$ - \$	- \$	-
	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-
_			- -			 -		-
\$_	\$	\$	- \$	- \$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$_	-
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- ! -	\$ - \$ -	- \$	-
\$_	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- !	\$ - \$	- \$	-
	8,177,145 5,037,741	8,177,145 5,037,741	8,745,000 5,114,241	(567,855) (76,500)	-	-	-	-
	14,827	14,827		14,827	261,250	 2,882,871	280,325	2,602,546
\$_	13,229,713 \$	13,229,713 \$	13,859,241 \$	(629,528) \$	261,250	\$ 2,882,871 \$	280,325 \$	2,602,546
\$_	(13,018,632) \$	(13,018,632) \$	(12,425,305) \$	593,327 \$	(261,250)	\$ (2,322,671) \$	(228,328) \$	2,094,343
\$	- \$	- \$	238,717 \$	238,717 \$	- !	\$ - \$ 400,000	- \$	- (400,000)
	13,018,632	13,018,632	12,399,537	(619,095) -	261,250	1,922,671 -	261,250	(400,000) (1,661,421) -
\$_	13,018,632 \$	13,018,632 \$	12,638,254 \$	(380,378) \$	261,250	\$ 2,322,671 \$	261,250 \$	(2,061,421)
\$	- \$	- \$	212,949 \$	212,949 \$	- :	\$ - \$	32,922 \$	32,922
_	- ,-	- ,-	730	730		 -	3,466,348	3,466,348
\$_	\$	<u> </u>	213,679 \$	213,679 \$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	3,499,270 \$	3,499,270



Component Unit School Board Combining Balance Sheet At June 30, 2011

	_	School Operating Fund	School Food Services Fund		School Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	21,816,357	\$ 1,012,421	\$	4,003,809 \$	26,832,587
Accounts receivable		1,504,484	7,141		-	1,511,625
Due from other governments		6,230,648	67,804		700,000	6,998,452
Prepaid items		9,765	-		-	9,765
Inventories	_	413,889	 113,628		-	527,517
Total assets	\$_	29,975,143	\$ 1,200,994	\$	4,703,809 \$	35,879,946
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	16,349,126	\$ 272,215	\$	663,822 \$	17,285,163
Deferred revenue		93,334	-		-	93,334
				•		
Total liabilities	\$_	16,442,460	\$ 272,215	\$	663,822 \$	17,378,497
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories and prepaids	\$	423,654	\$ 113,628	\$	- \$	537,282
Committed:						
Education		192,000	-		-	192,000
School maintenance projects		-	-		521,398	521,398
Brownsville Elementary School construct	tion	-	-		64,957	64,957
Crozet Elementary School construction		-	-		11,832	11,832
Albemarle High School construction		-	-		3,280	3,280
CATEC		-	-		226,359	226,359
VMF construction		-	-		140,126	140,126
Greet Elementary School construction		-	-		137,225	137,225
Special revenue		12,917,029	815,151		-	13,732,180
Assigned:						
Capital projects	_	-	 -		2,934,810	2,934,810
Total fund balance	\$_	13,532,683	\$ 928,779	\$	4,039,987 \$	18,501,449
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	29,975,143	\$ 1,200,994	\$	4,703,809 \$	35,879,946

Component Unit School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets At June 30, 2011

Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	18,501,449
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:				
Land and land improvements	\$	6,096,992		
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		129,221,004		
Furniture, equipment and vehilcles, net of depreciation		6,547,152		
School Board capital assets in primary government, net of depreciation	_	(70,364,766)	-	
Total capital assets				71,500,382
School bond proceeds for which capital assets have not been constructed or acquired.				
This adjustment is required to properly report actual debt used to construct or				
acquire capital assets.				(4,867,705)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities.	;			
Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net assets consist of the following:				(2.074.4//)
Accrued leave				(2,074,466)
Other post employment benefits			_	(3,180,000)
Total net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)			\$	79,879,660

Component Unit School Board Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	School Operating Fund	_	School Food Services Fund	_	School Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	801,778	\$	1,090	\$	8,571	\$	811,439
Charges for services		3,580,749		2,592,074		-		6,172,823
Miscellaneous		2,695,214		-		167,313		2,862,527
Recovered costs		686,514		-		-		686,514
Intergovernmental:								
Appropriation from primary government		96,057,504		-		9,229,148		105,286,652
Revenue from the Commonwealth		40,252,361		75,680		700,000		41,028,041
Revenue from the Federal Government	_	10,358,344	-	2,183,891	_	-		12,542,235
Total revenues	\$_	154,432,464	\$_	4,852,735	\$_	10,105,032	\$_	169,390,231
Expenditures								
Current:								
Education:								
Instruction	\$	101,509,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,509,881
Administration, attendance and health		9,092,973		-		-		9,092,973
Transportation Special Programs		8,914,797 16,814,110		-		-		8,914,797 16,814,110
Facilities operations		13,838,245		_		_		13,838,245
Building improvements		209,671		_		_		209,671
Technology		2,406,125		-		-		2,406,125
Contribution to primary government		1,412,156		-		1,250,820		2,662,976
School food services		-		4,556,220		-		4,556,220
Capital projects	_	-	_	-	_	5,508,475		5,508,475
Total expenditures	\$_	154,197,958	\$_	4,556,220	\$_	6,759,295	\$_	165,513,473
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	\$	234,506	\$	296,515	\$_	3,345,737	\$	3,876,758
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,000
Transfers (out)	_	-	_	(75,000)	_	-		(75,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	75,000	\$_	(75,000)	\$_	-	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	309,506	\$	221,515	\$	3,345,737	\$	3,876,758
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	13,223,177		707,264	_	694,250		14,624,691
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	13,532,683	\$_	928,779	\$_	4,039,987	\$	18,501,449

Component Unit School Board Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 3,876,758

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is as follows:

Capital outlay 6,711,409

Depreciation expense (7,161,794)

School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County and School Board. The County share of School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such by the County. The transfers to the School Board are affected by the relationship of the debt to assets on a year to year basis. The net transfer resulting from this relationship decreased the transfers to the School Board.

1,300,966

Change in School bond proceeds for which capital assets have not been constructed or acquired.

(3,499,987)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:

Other post employment benefits (996,000)
Compensated absences 47,552

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) \$ 278,904

Component Unit School Board School Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011 Page 1 of 2

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
School Operating Fund Revenues							
Use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	\$	705,510 3,622,391 2,067,410 522,640	\$	792,010 3,622,391 2,267,951 522,640	\$ 801, 3,580, 2,695, 686,	214	9,768 (41,642) 427,263 163,874
Intergovernmental: Appropriation from primary government Revenue from the Commonwealth Revenue from the Federal Government	-	96,057,504 41,279,085 9,462,104		96,057,504 41,319,085 10,106,315	96,057, 40,252, 10,358,	361	(1,066,724) 252,029
Total revenues	\$_	153,716,644	\$	154,687,896	\$ 154,432,	464 \$	(255,432)
Expenditures Current: Education:							
Instruction Administration, attendance and health Transportation Special Programs Facilities operations Building improvements Technology Contribution to primary government	\$	103,971,228 6,288,042 8,607,428 17,739,662 14,499,585 334,600 2,497,187 1,569,148	\$	104,633,354 6,280,830 8,523,823 18,838,170 14,735,057 334,600 2,499,062 1,569,148	\$ 101,509, 9,092, 8,914, 16,814, 13,838, 209, 2,406, 1,412,	973 797 110 245 671 125	3,123,473 (2,812,143) (390,974) 2,024,060 896,812 124,929 92,937 156,992
Total expenditures	\$_	155,506,880	\$_	157,414,044	\$ <u>154,197,</u>	958 \$	3,216,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	(1,790,236)	\$_	(2,726,148)	\$234,	<u>506</u> \$	2,960,654
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$	7,211,651 (5,421,415)	\$	7,403,479 (5,421,415)	\$ 75, 	000 \$	(7,328,479) 5,421,415
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	1,790,236	\$_	1,982,064	\$	000 \$	(1,907,064)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	(744,084)	\$ 309,	506 \$	1,053,590
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	<u>-</u>		744,084	13,223,	177_	12,479,093
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ 13,532,	683 \$	13,532,683
School Food Services Fund Revenues							
Use of money and property Charges for services Intergovernmental:	\$	7,000 3,069,732	\$	7,000 3,069,732	2,592,		(477,658)
Revenue from the Commonwealth Revenue from the Federal Government	_	74,500 1,820,082		74,500 1,820,082	2,183,	680 891	1,180 363,809
Total revenues	\$_	4,971,314	\$_	4,971,314	\$4,852,	<u>735</u> \$	(118,579)

Component Unit School Board School Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actu	al .	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
School Food Services Fund (continued) Expenditures Current:						
Education:						
Food service operations	\$	4,896,314 \$	4,896,314	\$ 4,556	5,220 \$	340,094
Total expenditures	\$	4,896,314 \$	4,896,314	\$ 4,556	\$,220 \$	340,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	75,000 \$	75,000	\$ 296	5,515_\$	221,515
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (out)	\$	(75,000) \$	(75,000)	\$	5,000 <u>)</u> \$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	-	\$ 221	1,515 \$	221,515
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	707	7,264	707,264
Fund balance, end of year	\$	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 928	<u>3,779</u> \$	928,779
School Capital Projects Fund Revenues Use of money and property	\$	20,000 \$	20,000	\$ 8	3,571 \$	(11,429)
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:		-	-	167	7,313	167,313
Appropriation from primary government Revenue from the Commonwealth		4,339,930 752,000	7,373,956 752,000	9,229 700	9,148 0,000	1,855,192 (52,000)
Total revenues	\$	5,111,930 \$	8,145,956	\$ 10,105	5,032 \$	1,959,076
Expenditures School capital projects Contribution to primary government	\$	5,111,930 \$ -	6,732,636	\$ 5,508 1,250	3,475 \$),820	1,224,161 (1,250,820)
Total expenditures	\$	5,111,930 \$	6,732,636		9,295 \$	(26,659)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	\$	1,413,320	\$ 3,345	5,737_\$	1,932,417
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	1,413,320	\$ 3,345	5,737 \$	1,932,417
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u> </u>	(1,413,320)	694	1,250	2,107,570
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u></u>	\$		\$ 4,039	9,987 \$	4,039,987

The budgetary data presented above is on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Statistical Section

Contents	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 - 5
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	6 - 9
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.	10 - 12
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	13 - 14
Operating Information These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	15 - 17

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Net Assets by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(full accrual basis of accounting)

	I	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	∨	2,350,571 \$ 5,459,023 40,822,493 44,530,557	2,350,571 \$ 5,459,023 \$ 7,876,326 \$ 7,989,436 \$ 7,756,343 \$ 10,508,151 \$ 17,271,201 \$ 3,791,630 \$ 13,677,146 \$ 17,753,323 40,822,493 44,530,557 46,049,765 53,372,954 67,524,755 71,036,209 68,831,778 76,990,400 73,771,675 74,837,691	7,876,326 \$ 46,049,765	7,989,436 \$ 53,372,954	7,756,343 \$ 67,524,755	10,508,151 \$ 71,036,209	17,271,201 \$ 68,831,778	\$ 7,876,326 \$ 7,989,436 \$ 7,756,343 \$ 10,508,151 \$ 17,271,201 \$ 3,791,630 \$ 13,677,146 \$ 46,049,765 53,372,954 67,524,755 71,036,209 68,831,778 76,990,400 73,771,675	13,677,146 \$ 73,771,675	17,753,323 74,837,691
Total governmental activities net assets	↔	43,173,064 \$	<u>* 43,173,064 </u>	53,926,091 \$	61,362,390 \$	75,281,098 \$	81,544,360 \$	86,102,979 \$	80,782,030 \$	87,448,821 \$	92,591,014
Component Unit - School Board Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted Total component unit activities net assets	γ γ	62,768,532 \$ 4,404,895 67,173,427 \$	\$ 62,768,532 \$ 60,740,476 \$ 57,216,611 \$ 60,330,592 \$ 62,301,866 \$ 65,643,044 \$ 67,911,522 \$ 67,908,953 \$ 70,649,801 \$ 71,500,382 4,404,895	57,216,611 \$ 7,892,776 65,109,387 \$	60,330,592 \$ 9,801,931 70,132,523 \$	62,301,866 \$ 8,319,667 70,621,533 \$	65,643,044 \$ 9,887,909 75,530,953 \$	67,911,522 \$ 10,283,302 78,194,824 \$	67,908,953 \$ 6,739,660 74,648,613 \$	70,649,801 \$ 8,950,955 79,600,756 \$	71,500,382 8,379,278 79,879,660

Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (ful accrual basis of accounting)

(Tull accidal basis of accoditing)											
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses	l										
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	↔	7,609,744 \$	7,899,554 \$	8,132,238 \$	3 12,319,083 \$	9,140,353 \$	\$ 982'326'6	13,473,999 \$	11,995,093 \$	9,701,766	10,817,203
Judicial administration		2,789,137	3,178,415	3,258,244	2,929,281	3,398,347	3,913,050	5,172,489	8,555,124	4,817,482	4,904,469
Public safety		15,718,469	18,022,164	22,629,440	19,763,162	25,232,013	31,228,430	31,805,294	31,875,860	31,947,939	32,684,377
Public works		3,699,912	4,172,779	5,204,436	2,461,385	3,178,249	4,084,447	7,348,478	10,262,008	6,348,136	8,792,358
Health and welfare		15,480,010	15,393,448	15,420,194	17,207,907	19,332,236	20,787,939	22,348,922	22,623,545	22,711,257	23,217,827
Education		67,754,666	67,303,304	79,849,425	83,475,255	91,153,455	100,518,050	104,476,013	109,314,893	108,681,711	103,576,934
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,567,054	5,392,060	5,750,397	5,042,137	5,536,680	6,602,130	6,724,890	7,753,946	7,477,447	7,191,757
Community development		14,563,492	13,577,113	15,554,887	17,297,779	19,461,447	21,825,809	25,365,417	25,515,608	30,103,606	28,360,299
Interest on long-term debt		3,924,743	4,572,113	4,730,758	5,076,267	5,012,540	5,111,066	5,206,440	5,670,737	6,037,722	5,711,478
Total governmental activities expenses	` \$	136,107,227 \$	139,510,950 \$	160,530,019 \$	165,572,256 \$	181,445,320 \$	203,826,307 \$	221,921,942 \$	233,566,814 \$	227,827,066 \$	225,256,702
Component unit activities: Albemarle County Public Schools	. ↔	105,502,307 \$	\$ 110,241,366 \$	\$ 118,073,650 \$	3 125,477,976 \$	141,983,331 \$	154,947,811 \$	163,787,439 \$	171,685,340 \$	170,027,801 \$	166,692,794
Total component unit activities expenses	. ↔	105,502,307 \$	\$ 110,241,366 \$	\$ 118,073,650 \$		\$ 141,983,331 \$	\$ 154,947,811 \$	163,787,439 \$	171,685,340 \$	170,027,801 \$	166,692,794
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:	e	242 122 ¢	20K 207 &	\$ 477 150	203 €08 €	20.601	1/1 200 €	\$ 000 700	\$ 705 7C5	\$ 660 77	27 040
Udicial administration	9		203,302		741 021		747 747	1 148 419	1 162 960		37,049
Judicial administration Public safety		1 408 219	024,373 2 015 349	084,413	721 319	844,012 1 195 111	1 460 803	637 758	477 246	1 148 738	493, 144 1 997 033
Public works		143.964	149.165	60,282	1.161,680	1,473,921	116.888	91.163	59.982	20,345	621.781
Health and welfare			31,100	36,964	30,150	1	1	'	'	•	
Education		1		1	1	12,000	•	1	1	•	1
Parks, recreation and cultural		259,309	243,808	248,991	263,401	287,448	308,022	329,600	351,174	346,209	320,996
Community development		14,152	5,235	9,595	159,897	14,694	1,371,704	1,229,831	1,362,863	1,451,072	1,662,268
Operating grants and contributions		16,470,283	16,826,848	17,278,857	18,292,882	19,689,165	19,698,269	20,613,485	19, 701, 188	20,764,266	21,963,602
Capital grants and contributions	I	180,768	126,557	267,078	8,296	71,104		587,914	470,606	207,078	282,118
Total governmental activities program revenues	↔	19,335,811 \$	20,307,819 \$	20,837,210 \$	3 21,672,244 \$	23,608,056 \$	23,737,341 \$	24,935,069 \$	23,914,235 \$	24,892,116 \$	27,377,991
Component unit activities: Albemarle County Public Schools: Charnes for services	€.	4 717 109 \$	\$ 977 876 \$	4 985 211 \$	7 381 833 \$	5 740 084 \$	5 755 930 \$	\$ 702 \$0 9	6 000 252 \$	5 972 130 \$	6.172 823
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	+		co		44,064,661		50,702,932	51,404,078 847,098	53,022,699 895,867		52,870,276 700,000
Total component unit activities program revenues	↔	40,074,215 \$	41,997,621 \$	45,092,478 \$	5 50,347,101 \$	53,199,057 \$	57,487,551 \$	58,336,903 \$	\$ 818,818 \$	62,777,182 \$	59,743,099
Net (expense) / revenue	÷	÷ \	4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	600000000000000000000000000000000000000	4 (0,000 0,0000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,0	+ (*) C L C C L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	÷ /2F0 /30 /3F/	* (000)	# (010 FCC COC)	
Governmental activities Component unit activities	~ A &	(65,428,092) \$	(68,243,745) \$	(72,981,172) \$	(10,771,410) $(177,203,131)$ $(137,092,807)$ $(143,900,111)$ $(197,831,234)$ $(105,480,260)$ $(105,480,336)$ $(107,480,336)$ $(107,480,336)$ $(107,280,413)$ $(107,280,619)$ $(107,280,619)$ $(107,280,619)$	(88,784,274) \$	(180,088,966) \$	(195,986,873) \$	(105,786,260) \$ (176,786,813) \$ (207,032,317) \$ (202,734,730) \$ (77,460,260) \$ (105,450,536) \$ (111,766,522) \$ (107,250,619) \$	(202, 934, 930) \$	(106,949,695)

Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (full accrual basis of accounti

(full accrual basis of accounting)										
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:										
General property taxes, real and personal Local sales and use taxes	\$ 68,868,584 \$	\$ 76,052,503 \$	84,349,826 \$	96,257,563 \$	107,171,539 \$	118,295,816 \$	133,597,874 \$ 13,143,851	142,649,142 \$	140,241,324 \$	136,848,200
Business License Tax	ı	,	7,717,420	7,032,311	9,463,879	9,821,591	10,515,309	9,608,468	9,367,013	9,383,798
Consumer utility taxes	•	•	6,769,416	6,993,297	7,291,340	6,117,754	9,389,438	9,051,996	9,181,669	9,171,347
Meals tax	•	•	4,098,832	4,554,989	5,049,882	5,438,399	6,059,180	5,446,576	5,389,527	5,737,476
Motor vehicle licenses taxes	•	•	2,058,847	2,092,304	2,110,732	2,293,001	3,284,383	3,534,531	3,491,779	3,538,789
Other local taxes	32,448,475	33,782,441	4,802,498	6,852,030	7,130,716	8,777,410	5,030,137	4,644,738	4,436,469	4,802,722
Unrestricted grants and contributions	14,635,827	14,760,835	14,877,134	15,668,486	16,755,870	16,275,000	15,730,484	15,603,533	15,556,934	15,691,032
Fines and forfeits	226,894	1	•		1	•	1	•	•	1
Unrestricted revenues from use										
of money and property	96,157	721,570	1,041,538	1,757,424	3,149,905	3,989,448	3,284,263	1,563,093	846,649	805,955
Investment Earnings	1,206,556	438,509	•	•	•	•		•	•	1
Miscellaneous	689'999	263,791	277,330	68,023	321,231	1,917,885	1,292,537	469,286	937,284	203,873
Total governmental activities	\$ 118,149,182 \$ 126,019,649	\$ 126,019,649 \$	137,226,928 \$	153,336,311 \$	171,755,972 \$	186,352,228 \$	201,327,456 \$	204,545,742 \$	201,071,522 \$	198,899,385
Component Unit - School Board activities:										
Payment from COA: Education	\$ 955'806'59 \$	\$ 65,330,729 \$	77,958,094 \$	79,665,814 \$	86,772,729 \$	\$ 100,495,990 \$	\$ 104,452,538 \$	109,291,418 \$	108,658,236 \$	103,554,633
Unrestricted revenues from use										
of money and property	400,000	464,051	593,110	898,312	685,750	1,189,784	1,048,805	873,647	799,208	811,439
Investment Earnings	287,334	91,754		•		•	•			1
Miscellaneous	359,858	213,708	911,823	632,146	1,814,805	906'889	2,613,064	3,144,786	2,745,318	2,862,527
Total component unit activities	\$ 66,955,748 \$	66,100,242 \$	79,463,027 \$	81,196,272 \$	89,273,284 \$	102,369,680 \$	108,114,407 \$	113,309,851 \$	112,202,762 \$	107,228,599
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	\$ 1,377,766 \$		_	9,436,299 \$	13,918,708 \$			_	(1,863,429) \$	1,020,673
Component Unit activities	1,527,656	(2,143,503)	6,481,855	6,065,397	489,010	4,909,420	2,663,871	1,543,329	4,952,143	278,904
Total reporting entity	\$ 2,905,422 \$	\$ 4,673,015 \$	4,015,974 \$	\$ 969'12'21	14,407,718 \$	11,172,682 \$	7,004,453 \$	\$ (603'295)	3,088,714 \$	1,299,577

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (full accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in Thousands)

Total	101,317	109,835	121,031	135,842	151,529	163,947	181,020	186,910	183,731	182,198
Other	2,227 \$	2,478	2,535	3,705	3,152	5,354	2,134	2,118	1,742	2,166
Seller's Tax	300 \$	355	466	222	692	564	391	358	378	347
Utlility Company Tax	\$ 009	457	307	295	216	226	223	218	217	194
Business License C Tax	6,849 \$	6,558	717,7	7,032	9,464	965'6	10,515	809'6	6,367	9,384
Record-B ation and L Wills Tax	843 \$	1,065	1,245	2,024	2,647	2,337	1,757	1,346	1,354	1,528
Bank F ranchise at Tax M	↔	277	249	271	423	522	526	909	745	761
Motor Vehicle License Fr Tax	1,787 \$	1,959	2,059	2,092	2,111	2,293	3,284	3,535	3,492	3,539
Consumer Utility Tax	6,073 \$	6,399	6,769	6,993	7,291	6,118	6,389	9,052	9,182	8,978
C Meals Tax	3,686 \$	3,929	4,099	4,555	5,050	5,438	6,059	5,447	5,390	5,737
Local sales and use Tax	8 9836	10,305	11,235	12,060	13,311	13,426	13,144	11,974	11,623	12,716
General Lo Property Tax	\$ 698'89	76,053	84,350	96,258	107,172	118,073	133,598	142,649	140,241	136,848
Fiscal F Year	2002 \$	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General fund Nonspendable	\$ 54,600 \$	58,624 \$	103,082 \$	79,634 \$	\$ 202'89	62,697 \$	60,143 \$	46,984 \$	63,614 \$	114,626
Committed	ı	ı	1		ı	•	1	•	•	715,565
Unassigned	17,641,500	18,186,784	21,592,840	21,170,165	26,777,531	19,980,629	20,425,848	19,845,193	24,556,132	31,151,374
Total general fund	\$ 17,696,100 \$ 18,245,408 \$	18,245,408 \$	21,695,922 \$	21,249,799 \$	26,846,036 \$	20,043,326 \$	20,485,991 \$	19,892,177 \$	24,619,746 \$	31,981,565
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable			÷	ŧ	•	ŧ	€	€	÷	6,7
Loair eceivable Restricted	0 1	9 1	9	9 1	? '	9 1	? '	9 1	? 1	91,400
Grant compliance	,	1	ı	1	1	•	ı	1	1	2,538,900
Debt service funds	1,540,674	2,923,459	4,682,756	3,493,340 \$	3,512,705	4,115,588	2,905,131	2,592,200	2,195,499	2,142,090
Committed										
Capital projects funds Assigned	1,947,851	1,835,677	1,460,476	•	ı	ı		•	•	10,247,313
Special revenue	•	•	1	•	1	1	1	•	•	380,375
Capital projects funds	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	8,973,148
Unreserved										
Designated										
Special revenue funds	2,476,384	2,330,012	528,210	463,907	254,568	402,257	2,931,104	3,153,769	2,997,406	•
Capital projects funds	16,320,832	27,937,654	30,605,105	30,891,451	30,433,281	33,874,290	34,348,827	35,570,507	24,803,578	
Undesignated										
Federal/state grant funds	521,197	1,079,300	1,125,173	1,350,718	913,412	1,736,611	1	1	1	1
Other governmental funds	1		•	57,785	•	•	•			•
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 22,806,938 \$ 36,106,102 \$	36,106,102 \$	38,401,720 \$	36,257,201 \$	35,113,966 \$	40,128,746 \$	40,185,062 \$	41,316,476 \$	29,996,483 \$	24,379,294

Information for 2011 has been presented in accordance with GASB 54 reporting requirements and information presented in prior years may or may not be incomformity with GASB 54.

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues		1	1					1	1	1	
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	69,503,975 \$ 32,448,475	75,809,882 \$ 33,782,441	84,779,601 \$ 36,681,100	94,192,241 \$ 39,584,815	107,248,620 \$ 44,357,427	118,073,019 \$ 45,874,079	132,709,205 \$ 47,422,298	139,304,701 \$ 44,260,688	138,373,746 \$ 43,489,331	136,906,535 45,350,325
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory						. !					
licenses		1,240,956 226 894	1,315,973	1,388,336	1,351,264	1,467,621	1,348,609	1,266,810	1,434,988	1,538,833	1,729,419 622,358
Revenue from lise of money and property		1,201,831	1,124,191	1,011,658	1,757,424	2,831,809	3,447,049	2.787.863	1,360,326	819,118	787,407
Charges for services		1,443,804	1,810,377	1,607,843	1,739,416	2,076,459	2,196,269	2,025,260	1,759,655	1,905,439	2,780,494
Miscellaneous		689'999	263,791	277,330	92,777	321,231	368,385	1,292,537	469,286	504,648	147,857
Recovered costs		1,770,335	2,246,685	1,910,031	1,697,914	2,857,739	2,479,160	623,070	398,641	399,889	1,017,954
Intergovernmental:								, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Contribution from School Board								1,549,542	1,581,73	1,569,148	2,662,976
Contribution from Crozet Crossings Trust		1	•		i		ı	ı	ı	430,800	44,559
Contribution from otner entities		- 077 040 66	- 40, 450, 66	- 020 700	- 007 001 70	- 100 003 10	- 2000 20	י רכר רטט טר	, 00, 00,	0,000 70	764,11
Commonwealth Federal		7,432,209	7,737,616	8,340,711	7,830,044	8,978,118	8,664,634	8,048,651	7,646,221	8,719,328	8,759,510
Total revenues	↔	139,789,837 \$	148,295,644 \$	160,374,064 \$	174,665,901 \$	197,980,752 \$	210,254,033 \$	227,050,068 \$	226,893,133 \$	226,037,566 \$	229,998,093
Expenditures					:		,				
General government administration	⋻	7,023,714 \$	7,046,659 \$	7,361,773 \$	8,506,348 \$	9,042,620 \$	9,901,023 \$	10,455,020 \$	10,952,609 \$	10,296,021 \$	9,913,420
Judicial administration		2,686,663	2,887,108	2,715,955	2,976,769	3,246,584	3,527,798	3,788,843	3,730,878	4,557,996	4,510,539
Public safety		15,634,642	17,370,544	18,531,893	19,799,481	24,127,796	27,320,551	29,688,777	29,270,378	28,806,876	29,455,224
Public works		2,822,578	3,140,146	3,901,613	2,735,409	3,065,474	3,643,040	4,509,755	4,777,155	4,447,556	4,220,210
Health and welfare		16,410,516	16,412,425	16,528,022	18,511,080	19,835,619	20,299,219	22,245,602	22,558,259	22,284,455	22,754,657
Education - local community college		22,060	22,060	22,060	22,060	22,060	22,060	23,475	23,475	23,475	22,301
Education - public school system		83,046,054	73,570,779	76,688,806	85,139,231	89,091,342	106,732,246	109,404,047	127,316,033	99,229,649	105,286,652
Education - trust funds		•				•	•	1	•		150,000
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,248,468	4,365,255	4,394,510	4,847,788	5,180,150	5,683,544	6,027,268	6,195,812	6,188,316	6,173,877
Community development		12,651,296	13,466,710	14,841,912	17,065,453	18,755,966	19,915,541	23,544,066	24,086,051	28,708,370	27,724,882
Contingencies		1	1		1	•		1	1	•	594,970
Capital outlay Debt carvica		6,486,425	12,316,768	11,621,390	13,548,191	13,462,495	12,360,818	14,219,764	16,381,449	9,868,170	8,579,656
Principal		5.730.300	6,723,740	7.422.258	8,074,521	8,400,199	8.732.263	9.320.036	9,876,961	11,554,226	10,705,633
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,450,294	4,550,555	4,808,073	5,018,321	5,150,604	5,046,408	5,393,921	5,517,350	6,664,880	6,070,159
Total expenditures	↔	160,213,010 \$	161,872,749 \$	168,838,265 \$	186,244,652 \$	\$ 606'380'661	223,184,511 \$	238,620,574 \$	260,686,410 \$	232,629,990 \$	236,162,180
Excess of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	↔	(20,423,173) \$	(13,577,105) \$	(8,464,201) \$	(11,578,751) \$	(1,400,157) \$	(12,930,478) \$	(11,570,506) \$	(33,793,277) \$	(6,592,424) \$	(6,164,087)
Other financing sources (uses)	•			1		0 0 0					1
Transfers In Transfers out	A	(26,178,315)	(20,845,312 \$	(25,851,335)	(29, 473, 250)	30,048,459 \$	36,409,841 \$	30, 105, 759 \$	(28,616,759)	(23,343,663)	20,905,307
Transfers in (from component unit)		(2.2/2/2)	(1.0/0.0/0.1)	(000/100/04)	(2021)	-	(1000000)	-	(100/00/00)	(200/200/200)	-
Transfers out (to component unit)		•	•	•	,			,	•		,
Bonds issued		20,330,000	27,090,000	6,760,000	8,950,000	7,380,000	15,020,000	11,325,000	34,886,021	•	7,670,000
Premium on bonds issued		426,771	335,577		680,627	412,274	446,818	908,650	725,039	•	238,717
Capital leases		ı	1		1	1	1	1	i	1	1
capital leases - participating jurisdictions		- 1	1	3,450,300	- 1	- 1		- 1	- 1		
Total other financing sources (uses)	↔	20,756,771 \$	27,425,577 \$	14,210,333 \$	8,988,109 \$	7,853,159 \$	15,273,018 \$	11,851,450 \$	35,565,060 \$	\$	7,908,717
Net change in fund balances	↔	333,598 \$	13,848,472 \$	5,746,132 \$	(2,590,642) \$	6,453,002 \$	2,342,540 \$	280,944 \$	1,771,783 \$	(6,592,424) \$	1,744,630
Debt service as a percentage of											•
noncapital expenditures	ļ	5.73%	96.9	7.24%	7.03%	%08.9	6.17%	6.33%	6.21%	7.96%	7.27%

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

y12 \$ 7,816,164 ,342 8,699,712 ,328 9,761,587 ,984 11,123,353 ,833 12,742,739 ,405 14,781,311 ,870 16,700,290	Service 257,91 218,34 261,32 196,98		\$ 4.28 \$ 4.28 4.28	\$ 4.28 \$ 4.28 4.28 4.28
257,912 \$ 7,816,1 218,342 8,699,7 261,328 9,761,55 196,984 11,123,3 272,833 12,742,7 210,405 14,781,3 297,870 16,700,2	∨	4.28 4.28 4.28 4.28	\$	\$ 650,844 \$ 4 667,234 4 725,341 4
		4.28 4.28 4.28	4 4 4	667,234 4 725,341 4 722,576 4
		4.28	7 '	725,341 722,576
		4.28	•	722,576
			•	
		4.28	791,814 4.28	7
		4.28	925,026 4.28	
		4.28	862,821 4.28	862,821
126,801 16,621,407		4.28	873, 464 4.28	873,464
452,388 16,627,433		4.28	834,748 4.28	834,748
		4.28	852,033 4.28	7

⁽¹⁾ Estimated actual value of real estate and public service corporation property is based on sales ratio percentages for the corresponding tax years as computed by the Virginia Department of Taxation.

⁽²⁾ Personal property includes personal property, business personal property, machinery/tools, and mobile homes

⁽³⁾ Personal property, machinery and tools, and public service is assessed at 100% fair market value

⁽⁴⁾ Real estate net of exemptions for land use deferral and tax relief for the elderly/disabled

Property Tax Rates (1) (2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

vice	Personal	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28
Public Service	ı	↔									
Puk	Real	97./91.	.76/.76	.76/.76	.76/.74	.747.74	.747.68	.68/.71	.71/.742	.742/.742	.742/.742
ļ		↔									
	Personal Property (3)	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28	4.28/4.28
	1	\$									
	Real Property (3)	97./91.	97./91.	91./91.	.76/.74	.747.74	.747.68	.68/.71	.71/.742	.742/.742	.742/.742
		↔									
	Fiscal Years	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value

(2) Includes 1st Half Rate/2nd Half Rate

(3) Mobile homes taxed as personal property using the Real Estate tax rate

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior (3)

			Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2011			Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2002	
			2011		% of Total		2002		% of Total
	Туре		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Business	 	Valuation (1)	Rank	Valuation	-	Valuation (2)	Rank	Valuation
University Real Estate Foundation	Office Park	↔	280,262	-	1.71%	↔	106,637	_	1.36%
Martha Jefferson Hospital	Medical - Private		132,680	2	0.81%				
Wendell W. Wood	Developer		125,035	3	0.76%				
Westminister - Canterbury	Retirement Village		108,796	4	0.67%		29,812	9	0.38%
Charles W. Hurt	Developer		94,969	2	0.58%		55,604	2	0.71%
Charles Rotgin Jr.	Developer		79,130	9	0.48%				•
Shopping Center Associates	Shopping Mall		75,780	7	0.46%		37,796	3	0.48%
March Mountain Properties, LLC	Developer		67,465	œ	0.41%				
Robert M. Hauser	Developer		61,646	6	0.38%				
University Real Estate Foundation	Retirement Village		48,528	10	0.30%		28,850	7	0.37%
Glenmore Associates	Developer						30,432	4	0.39%
Keswick Corporation	Developer						29,938	2	0.38%
First Interstate - Charlottesville	Shopping Mall						22,178	œ	0.28%
University of Virginia Host Properties	Hotel and Sports Club						21,892	6	0.28%
State Farm Insurance Company	Insurance						21,577	10	0.28%
		↔	1,074,291		6.57%	↔	384,716		4.92%

(1) Based on January 1, 2011 real estate tax assessment records

(3) Amounts expressed in thousands

⁽²⁾ Based on January 1, 2002 real estate tax assessment records

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

ns to Date	Percentage	of Levy	%18.66	%98.66	66.85%	99.81%	%01.66	99.57%	99.21%	%07.86	97.31%	94.41%
Total Collections to Date		Amount	82,816,356	90,098,260	100,139,264	107,849,761	121,236,762	132,381,762	145,050,715	149,610,061	146,981,683	140,932,395
	l	ļ	↔									
Collections in	Subsequent	Years (2,3)	3,450,854	2,508,343	5,111,014	4,235,135	4,409,351	6,013,635	5,424,591	5,768,929	5,312,070	1
the Fiscal	Percentage	of Levy	95.71% \$	97.08%	94.75%	62.90%	%80.96	95.04%	95.50%	94.89%	93.79%	94.41%
vithin the Le		l I	↔									
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy (2,3)		Amount	79,365,502	87,589,917	95,028,250	103,614,626	116,827,411	126,368,127	139,626,124	143,841,132	141,669,613	140,932,395
		l	↔									
Total Tax	Levy for	Fiscal Year (1)	82,922,837	90,220,820	100,293,625	108,050,010	121,597,994	132,958,629	146,208,175	151,579,976	151,047,966	149,277,570
		- I 	↔									
	Fiscal	Year	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

(1) Net of Land Use and Tax Relief

(2) The Commonwealth of Virginia assumed a portion of the County's personal property taxes.

The amounts reimbursed to the County are as follows:

13,071,144	13,365,836	13,128,885	14,183,262
2002	2003	2004	2005

(3) Beginning in tax year 2006 the Commonwealth of Virginia capped the amount of Personal Property Tax Relief received by localities. The amount approved for Albemarle County is \$14,960,670.

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita (1)	928	1,156	1,228	1,225	1,193	1,242	1,255	1,519	1,374	1,341
	Percentage	of Personal	Income (1)	1.86% \$	2.30%	2.37%	2.23%	2.12%	2.15%	2.10%	2.35%	2.04%	2.01%
	Total	Outstanding	Debt	79,527,347	69,893,607	107,341,806	108,779,819	107,986,744	114,510,774	116,880,090	142,309,679	130,424,467	127,317,071
Component Unit	VRS	Early	Retirement	624,445 \$	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1		1
	Other	Notes/	Bonds	130,028 \$	72,991	9,826	1	,	,	,	6,841,021	6,316,772	5,909,892
		Capital	Leases	⇔ '	190,000	6,855,665	6,206,827	5,536,628	4,844,365	4,129,311	3,432,350	2,712,373	1,968,620
Activities	Literary	Fund	Loans	1,377,874 \$	1,090,616	820,858	000'009	400,000	200,000	100,000	ı	1	1
Governmental A	Unamortized	Bond	Premium	⇔	•	1,110,457	1,672,992	1,900,116	2,136,409	2,500,779	2,921,308	2,590,322	2,518,559
	Pub. Facility	Revenue	Bonds	\$	18,535,000	17,835,000	17,135,000	16,420,000	15,690,000	14,945,000	14,180,000	13,395,000	12,585,000
	General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 000'362'72	80,005,000	80,710,000	83,165,000	83,730,000	91,640,000	95,205,000	114,935,000	105,410,000	104,335,000
	1	Fiscal	Years	2002 \$	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

Percentage of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)	977	/39 901	1,122	1,111	1,167	1,184	1,378	1,252	1,181
Net General Bonded Debt as % of Assessed Value	\$ %96.0	0.82% 0.90%	0.98%	%98.0	%62.0	0.71%	0.83%	0.77%	0.78%
Net Bonded Debt (2)	66,500,740	63,893,482 78,772,874	99,630,616	100,550,000	107,530,000	110,250,000	129,115,000	118,805,000	116,920,000
Real Estate Assessed Value	6,907,407,590 \$	7,814,136,074 8,774,918,584	10,203,793,403	11,678,092,123	13,645,880,049	15,539,599,011	15,621,141,927	15,340,297,091	15,081,811,427
	\$								
Fiscal Year	2002	2003 2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

(1) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

(2) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and literary fund loans only.

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt limit	\$ 690,740,759 \$	781,413,607 \$	877,491,858 \$	1,020,379,340 \$	1,167,809,212 \$	1,364,588,005 \$	1,553,959,901 \$	1,562,114,193 \$	\$ 690,740,759 \$ 781,413,607 \$ 877,491,858 \$ 1,020,379,340 \$ 1,167,809,212 \$ 1,364,588,005 \$ 1,553,959,901 \$ 1,562,114,193 \$ 1,534,029,709 \$ 1,508,181,143	1,508,181,143
Total net debt applicable to limit		66,500,740 63,893,482 78,772,874	78,772,874	99,630,616	100,550,000	107,530,000	110,250,000	129,115,000	118,805,000	116,920,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 624,240,019 \$	717,520,125 \$	798,718,984 \$	920,748,724 \$	1,067,259,212 \$	1,257,058,005 \$	1,443,709,901 \$	1,432,999,193 \$	\$ 624,240,019 \$ 717,520,125 \$ 798,718,984 \$ 920,748,724 \$ 1,067,259,212 \$ 1,257,058,005 \$ 1,443,709,901 \$ 1,432,999,193 \$ 1,415,224,709 \$ 1,391,261,143	1,391,261,143
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	mit 9.63%	8.18%	8.98%	6.76%	8.61%	7.88%	%60. <i>L</i>	8.27%	7.74%	7.75%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2011

Assessed value	\$ 15,081,811,427
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	\$ 1,508,181,143
Net debt applicable to limit	116,920,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,391,261,143

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

yment (4)	2.2%	2.9%	2.2%	2.6%	2.3%	2.5%	3.3%	2.8%	5.8%	5.1%
Unemployment Rate (4)										
School Enrollment (3)	12,140	12,287	12,356	12,378	12,446	12,491	12,531	12,742	12,914	12,800
Median Age (1)	37.4	37.4	37.4	37.4	36.0	35.9	36.2	36.2	37.4	37.4
Per Capita Personal Income (2)(5)	33,859	34,015	35,343	37,638	36,909	38,845	41,709	45,275	46,969	46,163
Personal Income (2)(5)	4,278,750,000 \$	4,334,369,000	4,535,348,000	4,884,039,000	5,082,982,000	5,337,131,100	5,554,915,000	6,059,782,000	6,383,281,000	6,330,202,000
Population (1)	85,672 \$	86,408	87,404	88,826	90,484	92,180	93,117	899'866	94,908	04,970
Fiscal Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

(1) U.S. Census Bureau (estimates based on July 1)

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis (estimates based on prior calendar year)

(3) Albemarle County Public Schools

(4) Virginia Employment Commission

(5) Includes the City of Charlottesville

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Table 14

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Employer		Employees	Rank	Employees
University of Virginia/Blue Ridge Hospital	-	1,000 +	-	1,000 +
County of Albemarle 2	2	1,000 +	2	1,000 +
UVA Health Services Foundation 3	3	1,000 +	3	1,000 +
State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance 4	4	1,000 +	4	500 to 999
Northrup Grumman Corporation 5	5	500 to 999	2	500 to 999
U.S. Department of Defense 6	6 5	500 to 999		
Wal Mart 7	7	250 to 499		
Piedmont Virginia Community College	8 2	250 to 499	8	250 to 499
State Farm Fire and Casualty Insurance 9	9 2	250 to 499		
Crutchfield Corporation 10	10 2	250 to 499	7	250 to 499
GE Fanuc Automation Manufacturing			9	250 to 499
Boar's Head Inn			6	250 to 499
Farmington Country Club			10	250 to 499

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Full-time Equivalent County Government Authorized Positions by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government										
Administration										
Board of Supervisors	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0
County Executive (3)	10.5	12.0	13.0	13.5	13.5	14.5	14.0	11.5	11.5	7.0
Human Resources	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
County Attorney	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Finance (3)	52.0	52.0	50.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	53.5	53.5	49.8
Management & Budget (4)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5
Information Technology	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	21.0
Board of Elections (Registrar)	4.6	4.6	4.6	9.6	5.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	5.6
Judicial										
Circuit Court	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Clerk of the Circuit Court	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	10.0	10.0
Commonwealth's Attorney	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Sheriff	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	23.0	23.0		23.0	23.0	23.0
Public safety										
Police	129.5	131.5	132.0	136.0	140.0	147.5		151.5	152.0	147.5
Fire/Rescue	32.0	38.0	41.0	49.0	53.0	75.0		80.0	80.0	80.0
General Services (1)										
General Services	17.8	18.8	27.8	27.8	34.8		30.5	30.5	30.7	21.6
Facilities Development (2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			8.0	10.0	10.0
Human Development										
Social Services	88.0	88.1	87.1	9.06	91.6		97.2	98.2	104.2	103.2
Bright Stars	12.0	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4			19.5	18.5	18.5
Parks, Recreation, and Culture										
Parks and Recreation	16.0	16.0	16.0	18.0	18.0			19.0	19.0	17.0
Towe Park	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0			3.0	3.0	3.0
Community Development (1)										
Community Development	83.5	85.5	0.08	81.0	81.0			84.0	83.0	29.0
Housing	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	8.0			7.0	7.0	7.0
Soil and Water Conservation	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0
Totals	527.9	543.4	549.4	571.4	588.4	640.6	648.8	652.8	658.0	609.7
							ļ			

⁽¹⁾ Reorganization of General Services and Community Development in FY 02/03 and 03/04

⁽²⁾ Reorganization of General Services; New Department Formed in FY 06/07

⁽³⁾ Management & Budget relocated from County Executive to Finance FY 09/10

⁽⁴⁾ Management & Budget relocated from Finance to Independent Office FY 10/11

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public safety Police department:										
Physical arrests	4,008	3,517	3,479	3,440	3,873	3,904	4,180	2,282	2,607	2,495
Traffic violations	7,176	6,481	7,344	7,363	7,573	608'6	11,412	13,373	13,454	13,779
Fire and rescue: Number of calls answered	5,819	7,602	9,450	11,656	12,672	12,232	12,364	12,370	12,680	13,127
Zoning & Current development										
New residential construction (unit #)	464	699	236	581	734	513	741	403	313	357
New commercial construction (unit #)	41	44	37	52	88	22	53	45	48	53
Health and welfare										
Department of Social Services: Caseload	N/A	A/N	A/N	N/A	8,125	10.533	12.348	12,636	14,619	18,188
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Middle school sports program participants	829	892	735	843	943	1,014	896	1,008	929	1,160
Fee based classes/camps	2,985	2,453	2,530	2,672	2,731	2,705	2,677	2,629	1,971	1,698
Summer playground program	678	649	552	583	265	478	447	465	504	411
Men's Basketball	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	320
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:	77	10, 707	17 254	17 270	10 446	107 01	10 501	77.74	1,001	12 000
Number of central office instructors (1)	7 - 7	- 12,207		- 12,310	- 14,0	- 74,2	- 20,72	- 147	+ - 2 ' 2	35
Number of elementary instructors	474	474	459	479	488	495	501	496	518	545
Number of secondary instructors	531	531	542	546	553	547	549	553	551	578

Source: Individual county departments

(1) New indicator for FY 10/11

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government Administration vehicles	ω	6	7	- ∞	8	_	- ∞	_	∞	6
Judicial Sherriff's department patrol units	24	25	24	24	30	29	31	33	31	33
Public safety Police department patrol units	134	151	153	151	150	155	162	167	177	180
Fire/Rescue department vehicles	20	23	21	27	31	34	39	34	35	36
Building codes:										
Inspections vehicles	7	7	12	12	12	12	13	13	12	12
Planning	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Zoning vehicles	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	4	3
Public works										
Engineering vehicles (2)	12	13	6	က	•	•	•	•	•	•
General Services:										
General maintenance vehicles	_	_	_	80	15	10	12	12	=======================================	12
Facilities Development (2)	1	٠	٠	٠	٠	4	2	2	2	5
Pool vehicles	6	80	8	8	6	10	10		1	10
Health and welfare										
Social Services vehicles	16	17	17	17	16	16	18	18	18	18
Parks and recreation										
Community centers	8	33	3	3	3	3	3	33	33	3
Vehicles	24	25	28	29	32	34	33	33	32	27
Parks (1)	33	33	34	34	34	34	34	36	36	36
Parks acreage (1)	2,815	2,905	2,905	2,905	2,905	2,967	2,967	4,034	4,034	4,034
Tennis courts	34	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Community development										
Housing vehicles	_	—	_	-	7	2	2	2	2	2
Course transfer to the second contract of the										

Source: Individual county departments

(2) Reorganization of Engineering, General services, and Community development

⁽¹⁾ Includes schools which serve as community and district parks

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County of Albemarle, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Albemarle, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, in a separate letter dated December 5, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charlottesville, Virginia December 5, 2011

Roberson, Comen, Cox associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Albemarle, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the County of Albemarle, Virginia's Compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The County of Albemarle, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Albemarle, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Albemarle, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Albemarle, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Albemarle, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Albemarle, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Albemarle, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

<u>Internal Control Over Compliance: (Continued)</u>

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roberts Tomen, Cox aliso cutes Charlottesville, Virginia

December 5, 2011

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Primary Government:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
SNAP Cluster:			
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition	10 F/1	0010110	¢ 20 E00
Assistance Program State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition	10.561	0010110	\$ 28,500
Assistance Program	10.561	0010110	870,617 899,117
Assistance i rogi ani	10.001	0010110	070,017
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 899,117
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
CCDF Cluster:			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770110	\$ 442,481
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760111	281,127
ARRA - Child Care and Development Block Grant Total CCDF Cluster	93.713	0770110	57,639
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100111	\$ 803,056
ARRA - Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100111	24,622 827,678
Author Foster oure Title IV E	73.030	1100111	24,022 027,070
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120111	\$ 476,220
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120111	31,998 508,218
Total Adoption Assistance			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950110	3,476
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400111	522,287
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500111	6,155
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600411	21,966
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160110	20,184
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645	0900110	2,759
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000111	364,121
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150110	19,767
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.767	0540111	23,949
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200111	528,338
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 3,630,145
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Direct Payments:			
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	N/A	\$ 3,242,792
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grant/States' Program and Non-Entitlement Grants	14.228	53305-50798	61,511
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$ 3,304,303
Department of the Interior:			
Direct Payments:			
Bureau of Land Management:			
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	N/A	\$ 35,335

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

	Federal	Pass-Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	CFDA Number	Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Primary Government: (Continued)			
Department of Justice:			
Direct Payments: Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	N/A	\$ 133,015
Pass Through Payments:	10.710	IN/ A	ψ 133,013
Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant	16.523	39001-57700	17,202
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States	16.540	39001-57000 39001-67000 39001-67703	102,175
Missing Children's Assistance	16.543	N/A	32,221
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	39001-46000	63,140
		39001-66000	
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant Program	16.579	39001-61011	3,490
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A	35,373
Bulletproof Vest Pertnership Program Asset forfeiture	16.607 16.000	N/A N/A	15,827 3,825
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	N/A N/A	8,452
	10.505	IV A	
Total Department of Justice			\$ 414,720
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Highway Safety Cluster:			
State and Community Highway Safety Program	20.600	60507-50212 60507-50292 60507-59101	\$ 6,117
Safety Incentives to Prevent Operation of Motor Vehicles by Intoxicated Persons	20.605	60507-50102 45504-52273	9,600
Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.003	45504-52275	\$ 15,717
ARRA Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A	\$ 13,056
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-11-51263 154AL-11-51211	46,323
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 75,096
Department of Energy: Direct Payments:			
ARRA Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program	81.128	N/A	\$ 128,420
Federal Emergency Management Agency: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Services:			
Staffing for adequate fire and emergency response (SAFER)	97.083	N/A	\$ 188,389
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	N/A	16,785
State Homeland Security Program (SHSP)	97.073	N/A	67,200
Emergency Management Preparedness Grant	97.042		
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 272,374
Component Unit - School Board: Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: State Department of Agriculture:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10 555	N1 / A	ф <u>207.000</u>
Food Distribution National School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553	N/A 17901-40591	\$ 326,839 388,537
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623	1,468,515
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$ 2,183,891
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	17901-40599	25,927
Total Department of Agriculture	.0.002		\$ 2,209,818

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)			
Department of Energy:			
Direct Payments:			
ARRA Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Technology Deployment,			
Demonstration and Commercialization	81.129	N/A	\$ 28,835
Federal Emergency Management Agency:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	N/A	\$15,617
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	\$ 8,348
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$ 1,305,071
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	17901-42913	541,456
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			\$ 1,846,527
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071	\$ 2,642,918
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States	84.391	17901-61245	1,434,132
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521	67,210
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.392	17901-61247	54,746
Total Special Education Cluster			\$ 4,199,006
Educational Technology State Grants Cluster:			
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	17901-61600	\$ 12,278
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	84.386	17901-60897	11,189
Total Educational Technology State Grants Cluster			\$ 23,467
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	17901-42801	196,703
		17901-61380	
Migrant Education-State Grant Program	84.011	17901-42910	86,547
School Improvement Grants	84.377	17901-43040	4,063
Migrant Education Coordination Program	84.144	17901-61399	31,439
Safe and drug-free Schools and Communities - National Program	84.184	Q184L090484	1,420,851
Safe and drug-free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	17901-60511	19,337
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	17901-42940	64,737
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480	424,829
English Language Acquisition Grants Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.365 84.287	17901-60512 17901-60565	101,552 194,811
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds (SFSF), Education State Grants	84.394	17901-62532	915,901
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095	122,250
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	17901-62700	627,597
Total Department of Education			\$ 10,279,617
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 21,301,745
. Stat. Exponential 65 of Foundational and			21/001/140

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Albemarle, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the reporting requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the County of Albemarle, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: 4,612,643 General Fund \$ General Capital Improvements 13,056 Federal/State Grants Fund 4,133,811 8,759,510 Total primary government Component Unit Public Schools: School Operating Fund 10,358,344 School Food Services Fund 2,183,891 Total component unit public schools 12,542,235 Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements 21,301,745 Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 21,301,745

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
--------	------------------------------------

14.871	Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program
16.710	Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants
84.010 / 84.389	Title I, Part A Cluster
84.027 / 84.173 / 84.391 / 84.392	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)
84.394	ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Education State Grants
84.410	Education Jobs Fund
93.575 / 93.596 / 93.713	CCDF Cluster
93.658	AARA - Foster Care
93.658	Foster Care

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs. \$639,052

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Financial Statement Findings - Prior Year

There are no financial statement findings from the prior year.

